World's Smallest
Pax
Yamato Camera Industry Co., Ltd.

The Japan Times
'All the News Without Fear or Favor'

Cultured Pearls
KITAMURA PEARLS

64th Year No. 22,136 © The Japan Times 1960 SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1960 LATE CITY EDITION ★ ★ 12 Yen

Japan Cops Three Gold Medals

U.S. Restricts K'chev's Stay To Manhattan

UNITED NATIONS (UPI)—The United States Saturday restricted Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev to Manhattan during his visit to the United Nations General Assembly beginning Sept. 20.

Kyodo-Tass Radiophoto
Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev waves from the deck of the Soviet liner Baltika which left Kaliningrad for New York Friday.

The U.S. mission announced here that Khrushchev had been informed of the restriction in an aide memoire from the State Department.

It requested the Soviet leader to "reside in the closest convenient proximity to the headquarters of the United Nations" during his expected 10-day New York stay. He is expected to arrive on the Soviet liner Baltika Sept. 19.

It was one of the most stringent travel restrictions ever applied to a delegate to the United Nations and was the closest the U.S. State Department could come to informing Khrushchev he was unwelcome in the United States.

The United States cannot prevent foreign delegates from attending the United Nations sessions in New York and could not tell Khrushchev to stay home, as he told President Dwight D. Eisenhower last May 16 in Paris at the abortive summit conference.

U.N. territory is extraterritorial.

The restriction meant Khrushchev could not even visit the Russian's country place at Glen Cove, on Long Island but would have to stay on 22.3-square-mile Manhattan Island when he disembarks from the 7,500-ton Baltika.

Khrushchev sailed Friday in the Baltika from the Baltic port of Kaliningrad (formerly Koenigsberg) to attend the 15th session of the General Assembly.

With him were some of communism's most diehard leaders—Janos Kadar of Hungary, Georghe Gheorghiu-Dej of Romania and Todor Zhkov of Bulgaria. They were making their first visits to the United States—also uninvited.

Erhard Asks Boycott by Businessmen

WEST BERLIN (AP)—Acting Chancellor Ludwig Erhard appealed Saturday to West German businessmen for a voluntary boycott on trade with the Communist East.

He proposed this as a Western reprisal against the Communist squeeze on Berlin. He declared the squeeze was not only against the isolated city and West Germany but against world freedom.

Speaking at the opening of the German Industrial Fair, he said the Communist regime of East Germany was trying to drive a wedge between West German businessmen and their Government.

He appealed for moral resistance to this effort.

The Communists offered special permits to allow businessmen to go to the East sector of Berlin, barred to West Germans in general.

"I believe the West German businessmen will make no use of these dirty papers," Erhard said.

He said that in West Germany, there was no court that could condemn people who accepted the Communist invitations.

"But the verdict will be spoken by the German citizen who cannot understand how people continue to trade with the East at this time," he declared.

74 Casualties Hit Algerian Rebels

ALGIERS (UPI)—French Army headquarters Friday night listed 74 Algerian rebels killed, wounded or taken prisoner after an overnight battle around a mountainous rebel strong point 12 miles southwest of Khenchela.

Dr. Yu Named Chief Delegate

SEOUL (AP)—A realiable Foreign Ministry source reported Saturday Dr. Yu Chin O, president of Korea University, has been tentatively named as South Korea's chief delegate to the Japan-Korea normalization talks to be resumed in Tokyo in October.

Dr. Yu, 54, is a legal expert and has served as delegate on many previous Japan-Korea normalization talks. In the last meeting he was Korea's senior delegate to the committee on legal status of Korean residents.

The same source said besides Dr. Yu and Minister Ea Chai Hang at the Korean Mission in Tokyo, another expert on international relations has been tentatively selected as delegate to the talks, but his name was not available.

West Restricts Travel From East Germany

LONDON (UPI)—The Western allies struck back at Communist East Germany Saturday and imposed severe counter-restrictions on East Germans wishing to travel to the West, authoritative sources reported in London.

The sources said the West had stopped granting transit visas for East Germans who want to travel outside the Iron Curtain. The measure was in direct retaliation against the East German regime's latest restrictions on access to West Berlin.

The development was foreshadowed by the allies Friday when they warned the Soviet Union they would take all steps necessary to end the regulations imposed by East Germany in violation of four-power agreements on Berlin.

The counterrestrictions, effective Saturday, came as East German border police began slowing truck traffic to Berlin by making some truck drivers stop and unload their trucks for inspection. The Communists said they were looking for "propaganda material."

Authoritative diplomatic sources in London said no new travel documents have been issued to East Germans as of Saturday. New restrictions were expected but nothing was announced.

It was clear the West was reserving the right to further action to meet the new Communist challenge in the divided city, a Western outpost 110 miles inside Communist East Germany.

The West took its new step after a strong protest Friday night to Maj. Gen. N. F. Zaharov, Berlin's Soviet commandant, that warned of the threat to peace by the latest Communist provocations.

Britain Friday formally termed the East German restrictions in Berlin "flagrantly illegal." And Saturday Western government sources left no doubt they considered the Berlin situation serious.

Russia's attitude in this latest trouble in Berlin was unclear thus far.

Ceasefire In Effect Along Border Of Katanga

LEOPOLDVILLE (UPI)—The United Nations announced Saturday that a ceasefire has gone into effect along the borders of secessionist Katanga Province and has been accepted by the Congolese national army.

The U.N. said it will send a truce supervision team into the area Sunday.

At the same time, it began paying off Congolese troops at the big Camp Leopold II outside Leopoldville.

An angered Premier Patrice Lumumba, claiming U.N. interference in the Congo, immediately demanded that African nations "put their troops on their side."

In an impassioned appeal to African ambassadors and the press, he said, "We ask the African peoples to proclaim themselves. Either they are for the Congolese people or against the Congolese people."

President Moise Tshombe of secessionist Katanga province meanwhile appealed to all African nations to sponsor a conference of Congolese leaders to set up a Congo federation and end anarchy and bloodshed.

Tshombe, a sworn enemy of Premier Lumumba, acted as other foes of the Premier threatened a general strike and street demonstrations in Leopoldville in hopes of precipitating a showdown between Lumumba and President Joseph Kasavubu.

Sources close to Tshombe said he was preparing to back his appeals to Congolese leaders by sending a political mission to Brazzaville, across the river from Leopoldville, to open full negotiations with Kasavubu and that he was expected to ask United Nations Secretary General Dag Hammarskjoid for U.N. support of the conference.

Lumumba, in another vitriolic attack against the U.N., demanded Saturday that the Security Council pass no more resolutions "interfering" in the Congo when it met in emergency session Saturday afternoon.

In Leopoldville Lumumba's foes scheduled a show of strength against him. The opposition groups included Kasavubu's Abako Party, Jean Bolikango's Puna Party and a dissident faction of Lumumba's own MNC Party led by Albert Kalonji.

MacArthur in D.C. For Consultation

WASHINGTON (AP)—Douglas MacArthur II, U.S. ambassador to Japan, returned here Friday for consultations with Secretary of State Christian A. Herter and to take part Monday in a meeting with Japan's Foreign Minister Zentaro Kosaka.

It was the ambassador's first return here since last January when the new U.S.-Japan Security Treaty was signed at the White House.

U.S. State Department officials said MacArthur's return at this time was strictly business and not a home leave.

Another Typhoon May Hit Next Week

Another typhoon may hit Japan around Sept. 20, the Meteorological Agency warned yesterday.

Five typhoons landed or sideswiped Japan last month, causing many deaths and extensive damage to farmland.

The agency in its long-range weather forecast yesterday said rainy weather was likely to prevail during the greater part of this month, especially toward the end.

LATE NEWS

BELGRADE (UPI)—Yugoslav President Marshal Tito will lead his country's delegation to the United Nations General Assembly this month, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug announced Saturday.

SEATTLE, Wash. (UPI)—One of the sharpest earthquakes in several years shook the Puget Sound area at 7:06 a.m. PST Saturday (12:06 Sunday JST) but no damage was reported. Prof. Frank Neumann, University of Washington seismologist, said the temblor registered five on the Mercalli scale of seven.

AP Radiophoto
Sixty-nine runners from 38 nations took off at 5:30 p.m. Saturday (1:30 a.m. Sunday, JST) on the 42-kilometer marathon, the last track and field event of the 1960 Olympics.

D.C., Ottawa on Itinerary

Kosaka Departs For U.N. Session

Foreign Minister Zentaro Kosaka left Tokyo last night for the United States to attend the United Nations General Assembly and to meet American and Canadian leaders in Washington and Ottawa.

The Japan Air Lines plane carrying the foreign minister and his party left Tokyo International Airport at 7:01 p.m.

Prior to his departure, Kosaka told the press at the airport that he would do his best to deepen American understanding of Japan and restore Japan's prestige in the U.S.

"For this purpose," he said, "I as the first Japanese Government representative to visit the U.S. since the cancellation of President Dwight D. Eisenhower's visit to Japan, will explain fully the subsequent situation in Japan to U.S. Government leaders."

He said he would stress Japan's peaceful diplomacy in his meeting with Canadian Prime Minister John G. Diefenbaker.

In his speech before the U.N. General Assembly, he said he would dwell at length upon Japan's U.N.-first peaceful foreign policy.

Kosaka was seen off by Chief Cabinet Secretary Masayoshi Ohira, Liberal-Democratic Party Secretary General Shuji Masutani and the foreign diplomatic corps including U.S. Minister William Leonhart.

Kosaka is scheduled to confer with U.S. Secretary of State Christian A. Herter and Undersecretary of State C. Douglas Dillon tomorrow. He will visit Ottawa Wednesday.

The foreign minister will return to New York Sept. 19 to attend the 15th General Assembly opening Sept. 20. Kosaka is to address the General Assembly Sept. 22.

Kosaka is scheduled to return to Tokyo Sept. 28.

Accompanying Kosaka on the trip were Shinichi Kondo, director of the Foreign Office Public Information and Cultural Affairs Bureau; Hiroto Tanaka, counselor in the Foreign Office American Affairs Bureau; George Shimanouchi, counselor in the Public Information and Cultural Affairs Bureau, and Okinori Kaya, Kosaka's secretary.

DSP Reveals Fiscal 1961 Budget Plan

The Democratic Socialist Party yesterday announced an outline of its national budget plan for fiscal 1961, featured by a ¥120,000 million tax reduction and curtailment of the Self-Defence Force personnel.

The plan is to be submitted to the next ordinary Diet session in January as the party's amendment motion to the Government's budget bill.

It will also be, in effect, part of the party's election platform for the next general election expected to be held in November.

The party said that its national budget bill would total ¥1,870,000 million, with the economic growth rate for the next fiscal year estimated at 8 to 9 per cent.

The budget plan is based on the party's plan of expanding the nation's middle class, correcting the imbalance in individual incomes, and the full acceptance of the National Personnel Authority's recommendation for raising the wages of public service workers.

The announcement criticized the Liberal-Democratic Party's new policies as accelerating the "overheating" of the economy through irresponsible expansion of public investments.

Japan Socialists Arrive in Belgrade

BELGRADE (AP)—A delegation of the Japan Socialist Party arrived for a week's visit here as guest of the Yugoslav Socialist Alliance — a Communist-dominated mass organization.

Hammarskjold Reports:

Chaos in Congo Prompted U.N. to Act on Its Own

UNITED NATIONS (UPI)—Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold said Friday night that lack of responsible officials in the Congo led the United Nation sto act on its own in closing down Leopoldville radio and taking over the country's airfields.

Hammarskjold, in a report to a crisis session of the Security Council, painted a picture of chaos in the Congo resulting from the political struggle between Premier Patrice Lumumba and President Joseph Kasavubu.

He said Congolese troops had broken away from their command and he described their action in slaughtering rival Baluba tribesmen in Kasai Province as having "the characteristics of the crime of genocide."

Hammarskjold criticized Belgium directly for aiding the rebel forces of Moise Tshombe in Katanga Province.

Without a direct mention of its name, he also denounced Russia for its "technical assistance" to the central Congolese Government. Such assistance from an independent power, he said, should be channelled through the United Nations.

Hammarskjold labelled as misleading reports that Guinea threatened to pull its contingent out of the U.N. force in the Congo and put it at the disposal of Lumumba's government. In that event, he said, the force would be considered foreign troops intervening in the country's affairs.

"I believe that the Security Council has now come to a point where it must take a clear line as regards all assistance to the Congo," he said.

" . . . I have wished . . . to bring the debate one step closer to realities. There may

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

Ethiopian First in Marathon

ROME (Kyodo)—Bikele Abebe of Ethiopia Saturday night (Sunday morning, JST) flashed across the finish line at the Constantine Arch of Triumph here to win the coveted Olympic marathon race in the new world-record time of 2 hours 15 minutes 16 seconds.

The old record was 2:17.4 set by B. Popov of Russia.

Second was A. Rhadi of Morocco.

Third was A. Meyer of New Zealand.

Fourth was P. Vorobief of Russia and fifth was Popov, the Russian holder of the former world record. Sixth was A. Sodersen of Denmark and seventh was W. Abebe, also of Ethiopia.

The only Asian to finish within 20 was C. H. Lee of South Korea, who was the winner in the 1958 Asian Games and fourth at Melbourne.

Japan's Kurao Hiroshima was 31st and Kazumi Watanabe 32nd.

68 Runners

ROME (UPI)—An international field of 68 athletes from 38 countries took off at 5:30 p.m. (1:30 a.m. Sunday JST) on the 25-mile (42-kilometer) marathon run, the last track and field event of the 1960 Olympics.

Only five minutes before starting time, officials decided to move the starting point. Originally, the race has been scheduled to begin in the square at Capitol Hill—one of the original seven hills of Rome.

Instead it was moved a few hundred yards away down the hill to the Via Eatro de Marcello.

Several thousand spectators cheered the huge group of athletes as they started their run, expected to end about 7:30 p.m. (3:30 a.m. Sunday JST).

Officials took no chances with injuries. There were some 14 doctors along the route, with 10 more following the race in two special trucks. Overhead two helicopters followed the route.

At the 20 kilometer mark Moroccan A. Rhadi had moved out in front. He was timed in 1 hour 2 minutes 39 seconds. Second, only a few feet behind, was Bikele Abebe of Ethiopia and third A. Van Den Driessche of Belgium.

IAAF Rejects Soviet Bid

ROME (Kyodo-Reuter) — An attempt by the Soviet Union to stage European Games in 1963 was defeated by a meeting of the International Amateur Athletic Federation which ended here late Friday night.

If the federation had agreed to the Russian proposal it would have meant staging virtually two European championships in successive years as the 1962 championships are being held in Yugoslavia in 1962. The European Games are normally held every four years.

Ono, Aihara Grab First Places in Gymnastics

ROME (AP)—Takashi Ono of Japan and Boris Shakhlin of Russia tied for first place to win a gold medal each Saturday in the long horse event of the Olympic gymnastics competition.

The silver medal was not awarded.

In third place was Vladimir Portnoi of the Soviet Union with 19.225 points.

Fourth was Yuri Titov with 19.200, Fifth Yukio Endo with 19.175 and sixth Shuji Tsurumi with 19.150.

Masao Takemoto of Japan did not compete.

Shakhlin received 9.75 for his first jump. This tied him with Ono for the gold medal.

He had the chance to surpass Ono on his second and third jumps. But his first proved to be his best—bringing his total to 19.350, the same as Ono's.

The victory ceremony was held immediately afterward. Japan's Kimigayo was played first and was then followed by the Soviet national anthem.

The Japanese and Soviet flags rose simultaneously on the first place pole. The flags were draped over the yard arm of the flag poles and held by what seemed like clothes pins.

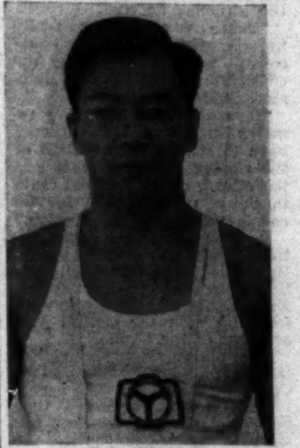
The athletes then started on the parallel bars.

ROME (AP)—Nobuyuki Aihara of Japan Saturday won the Olympic gold medal in the free standing gymnastics event. The silver prize went to Yuriy Titov of Russia and the bronze medal was won by Franco Menichelli of Italy.

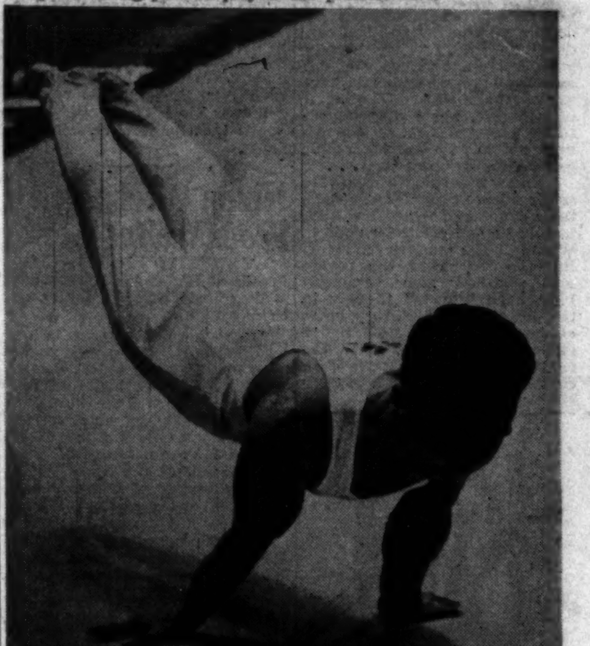
ROME (Kyodo)—Takashi Ono of Japan won his second gold medal Saturday and placed first in the horizontal-bar event of the men's individual gymnastics.

Ono's second gold medal in one day brought the total number of gold medals for Japan to four.

His teammate Masao Takemoto placed second and won the silver medal.



Takashi Ono



AP Radiophoto
Nobuyuki Aihara Saturday won Japan's third gold medal as he placed first in the free standing event of men's individual exercises at Caracalla Stadium.

Olympic Results at a Glance

Medal Winners, Thursday (Rome Time in brackets)

Fencing:
11 p.m. (3 p.m.):
Team Epee: 1. Italy; 2. Britain; 3. USSR.

Medal Winners, Friday (Rome Time in brackets)

Weightlifting:
Midnight (4 p.m.):
Middleheavyweight: 1. Arkadiy Vorobiev USSR, 472.5 kilos (new world record); 2. Trofim Lomakin, USSR, 457.7; 3. Louis Martin, Britain, 445; 7. Noboru Kubota, Japan, 400.

Medal Winners, Saturday (Rome Times in brackets)

Shooting:
5 p.m. (9 a.m.)
Small Bore Rifle (prone position): 1. Peter Nohnke, Germany, 590 points; 2. James Hill, U.S., 588; 3. Forcella Pelliccioni, Venezuela, 587; 6. Yukio Ikuma, Japan, 586

Gymnastics (Men's Individual Exercises)
11 p.m. (3 p.m.):
Pommelled Horse: 1. Boris Shakhlin, USSR, and Emil Ekman Finland (tie); 19.375 points; 3. Shuji Tsurumi, Japan, 19.15; 4. Takashi Mitsukuri, Japan, 19.025; 6. Takashi Ono, Japan, 18.525.
Rings: 1. Albert Asaryan, USSR; 2. Boris Shakhlin, USSR; 3. Takashi Ono, Japan and Vili Kapsazov, Bulgaria.
Long Horse: 1. Takashi Ono, Japan, and Boris Shakhlin, USSR, tied at 19.35 points; 3. Vladimir Portonoi, USSR, 19.225; 5. Yukio Endo, Japan, 19.175; 6. Shuji Tsurumi, Japan, 19.15.
Parallel Bars: 1. B. Shakhalin, USSR, 19.400 points; 2. G. Carminucci, Italy, 19.375; 3. T. Ono, Japan, 19.350; 5. N. Aihara, Japan, 19.275; 6. M. Takemoto, Japan, 19.125.
Free Standing: 1. N. Aihara, Japan, 19.450 points; 2. Y. Titov, USSR, 19.325; 3. F. Menichelli, Italy, 19.275; 4. T. Ono and T. Mitsukuri, Japan, tied for 19.200.
Horizontal Bar: 1. T. Ono, Japan, 19.600 points; 2. M. Takemoto, Japan, 19.525; 3. B. Shakhlin, USSR, 19.475; 4. Y. Endo, Japan, 19.425.

Riding:
10:30 p.m. (2:30 p.m.):
Three-day Individual Equestrian: 1. Lawrence Morgan, Australia; 2. Neale Lavis, Australia; 3. Anton Buhler, Switzerland.
Three-day Team Equestrian: 1. Australia; 2. Switzerland; 3. France.

Fencing:
11 p.m. (3 p.m.):
Team Saber: 1. Hungary; 2. Poland; 3. Italy.

Marathon:
1:30 to 3:50 a.m. Sunday (5:30 to 7:50 p.m., Saturday): 1. B. Abebe, Ethiopia; 2. A. Rhadi, Morocco; 3. A. Mayer, New Zealand.

Games End Today; 11 World Records Broken or Equaled

ROME (Kyodo-Reuter)—The 17th Olympiad ends Sunday with the powerful Russians once again beating the United States in gold medals and completing a hat trick of victories—Helsinki, Melbourne and Rome.

When the last but one day opened the Russians led by 38 golds to 33 and with so few events to come it was impossible for the Americans to catch them.

In the unofficial points table the Russians were even further ahead.

The surprise nation was Italy. Few expected them to win 13 golds and go ahead of Germany and Australia.

Most disappointed of all were the Australians, who have so far won only six compared with 13 in Melbourne. This was chiefly due to the beating they took from the Americans in swimming, hitherto their strongest sport.

They had the consolation, however, of getting one of the most coveted medals of all, the 1,500-meter run. Winning this in the world record time of 3 minutes 35.6 seconds, Herb Elliott accompanied the best performance of the whole athletic program.

Eleven new world records were set or equaled. Five went to the United States, through Otis Davis (400 meters), Wilma Rudolph (100 meters) and three relay teams.

The other world records went to Germany (Carl Kauffman, 400 meters and 400 meters men's relay), Russia (Ludmilla Lisenko Shevcova, 800 meters), Poland (Joszef Schmidt pole vault) and Italy (Livio Berruti 200 meters).

Previous Olympic records were broken some 40 times during the eight days of track and field.

Apart from Elliott's 1,500 meters, nothing was more dramatic than the tussle between Rafer Johnson of the United States and the Taiwanese, C. K. Yang in the 10-event decathlon, which lasted for more than 28 hours. The American scraped home after the lead had changed hands time and time again.

The only competitor to get three golds in the stadium was the speedy American Negress from Tennessee, Wilma Rudolph. She ran the 100 meters in 11.0 seconds but because of a following wind she cannot claim a world record.

The greatest surprise of the athletics was undoubtedly the win of Peter Snell, the young New Zealander, in the 800 meters. None of the experts gave him the slightest chance and only his friends could have hoped that he would reach the finals.

Congo

Continued From Page 1

still be many steps to go before the facts are clearly before the Council and fully grasped."

Russia stalled the presentation of Hammarskjold's report for two hours by moving that the Council adopt Lumumba's invitation to hold this session on the Congo in Leopoldville. The Russian resolution was defeated, 6 to 3 (Russia, Poland and Ceylon), with Ecuador and Tunisia abstaining.

Hammarskjold told the council that Kasavubu had the constitutional right to fire Lumumba, as he did last week. But Lumumba, without legal right, promptly announced that he had dismissed Kasavubu.

To forestall a "fire of propaganda" which could lead to "a popular uprising, with fights between parties," the U.N. Command decided on its own, without consulting either Lumumba or Kasavubu, to close down the radio station and take over the airfields, he said.

"There was nobody, really nobody, with whom they could consult without prejudging the constitutional issue," Hammarskjold went on.

"However," the situation remains such that I feel that I have to submit the question of the closing of the airports and the closing of the national radio to the security council for its consideration and instruction."

Because of the conflict between Lumumba and Kasavubu, Hammarskjold explained, the U.N. Command could not follow its mandate to act only in consultation with the central government of the Congo.

Information from United Nations and international Red Cross personnel in Kasai province, he said, indicated that personnel of the Congolese national army "have engaged in slaughter not only of combatants but also of defenseless civilians."

"Hundreds" of Balubas were reported killed in the Bakwanga region on Aug. 29 and 30. He cited the "widely reported" killing in a mission school of 70 Balubas, including women and children, on Aug. 31 by Congolese soldiers using machetes.

"These actions obviously cannot be viewed merely as examples of internal political conflict," he said. "They involve a most flagrant violation of elementary human rights and have the characteristics of the crime of genocide, since they appear to be directed toward the extermination of a specific ethnic group, the Baluba tribe. . . .

"There is evidence that the soldiers have broken away from their command, which has been unable to control their actions. Whatever the motives for bringing the troops to the region and whatever role they may have been intended to play in the domestic conflict, they have, of course, through such undisciplined actions, and once the authorities have lost control, ceased to be parts of a responsible army."

Beirut/Cairo . . .
Fly there by Swissair!

See the more than 1000 years old Cedars of Lebanon on the mountains near Beirut. On to Cairo. Take a camel ride around the pyramids. Have your picture taken with the Sphinx. Make side trips to Luxor, the Valley of the Kings, and smart Alexandria. Fly there by Swissair!

Swiss Quality worldwide

SWISSAIR

Consult your travel agent. He's an expert. Or Swissair...
Tokyo: 316 Nikkatsu Int'l Bldg. Tel: 271-5966/9
Osaka: 704 Mainichi Osaka (South) Bldg. Tel: 36-6566

Olympic Flashes

Medal Winners

ROME (AP)—Peter Nohnke, Germany's 18-year-old shooting ace, captured the gold medal Saturday morning in the Olympic small-bore rifle prone position finals.

1. Peter Kohnke, Germany, 590/600.
2. James Hill, United States 588.
3. Forcella Pelliccioni, Venezuela 587.
4. V. Borisov, USSR, 586.
5. A. Skinner, Britain 586.
6. Y. Inokuma, Japan, 586.

ROME (UPI)—Boris Shakhlin of Russia and Emil Ekman of Finland tied Saturday for first place in the first event of the men's individual exercise gymnastics finals, the pommel horse.

Shuji Tsurumi of Japan took the bronze medal.

1. (Tie) B. Shakhlin, USSR, preliminaries 9.675 finals 9.700, total 19.375; and E. Ekman, Finland 9.625 and 9.750 total 19.375.
3. S. Tsurumi, Japan 9.550, 9.600 total 19.150.
4. T. Mitsukuri, Japan 9.575, 9.500, total 19.125.
5. Y. Titov, USSR, 9.600, 9.350, total 18.950.
6. T. Ono, Japan, 9.575, 8.950 total 18.525.

ROME (UPI) — Albert Asaryan of Russia won the gold medal in the ring exercise of the men's gymnastics finals.

Boris Shakhlin of Russia took second and Takashi Ono of Japan tied with Vili Kapsazov of Bulgaria for third place, each getting a bronze medal.

1. A. Asaryan, USSR, 19.725.
2. B. Shakhlin, USSR, 19.500.
3. (Tie) T. Ono, Japan and V. Kapsazov, Bulgaria, 19.425 points.
5. N. Aihara, Japan, 19.400.
6. Y. Titov, USSR, 19.275.

ROME (AP)—Boris Shakhlin won the gold medal in the parallel bars with a total of 19.400.

In second place was Italy's Giovanni Carminucci with a total of 19.375.

Takashi Ono of Japan was third with 19.350.

4. N. Aihara, Japan, 19.275
5. Y. Tito, USSR, 19.200.
6. M. Takemoto, Japan, 19.125.

ROME (UPI) — Lawrence Morgan of Australia, won the gold medal in the three day Olympic equestrian event Saturday.

The silver medal went to Neale Lavis of Australia on Miirrabooka, and the bronze to Anton Buhler of Switzerland on Gays Park.

ROME (UPI) — Australia Saturday won the Olympic gold medal for the team championship in the three-day equestrian event. Switzerland was second and France was third.

1. Australia, 21.18 penalty points
2. Switzerland, 386.02
3. France 515.71
4. Great Britain, 516.21
5. Italy, 528.21
6. Ireland, 674

ROME (UPI)—Hungary won the gold medal in the team saber contest, defeating Poland. Italy won the bronze medal after beating the United States.

Basketball

ROME (AP)—Hungary took ninth place in the basketball championships Saturday by defeating France 74-70.

The French, fourth in the 1956 Melbourne Olympics, had to settle for 10th place.

The Philippines by defeating Mexico 65-64 in Sautrday's first game, finished 11th with Mexico placing 12th.

Field Hockey

Field Hockey (consolation round):

Netherlands 2, Belgium 1.
Japan 1 Italy 2.
Australia 2 Kenya 1.

Nixon Discharged From Walter Reed

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Vice President Richard M. Nixon left Walter Reed Hospital for home Friday night.

After a final consultation with his doctors, the vice president left Walter Reed at 8 p.m.

Nixon's doctors had said the only sign of the knee infection might be a slight limp as he favors his knee during the early days of the campaign. But they did not believe the knee would prevent him from carrying out his strenuous campaign schedule.

The campaign trip starting Monday will take the vice president through 12 states. He is scheduled to get an impressive official sendoff from President Dwight D. Eisenhower and other Republicans when he leaves Monday morning.

Kyodo-AP Radiophoto

President Heinrich Lubke (left) of West Germany shakes hands with Japan's Prince Mikasa at Lubke's Bonn residence Thursday night. At right are Finance Minister Franz Etzel and Justice Minister Fritz Schaeffer, profile.

On Peiping-Moscow Split

JCP Move Watched By Bonn Observers

By MAMORU KIKUCHI
Japan Times Correspondent

BONN—The people here are closely watching the moves of the Japan Communist Party regarding the political and ideological split between Peiping and Moscow leaders.

North Vietnam and India's Communist Party, which had been following a course of neutrality in the dispute, recently threw their support behind Moscow. If the Japanese Communists follow suit, Communist China will be isolated, according to their view.

Earlier, the Communist Party of North Vietnam was following a policy close to that of Communist China. After the Bucharest Congress, however, it started to drift toward neutrality.

During this time, newspapers in North Vietnam differed from their counterparts in other Communist countries in that they presented interpretations of Moscow and Peiping affairs in accordance with the Bucharest communique.

Later, in the middle of August, President Ho Chi Minh of North Vietnam visited Moscow, and since then, manifest moves were taken in support of Moscow.

The statement made Sept. 1 by Ho said: "The Socialist camp, led by the Soviet Union, has grown into an invincible force, which together with the peace-loving peoples of all the world can curb imperialists, avert war, preserve peace and relieve mankind of the disaster of nuclear war."

With this statement came into being the North Vietnamese support of the Moscow view that "war is no longer inevitable."

The Communists in Albania and North Korea, however, have not clarified their stands.

Albania, so far, has followed the Peiping line. Accordingly, it will not send its Premier to the United Nations General Assembly session like the Soviet Union and other East European Communist nations.

The North Korean Communist Party is believed to favor the Moscow line.

In the non-Communist world, the Indonesian Communist Party announced after a three-day Central Committee meeting last week that the transition to socialism need not be accompanied by violence and civil war.

The Indian Communist Party reaffirmed that Communists could take over the Government through parliamentary methods.

Peiping has been ruling out as most unlikely that the Communists could achieve power without violent revolution.

The Communists of the West are supporting Moscow's stand, driving Peiping into isolation.

It yet remains to be seen which side the Japan Communist Party will take.

Productiyity Meet Approves Charter

MANILA (AP)—The charter of an Asian Productivity Organization was unanimously approved Saturday by delegates from 10 Asian nations.

Ratification by at least five of the countries represented is required before the agency is established. Its purpose would be to raise living standards by exchanging technical information for increased production.

Indonesia's chief delegate, Dr. Sieng Hien Lo, favored the proposal but argued that the productivity organization should be an international private concern free of governmental or diplomatic restrictions.

Other nations represented were Japan, Ceylon, Malaya, Nationalist China, Nepal, South Korea, Thailand, Pakistan and the Philippines.

Ichiro Ishikawa, managing director of the Japan Productivity Center and secretary general of the conference, was directed to convene a meeting upon ratification by five governments for the actual establishment of the organization.

Each country would contribute a minimum of $2,000 annually to finance it. Additional contributions of $1,500 would be made for each $1,000 million of gross national income.

Ex-Miss Utah Robbed

LOS ANGELES (UPI) — Police Saturday sought thieves who stole $25,000 in jewels and furs from the home of Hollywood writer May Mann, Miss Utah of 1938 and ex-wife of boxer-actor Buddy Baer.

OBITUARIES

GOV. RALPH G. BROOKS

LINCOLN, Neb. (AP)—Governor Ralph G. Brooks of Nebraska died Friday. He was 62. The governor, a democrat, was hospitalized Aug. 23 with a virus infection that affected a heart muscle.

ARMAS MAASALO

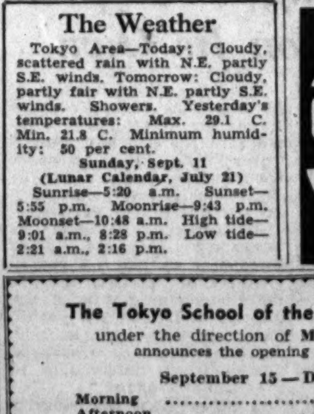
HELSINKI (UPI)—Composer Armas Maasalo, 75, died Thursday night.

Maasalo was known as a composer of church and choral music, and an organist at Johannes Church for more than 30 years.

COUNTESS JACQUELINE DE VYAU DELEGARDE

MEXICO CITY (UPI)—The French Embassy Friday night announced the death of the wife of the ambassador, the Countess Jacqueline de Vyau Delegarde.

Her death was attributed to a cerebral hemorrhage.



The Weather

Tokyo Area—Today: Cloudy, scattered rain with N.E. partly S.E. winds. Tomorrow: Cloudy, partly fair with N.E. partly S.E. winds. Showers. Yesterday's temperatures: Max. 29.1 C. Min. 21.8 C. Minimum humidity: 50 per cent.

Sunday, Sept. 11
(Lunar Calendar, July 21)

Sunrise—5:20 a.m. Sunset—5:55 p.m. Moonrise—9:43 p.m. Moonset—10:48 a.m. High tide—9:01 a.m., 8:28 p.m. Low tide—2:21 a.m., 2:16 p.m.

Donna Slams Fla. Keys; Damage Seen in Miami

MIAMI, Fla. (UPI) — Hurricane Donna shrieked into the Florida Keys and the marshy wilderness of the Everglades Saturday with a fury that tossed fish from the sea and threw house trailers as far as a half-mile.

At least two dead were reported.

Miami was hit by winds of 80 miles an hour, just over hurricane force. Although the huge metropolitan area missed the worst of the severe storm, damage to property appeared substantial. Police refused to let anyone on the streets and many telephone lines were out.

A week's advance warning of the killer storm, which claimed more than 100 lives last weekend in the Antilles and Puerto Rico, enabled Florida residents to ride it out in relative safety. The body of an unidentified white man was found at Tavernier in the Keys, and a youth was killed in a car wreck on the mainland, but reports of heavy casualties were not substantiated.

The City of Miami, hit by hurricane force winds at daybreak, was boarded up and ready. A baby was born in a storm shelter during the night telephone and power lines were downed and residents were barred from the streets under pain of arrest.

At 8 a.m. EDT, Donna's center was near Everglades City on the southwest coast and was menacing the peninsula as far north as Daytona Beach in the east and Cedar Key in the west. The winds in Miami began to diminish, but the weather bureau warned that "conditions will remain unsafe, and no one should attempt to move around the city except on emergency errands."

positively TOKYO'S MOST DARING FLOOR SHOWS

Daily at 9 for 2½ hours continuously. Restaurant with a reputation.
Special NUDE SHOWS Weekdays from 6 to 7 P.M.
Cover Charge ¥300 Non-Diners
TEL: 501-5306/7
Toranomon Street Car Crossing.
Instructions for TAXI DRIVER
PAPAGAYO 虎の門電停角新虎の門ビル内

The Best Chinese Restaurant
GUEST HOUSE
Air Conditioned
50, Sakurada-cho, Azabu on 17th St. next to the Chinese Embassy
Tel: 408-5763/4

The Tokyo School of the Japanese Language
under the direction of Mr. Naoe Naganuma
announces the opening of its Fall Term

September 15—December 20

Morning .... 9:00—12:00
Afternoon .... 13:30—16:30
Evening .... 18:00—21:00
Registration: .... Sept. 12 & 13 .... 9:30—21:00

Extension Courses available by mail

38 Nampeidai-machi, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo
(Phones: Shibuya (461) 4812 & 7260)
(Avenue F—Next to Tokyo Gas Company's Business Office)

Home Rule For Guinea Eyed: Envoy

SYDNEY (AP) — The new Dutch ambassador to Australia, Dr. J. G. de Beus, said Saturday Holland is speeding independence for West New Guinea to avoid "another Congo."

De Beus, former ambassador in Moscow, arrived at Sydney aboard the liner Willem Ruys.

He said: "All sorts of catastrophes could result if Holland is forced to grant independence before West New Guinea people are ready and we hope the African situation will not be repeated—it is our whole policy to prevent it."

Holland had just begun a new 10-year plan to educate the population, which is widely scattered and with very little national consciousness, he said.

It is possible that eventually Dutch and Australian New Guinea will be joined into one country and Holland wants to cooperate with Australia over New Guinea administration, the ambassador added.

"We understand the necessity for Australia to remain on good terms with Indonesia but we do hope for support from Australia on our policies because Australia in the long run is more interested than Holland in New Guinea," De Beus declared.

Holland gained no economic advantages by controlling West New Guinea but "we were cast in this role by history and we are doing the best we can," he said.

He denied Holland had suggested that New Guinea should be placed under international authority.

Guinea, Mongolia Ink Cultural Pact

By United Press International

Guinea and Mongolia yesterday signed a joint communique and an agreement on mutual assistance in the cultural field, the New China News Agency said.

NCNA, in a dispatch from the Mongolian capital of Ulan Bator, did not give the contents of the communique.

It said the communique was signed by Z. Sambu, president of the presidium of the Mongolian Hural (Parliament), and Guinea President Sekou Toure.

Toure stopped briefly in Mongolia en route to Communist China.

NCNA said the cultural agreement was signed by Guinea Minister of Economy Louis Lansana Beavogui and Mongolian Foreign Minister P. Sagadarsurun.

Heavy Rains Kill 103 in Himalayas

NEW DELHI (AP)—An estimated 10 inches rain in 3 hours and 20 minutes caused a flood in a Himalayan valley that killed 103 persons, a deputy minister told the Indian Parliament Friday.

Jaisukhlal Hathi said an "unprecedentedly heavy rainfall" hit the Mandi district of Himachal Pradesh State Aug. 31 and cut the area off from the outside world for several days. The full extent of the disaster has only now been realized.

Louis Graeler, the new concertmaster of the Japan Philharmonic Orchestra, accompanied by Mrs. Graeler and their son, arrived in Tokyo Friday by JAL DC8 jetliner from the U.S. to replace Broadus Erle. Graeler was concertmaster of the Symphony of the Air and other noted orchestras in the U.S. He is expected to remain here for two years.

U.S. Colleges Bare Plan for Africans

NEW YORK (AP)—A program for bringing between 100 and 200 African students each year to the United States has just been announced by 24 American colleges.

The colleges are to provide tuition, room and board and other essentials. The students' governments are to underwrite travel expenses.

Colleges taking part are Amherst, Barnard, Brandeis, Brown, Bryan Mawr, Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth, Harvard, Haverford, Minnesota, Mount Holyoke, Notre Dame, Oberlin, Pembroke, Pennsylvania, Princeton, Radcliffe, Smith, Stanford, Swarthmore, Vassar, Wellesley and Yale.

Russian in U.S. Ignored Travel Ban

WASHINGTON (AP)—The State Department said Saturday an official of Amtorg, the Russian trading agency, violated U.S. travel regulations to attend a machine tool exhibition in Chicago, and was ordered to go back to New York.

A State Department press officer, Francis Tully, said the Russian Embassy last Aug. 31 had requested permission for Sergei G. Zhdanov and another Soviet official to attend the exhibition in Chicago Sept. 6-11. On Sept. 3, Tully said, the department notified the Russians that permission was refused.

Despite the refusal, Tully said, Zhdanov went to Chicago alone. Tully said a State Department representative in Chicago ordered Zhdanov to return to New York and the Russian left on a 2:30 p.m. plane.

Asked if Zhdanov's defiance of the travel ban would be considered a serious breach of international etiquette. Tully replied: "I would say yes."

Brazil Breaks Off Relations With D.R.

RIO DE JANEIRO (Kyodo-Reuter)—Brazil Friday broke off diplomatic relations with the Dominican Republic, it was officially announced from Brazilia, the capital.

Chang's Foes OK Coalition Setup

SEOUL (AP)—Premier John M. Chang's opposition bloc in his own Democratic Party Saturday night finally agreed to form a coalition cabinet with Chang to tide over the first major political crisis in Chang's postrevolutionary Government.

Yoo Chin San, leader of the anti-Chang Old Guard Democrats met with Chang and informed of the decision made at a caucus meeting of the old faction.

Yoo also promised Chang that the old faction would submit by Sunday noon eight names of the Old Guard Democrats from which Chang would select five for the coalition cabinet.

The new coalition cabinet may be announced late Sunday or Monday putting an end to the present crisis started when four key members of Chang's cabinet quit Thursday "to pave the way for a stabler government."

The coalition cabinet will be composed of five of Chang Faction members, five Old Guards Democrats and two independents.

Bank of China Not Liquidated: Cuban

HAVANA (Kyodo-Reuter)—Julio le Riverend, acting president of the Cuban National Bank Friday denied a report that the Bank of China was being "liquidated."

He said that the bank had been intervened (taken over) to "continue normal operations" after the Chinese Nationalist Government had ordered the bank's executives to leave Cuba.

Reds Blast U.S.

By United Press International

The Indonesian Communist Party charged the United States Friday with arming the Dutch army in Netherlands New Guinea which President Sukarno has claimed is a part of Indonesia.

The charge was contained in a message by the central committee of the Indonesian Communist Party delivered at the third national congress of the North Vietnam Workers (Communist) Party in Hanoi Friday and broadcast yesterday by Radio Hanoi.

Bridge ♠♥♦♣

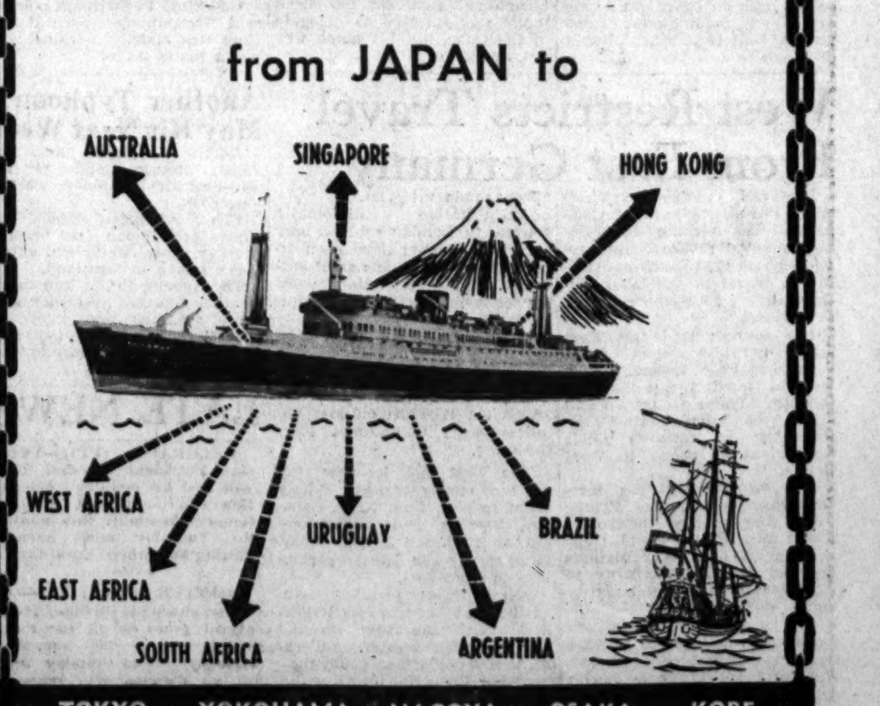
Announcement: The Japan Times has received ¥25,840 from various bridge clubs to be used for future charity purposes. This is a part of the Japan Contract Bridge League's activity, i.e., every fifth weekly tournament of the month can become a full master point award game, provided all proceeds, except direct expense goes to the charity campaign for The Japan Times. There is no sanction charge by the JCBL. Donations were: ¥10,500 from the Foreign Correspondents Club, ¥8,860 from the Grant Heights Officers Club and ¥6,480 from the Airmen's Club, Tachikawa Air Base.

Tokyo Bridge Club: Open. (7:30 p.m. at Meiji Club) Monthly Master Point. 11½ tables Bump Mitchell. 22 boards. N-S Average 100. 1st: Eizo Mizutani and Takeshi Nozaki 143. 2nd: Lt. and Mrs. Edwin R. Lewis 124. 3rd: Mr. and Mrs. Richard C. Fisher 112. 4th: Maj. John H. DeWitt and Shigehisa Suematsu 115. E-W Average 110. 1st: M. Sgt. Hartley M. Caldwell and C. S. Wu 147. 2nd: Akio Kurokawa and Tsuneo Sakurai 133. 3rd: Eric B. Sander and Kiichi Sekiguchi 116. 4th: Mr. and Mrs. Alfred N. Johnson 113½.

Bridge Column, Page 4

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

REGULAR PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICES
from JAPAN to



TOKYO 271-6981/8
YOKOHAMA 8-2186/9
NAGOYA 54-8395/8
OSAKA 27-7831/5
KOBE 3-6561/8

Kyodo-AP Radiophoto

Motoo Sakata, center, with Mrs. Sakata, is welcomed at San Francisco Thursday by Lester Goodman, chairman of the San Francisco-Osaka Affiliation Committee, as he arrived with a group of Osaka municipal and civic leaders for the Pacific Festival which opened at San Francisco Friday.

San Francisco Festival Marks Ties With Pacific

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) — Downtown San Francisco Saturday was a vast trade and fun fair as the third annual Pacific Festival continued a 10-day program featuring the arts and industry of Pacific basin nations and islands. The fair opened Friday.

Department stores emphasized displays of Pacific imports, while the public was treated at Union Square, Civic Auditorium and museums to the songs, dances, sports and art forms of Pacific lands.

"One of the purposes of the festival is to show Americans the range of products being imported from the Pacific," said Lester Goodman, vice president of the festival commission.

Goodman pointed out that foreign trade in the San Francisco customs district last year was more than 1 billion dollars. This included 547 million dollars in exports and 527 million dollars imports, with 20 per cent of the imports coming from Japan.

Special "day" programs are listed honoring the Philippines, Hongkong, Japan, India and Mexico. Among other spotlighted features are Australian, Chinese and South Korean art.

Boxers from Thailand and singers and dancers from Samoa, India and South America will stage programs portraying the entertainment awaiting Pacific travelers.

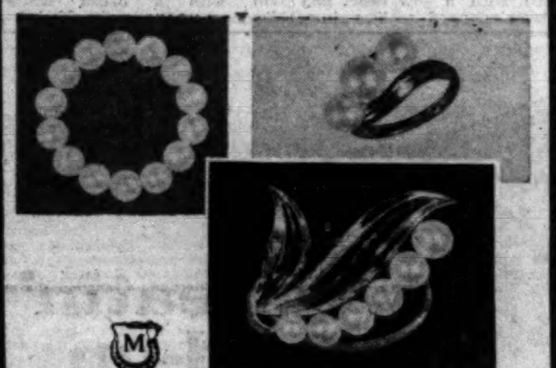
Festival officials gave special attention to a delegation of municipal officials and civic leaders from Osaka, Japan. San Francisco and Osaka leaders have formed affiliation committees under a "sister city" plan for promoting mutual, cultural and industrial interests.

"We are delighted indeed that Osaka, our sister city, has shown such interest in our festival," said Goodman, greeting the Osaka delegates, and commenting on that city's exhibit at the festival.

Leading the delegation was Motoo Sakata, industrialist and vice president of the Japan America Association.

Mikimoto Pearls

"Quality" known the world over . . .



The Originator of Cultured Pearls

K. MIKIMOTO, inc.

MAIN STORE: GINZA, TOKYO/Tel. 561-8836

Tokyo: ★Imperial Hotel Arcade
★Hotel New Japan Arcade
Osaka: Shin Osaka Building
★Toba: Mikimoto Pearl Island
★Tachikawa: Air Base West B.X.
Yokohama: Silk Center
Kobe: Kobe Int'l House
★Kyoto: Shinmonzen St. (Komai Co.)
NAGOYA FUKUOKA SAPPORO

★Open Sundays
●Deduction of tax is available for Tax Exemption Form Holders

Rockoon Test To Be Held In October

Rockoon experiments for fiscal 1960 to probe cosmic rays at high altitudes will take place Oct. 8 to 18 at Okitsu Beach, Aomori Prefecture, it was decided yesterday by the Production Technique Research Laboratory of Tokyo University.

Sigma IV-type rockets, which are designed to reach an altitude of 75 kilometers, will be used in the test.

The test is designed for the rocket to be automatically released after the balloon reaches an altitude of 20,000 meters.

A preliminary experiment will be held Oct. 8 with a balloon carrying a dummy rocket to test the capacity of the newly designed balloon as well as its remote control system.

The actual experiment of the rockoon will be carried out Oct. 11. The rocket to be launched will be equipped with instruments to record acceleration, cosmic rays and atmospheric pressure at high altitudes.

The findings on high atmosphere phenomena by the rocket will be transmitted by a telemeter to the ground.

Stevedore Knifed To Death in Ueno

Police launched a search yesterday for the killer of a stevedore who was found stabbed to death near a public phone booth by Shinobazu Pond in Ueno, Tokyo, early yesterday.

A ragpicker discovered Shukichi Kumagaya's body at 4:10 a.m.

Kumagaya was stabbed in the left chest and stomach.

According to witnesses, Kumagaya was quarreling with a man in a white shirt around 3:30 a.m.

A ragpicker said the man knocked down Kumagaya and fled toward Benten Hall.

Police said Kumagaya had been taken into protective custody by police seven times after drinking bouts.

He had been drinking at a sake stall in Ueno Park until around 2 a.m. yesterday, police said.

Missioner Schiller Dies in Canada

The Very Rev. Maxime Schiller, O.F.M., delegate provincial of the French Canadian Franciscans in Japan, died last week.

Schiller, 64, was on his way from Canada to return to Japan. He had attended the Provincial Chapter of the French Canadian Franciscans last month.

The Franciscan missioner came to Japan in 1923, shortly after the great earthquake. He worked in Amami Oshima, and then Kagoshima. He established the Franciscan Mission in Urawa in 1936.

A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated for Schiller in Denenchofu Church at 11 a.m., Tuesday.

Named to Guam Post

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Dwight D. Eisenhower Friday appointed Adolph Monroe Edwards Jr. to be secretary of Guam.

Paul Aurell's THRU THE REARVIEW MIRROR

It became quite clear to me that when in Kansai you must never ask a person if she or he lives in Osaka. Kobe, well yes, but to be safe you better assume that your host or hostess lives in that Sleepy Hollow section between these cities which means either Ashiyaberg or Shukugawa village. These hideouts are roughly ¥1,120 from the Osaka Grand Hotel and on a clear night you can see the ball park at Nishinomiya; in fact you can't see the full moon because of the ball park.

It is quite permissible to have an office in Osaka or Kobe which cities are known respectively for big business and beef. The traffic between these sister cities is not like that of the Yokohama-Tokyo highway during the rush hours where slow motion can best be described as the Omori Crawl.

Anyway my evening in Kansai was started off badly by the bartender at the hotel who was counting very nasty coins and filthy yen notes from the money box. I looked him straight in the eye and ordered a very dry martini on the rocks. He then picked up a soiled rag and mopped the bar. As my blood pressure soared, he gathered together some ice and filtered the piece of ice through his dirty fingers and filled the glass and then added the other ingredients and placed the drink in front of me. I could just see the trachoma and tuberculosis germs floating in the glass. I said, "Dozo nonde kudasai." This shook him.

After a lecture in which I told him plenty about how not to make a cocktail I left the drink and the ¥330 on the bar and walked out. At the next place the same or even worse performance was repeated. However, since I needed a bracer I threw caution to the winds and gulped it down.

For ¥330 I feel one is entitled to a sanitary cocktail in Japan. I always remember my mother told me that money is the number one conveyor of germs. I have seen people refuse a bowl of pea soup if the waiter even casually puts a thumb in it and still we permit bartenders to fondle cracked ice with very grimy hands as they make our cocktails. I do know five fine places in Tokyo where ice is never touched by human hands. Needless to say they are very popular.

This curse is not limited to Kansai and in fact it probably came down there with samurai from Tokyo years ago who discovered that ice is very useful. A large part of the pleasure of cocktails lies in the manner in which they are concocted and served. "Hands off the ice" is the No. 1 rule.

Anyway Kansai and Kanto have this problem in common. This complete disregard for sanitation in public bars is really very serious. (96)

Hotel New Japan yesterday opened its two tea ceremony houses within its building, one in traditional Japanese style and another in Western chair-table style, with an exhibition by members of Ikebana International. Looking at one of them is Prof. Burton E. Martin of Waseda University, director of Chanoyu International, and two unidentified members of the Ikebana group. The exhibition was arranged by Mrs. Carola Meller, president of Ikebana International. The tea houses are open to the public. Charges are ¥250 for a cup of tea with cake or ¥5,000 for a one-day (eight hours) tea ceremony lesson.

JTU Activity Not Illegal, Diet Is Told

Goichiro Fujii, director of the Public Security Investigation Agency, told the Diet yesterday that the activities of the Japan Teachers Union (Nikkyoso) so far do not violate the Antisubversive Activities Law.

Fujii made this statement at a meeting of the House of Representatives Education Committee in answer to a Socialist question.

Education Minister Masuo Araki had earlier told the Diet that "Nikkyoso activities are on the border of violating the law."

The agency, Fujii said, is not investigating the Nikkyoso activities in the light of the provisions of the antisubversive activities law enacted in 1952.

Fujii disclosed, however, that within Nikkyoso there are about 30 Japan Communist Party members who hold key posts.

Meanwhile, Nikkyoso decided to propose a strong action policy in protest to Araki's remarks at a national meeting of its representatives slated for Sept. 22.

Informants said that the policy would include partial boycott of classwork next month.

The union also decided to lodge a protest with Araki shortly against his recent Diet statement.

In Kanagawa Prefecture, the prefectural board of education and teachers union reached an agreement on enforcement of the teachers' efficiency rating system after three months of negotiations.

As a result, the controversial system will remain unenforced only in Hokkaido and Kyoto Prefecture.

Police Question 2 JTTC Employes

Two employes of the Japan Telegraph and Telephone Corporation were being investigated yesterday at the Metropolitan Police Department on suspicion of receiving bribes which allegedly amounted to tens of thousands of yen.

Hiroshi Arakawa, 33, and Yoshihisa Kawaguchi, 33, of the corporation's Supply Bureau, were ordered to appear before the police department in connection with the bribery case of Kunitaro Yamazaki, 32, managing director of the Toyo Fuse Co.

Yamazaki was arrested Wednesday by the Metropolitan Police Department on suspicion of bribing personnel of the JTTC.

Police reported Arakawa and Kawaguchi had received some tens of thousands of yen in cash from Yamazaki since 1957 when the latter received orders from the JTTC for communication equipment.

Uomoto Named Head Of Security Section

Tokichiro Uomoto, researcher of the Asian Affairs Bureau, has succeeded Fumihiko Togo as head of the Security Section, American Affairs Bureau, the Foreign Office announced yesterday.

Togo has been appointed councillor in the Treaties Bureau.

Bank Clerk Steals, Attempts Suicide

HIROSHIMA (Kyodo)—A bank clerk with a guilty conscience tried to kill himself here yesterday after allegedly stealing ¥8,100,000 from his own bank late last month.

Keiji Matsumoto, 24, of the Hiroshima Bank, was found writhing in pain at his home yesterday by his uncle. He said he had taken an overdose of sleeping pills.

Matsumoto is expected to pull through and face a charge of embezzlement. He allegedly stole the money while it was being transferred Aug. 30.

Of the stolen money, ¥7,813,000 was recovered at Osaka Station's baggage room.

Color TV Started By 8 Stations

Japan's first color television got off to a successful start yesterday as curious spectators flocked to coffee shops and restaurants in Tokyo and Osaka.

Four stations each in the two cities will broadcast color TV a few hours daily, gradually increasing the hours.

NTV (JOAX-TV) will present 17 hours—the longest—for the first week.

Other Tokyo stations showing color TV are NHK (JOAK-TV and JOAB-TV), and KRT (JOKR).

The first day broadcasts were received by 1,000 sets in the Tokyo and Osaka areas. TV ownership was 680 at the time of the start of black and white broadcasts back in 1953.

Convention Studies Outcasts' Liberty

A two-day convention of a league of organizations dedicated to the liberation of socially outcast communities got under way in Tokyo with some 1,000 delegates attending from all over the country.

The 15th nationwide convention which opened yesterday at the Social Workers Hall in Toranomon, Tokyo heard speeches delivered by such leftist leaders as Kenji Miyamoto, chairman of the Japan Communist Party, and Socialist Jiichiro Matsumoto.

Reparations Talks With Burma Seen

Talks to reexamine the Japan-Burma reparations agreement may shortly be resumed, a Foreign Office source said yesterday.

The negotiations were called off last fall after the Burmese side made a strong demand for more reparations than the agreed sum of $200 million war indemnity to be paid that country by Japan.

At that time, Japan promised a full implementation of the $50 million economic cooperation agreement between the two nations and another cooperation program of approximately the same amount.

Subsequently, the matter was left pending due mainly to the Burmese political situation.

The Burmese Government, however, is expected to bring up the issue again with the arrival of Ambassador U Tun Shein here today. The ambassador had returned home for consultation with his Government.

He is expected to call on Yujiro Iseki, director of the Asian Affairs Bureau, Foreign Office, in a day or so and propose the resumption of the preliminary talks on the issue. On this occasion, he is expected to reveal his Government's new position.

If resumed, the talks will be the fifth in a series since they were started in July last year at the proposal of Burma.

The new U Nu Government formed this spring had expressed a strong desire to settle this problem and the ambassador had been called back to Rangoon to get new instructions.

Movie Scene Turns Real; 40 Burned

KYOTO—About 40 persons suffered burns yesterday on the shore of Lake Biwa where an oil can exploded while movie makers were shooting a scene on location there.

The fire scene in the Toei film "Pirate Ship" developed into a real fire when gasoline in a nearby drum can caught fire.

The fire spread to location sets and 40 of the extras suffered burns.

SFC Harold McDonald, U.S. Army Japan Band, enjoys dancing with Japanese dancers in the recent Bon Odori (Summer Dance Festival) at the Camp Zama Field House. More than 700 women and children from nearby Japanese communities participated in the festival and dance competition.

Another "GREEN-O-MATIC" Triumph!

Rookie

PETRI E.Bn

is "terrific" . . .

THE Catcher with your FULL CONFIDENCE
—Camera—

Super-fast ORIKKOR F1.9 45mm Lens GETS you superlative picture-quality, color fidelity and definition.

Zero-method Reflection Type, Coupled Exposure Meter KNOWS how to decide the proper exposure at all times.

Breathtakingly "Beautiful" "Years-Ahead" Styling Camera Body PROTECTS the outstanding features.

Precisely designed Exposure Meter Needle never fail to make a SIGN for the best picture-taking results.

WORLD RENOWNED PETRI PRODUCTS

Manufactured by:
KURIBAYASHI CAMERA INDUSTRY, INC. 1, Umejima-machi, Adachi-ku, Tokyo, Japan
Overseas Offices New York The Hague Vancouver Singapore Melbourne Hong Kong Taipei

JNA - 105

Keep the hair you have

NEW HOPE WITH THE WORLD'S FIRST VITAMIN HAIR TONIC

We may not be able to restore lost hair, but thanks to modern medical science people now have a better chance of at least keeping what they have.

The answer came, quite unexpectedly, out of vitamin research. It was discovered that a vitamin of the B-complex, was effective in helping to stop falling hair. This opened the door to the world's first and only vitamin hair tonic, namely Panteen.

Not a superficial hair dressing, but a scientifically compounded hair tonic, Panteen's effectiveness lies in its ability to penetrate to the roots and supply them with essential vitamin nourishment. Thus nourished, each strand of hair takes on new vitality—new strength.

With most vitamins, continued use is necessary for beneficial results. So with Panteen. Daily massage should be continued until hair has definitely stopped falling and has regained its natural "life."

With good reason, Panteen has become the most popular hair tonic in many countries including France. Not only does Panteen successfully stop falling hair and give "body" to thinning hair—it is a marvellous hair conditioner for even normal hair. Hair takes on new life, becomes naturally healthier looking. It is also extremely effective in preventing the formation of dandruff.

Unlike other hair tonics, Panteen is light, clear, amber coloured and can be used along with your own personal hair dressing without losing any of its effectiveness.

You can now buy Panteen Hair Tonic, with or without oil, in drug and department stores also in Japan.

Because results are lasting, Panteen should not be thought of as an ordinary hair dressing but as a scientifically compounded hair and scalp conditioning vitamin tonic.

Secrets of Charm

Graceful Action Wins Male Accolades

By JOHN ROBERT POWERS

EPS

Most men size up an over-all picture to get their clues to the charm of a women's personality. In both business and social life, they are most impressed by a woman's general bearing and manner. To the male contingent, a gracious attitude indicates that she'll be easy to get along with. And graceful actions win her acknowledgement that she is easy to look at. That's a hard combination to beat!

You can see why a woman's mannerisms are important if she wishes to win male approval. If they are fidgety, fluttering, uncertain, listless, or too forceful, they will type her in unflattering terms—"Flibberty Flossie," "Sad Sal" or "Bumptious Betty."

Of course, no woman would deliberately set out to manufacture such character impressions for herself. Unfortunately, it's the little unconscious gestures and habits that get her so labeled. Nervous motions of the hands, vigorous swinging of the arms, a thumping stride, a slump, a shuffle—any of these can ruin the impression you'd so like to create of your true graciousness.

You can avoid such catastrophe by keeping a little check on your mannerisms at all times. Watch them; know what your hands are doing, what your feet are doing, what your eyes, nose and lips are doing as you talk or listen. You can make your mannerisms attractive if you want to. The mere elimination of unnecessary motions will help to a great degree.

And here's visible proof of how your conscious or unconscious posture can affect the impression you make.

1. Slip off your shoes and stand facing a wall, close enough for your toes, abdomen, chest and tip of your nose to touch it. Mark your height on the wall.

2. Then, pull your abdomen in, your waist out of your hips and your neck up out of your shoulders. If your nose doesn't automatically draw back from the wall, you are not pulling hard enough. Now, mark your height again.

What happened? Why, you're an inch taller! You also look a lot slimmer! Never again let anybody get the impression that in mind or body you are an indifferent slumper!

Hearty Snack For Children

For generations mothers have marvelled at the almost unappeasable appetites of their youngsters. It seems that no matter how much they eat at meal-times, they are still ready for a snack two hours later. If this problem is familiar in your family, you'll find it easy to solve if you keep a hearty date and nut loaf on hand. Sliced and spread with butter or crêam cheese, this nourishing bread makes a wholesome, filling snack for children of any age. Serve it with milk and a piece of fruit for a digestible, well-balanced snack.

Date and Nut Bread

¾ cup brown sugar

2 tablespoons softened butter or margarine

1 egg
1½ cups milk
3 cups sifted flour
3½ teaspoons baking powder
1 teaspoon salt
¾ cup chopped walnuts
¾ Cup chopped dates

Combine sugar, butter or margarine and egg in a large bowl; stir in milk. Sift together flour, baking powder and salt. Stir in mixture, alternating with nuts and dates. Pour into a well-greased 9x5x3 inch pan. Let it stand for 20 minutes before baking. Bake in a moderate oven (350°F.) about 1 hour or until done. Cool in the pan 10 minutes, then remove and allow it to finish cooling on a wire rack. Let it stand overnight before slicing.

Welcome your youngsters home from school with nourishing sandwiches made with date and nut bread filled with cream cheese. Milk and a crispy apple round off this well-balanced snack.

NEA Photos

Coats especially scaled to the needs of the woman who is small show that there's lots of fashion in petite sizes. Tweed is used (left) for this handsome double-breasted coat with smooth notched collar of sheared beaver. Texture of the tweed is that of a shadow plaid. Gently curved and flared, this coat (center) is exactly scaled to the proportions of the small woman. It's done in soft fleece and in a new shade which is almost white. This beautiful coat (right) has a wedding band collar of mink mounted on a silhouette with princess lines. Many small women feel that fur can be overpowering but this design solves the problem. All of the coats shown are by Brittany. Any one of them could be the backbone of a successful fall wardrobe.

Today's Contract

By SEIJI KIMURA

Idiosyncrasy

Today's hand from a recent practice game illustrates nicely how to avoid an end play. At the same time, it also proves that bridge players suffer from the poor playing of partners as well as from opponents. In turn, they are making mistakes in an effort to either cover a partner's mistake or trying to take advantage of the not-yet-made mistakes of the opponents.

As the cards lie, a double dummy defense will beat the hand. A club lead does it. Three tricks in clubs, together with a ruff and a diamond, are four.

Rubber
Both sides not vulnerable

NORTH (D)
♠ Q 6 5 4
♡ K 8 6 2
◇ K 6
♣ 8 6 2

WEST
♠ 9 7
♡ 9 7 5
◇ A Q J 9 7 5
♣ K J

EAST
♠ K 10
♡ Q J 10 4 3
◇ 10 4
♣ A 10 4 3

SOUTH
♠ A J 8 3 2
♡ A
◇ 8 3 2
♣ Q 9 7 5

The bidding:

West	North (D)	East	South
—	Pass	Pass	1 ♠
2 ◇	2 ♠	Pass	3 ♠
Pass	4 ♠	All Passed.	

Opening lead: ◇ A

South made a rather light opening bid for a rubber game. North, too, made a very light free raise and accepted an invitation to a game instead of refusing it to rectify his first mistake. However, that made the play interesting.

Dummy's king won the diamond continuation. Declarer went after the trumps and cleared them in two rounds. Then, he cashed the heart ace, crossed to dummy by ruffing diamond and cashed the heart king, sluffing a club. A low club then was led and it went to the jack in West. West exited with a low heart and declarer trumped it. The situation was now as follows:

NORTH (Dummy)
♠ Q
♡ 8
♣ 8 6

WEST
◇ J 9 7
♣ K

EAST
♡ Q J
♣ A 10

SOUTH
♠ 8 3
♣ Q 9

Declarer's two clubs are losers. However, with the end play he can get rid of one. As declarer leads the nine, it goes to the king in West, who has no more clubs. Therefore, a diamond lead gives declarer a chance to pitch the other club. East is helpless as he cannot afford to overtake West's king because this will promote the queen.

What West should have done was to cash his king of clubs prior to exiting with a heart, in an effort to avoid the end play.

The idiosyncrasy of bridge players is funny. Declarer should have stripped the hand by ruffing a heart, so that West is really end-played. However, declarer thinks that by leading a low club from dummy, the opponents will make a mistake by going up high and so on. In other words, he thinks he should induce his opponents to make a mistake. In turn, declarer is making a mistake. The end play will never succeed unless West had a doubleton club. Therefore, clubs do not have to be led up to. Declarer can just play away from his hand.

Fashion Hints

NEA

Lipstick stays on better and longer if allowed to set for a few minutes after it is applied. Then you may blot the excess gently with tissue.

• • •

Your skin's health depends upon the care you give it. To revitalize it, stimulate circulation with a brush while bathing.

Announcements

HONSHU LODGE NO. 8 F and AM will confer the first degree in Masonry at 7 p.m. Sept. 12 at Tokorozawa, Bldg. 222. All Masons are cordially invited.

SEIJO INTERNATIONAL CLUB regular monthly meeting will be held at 8 p.m. Tuesday, Sept. 13 in the residence of Dr. and Mrs. John P. Mayberry, 404 Seijo Machi (tel. 416-1471). The program scheduled for the evening will be a discussion and display of different individual hobbies. Please bring all information about your hobby. The Mayberrys have just returned from a trip to the U.S. and we hope we may expect them to recount some of their experiences for us. Attendance should be indicated to the secretary, Miss Reiko Iijima (tel. 416-0842) on or before Sunday, Sept. 11.

SOCIETA CORELLI, Italian chamber orchestra, will perform at Tojo Kaikan, Hanzomon, Sept. 14 at 6:30 p.m. A limited number of tickets may be had by calling the Italian Cultural Institute 301-0853 (Apologies for wrong telephone number given in previous announcement.)

Milk Universal in Diverse Forms

By RENNIE AIRTH

GENEVA (Kyodo-Reuter)—Milk, whether from cow, camel, sheep, goat or buffalo, is drunk in every country of the world, and the methods of processing it are almost as numerous as the countries themselves.

Recently, an expert committee of the World Health Organization and the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization met to discuss milk hygiene. In the course of its work, the committee drew up a list of milk products and processes which indicate the many diverse forms in which milk is consumed around the world.

Broadly speaking, European traditional methods make use of fresh milk rather than boiled, while in Asia, the opposite is generally the rule.

In North America and some Western European countries, industrial production of soured and fermented milks has partly taken over and adapted some of the traditional names and methods, as, for example, "yogurt" and "kefir."

Among the more popular milk products of Western Europe is the so-called "long milk" found in the Scandinavian countries with acid formers to produce a palatable product with exceptional keeping qualities. This is known as "langmjolk" of "lattemjolk" in Sweden, "taette" in Norway, and "pitkapiima" in Finland.

Another popular Norwegian speciality is "kjaeldermelk," or cellar milk, which is made by placing the "taette" fermentation in cellars in huge, spotlessly clean barrels and keeping the milk at about 10 degrees centigrade. After a time, the milk loses its viscosity but retains a pleasantly acid flavor and can be kept in a wholesome condition for as long as a year.

Yogurt and yogurt products are the traditional form of sour milk in Greece, Romania, Hungary, Turkey, the Caucasus and neighboring countries. Often, they are the main form in which milk is taken.

In these countries, cow, goat, sheep or buffalo milk is used, mostly, whole but in some places skimmed. It is boiled until reduced in volume, allowed to cool at around 45 degress centigrade, innoculated with a "starter" from the previous day's yogurt and then kept warm until it is clotted and viscous. When the milk has been concentrated by boiling, the yogurt is usually diluted with water for drinking.

A traditional sour milk product of the Indian subcontinent is "dahi." In the traditional method of manufacture, whole milk is brought to the boil, cooled to body temperature and placed in unglazed earthenware vessels which are kept warm in a wrapping of cloth or hay.

Sometimes a small amount of the previous days "dahi" is used as a starter, but generally the organisms in the pores of the vessels are sufficient to start a vigorous fermentation.

Yogurt and yogurtlike products are taken in many ways and form the basis of many staples dishes. In the Mediterranean countries, the products are stored in jars for long keeping under a layer of fat, or they are dried in the sun.

Perhaps the most unusual and exotic of all milk products is that made by the Laplanders. Before the onset of their long winter, these hardy northerners put reindeer milk in a stomach taken from a reindeer's carcass and place it in the heat and smoke over an open fire.

As the milk evaporates, it is replenished until after two or three week's "curing," the stomach is filled with a dried, grainy product.

One stomach lasts a Lapp family almost all the winter.

The Yokohama Armed Forces Officers' Club held its monthly luncheon on Tuesday at the Yokohama Commissioned Officers' Mess. Recently elected officers are left to right: Mrs. Hardin W. Hegwood, secretary; Mrs. Robert H. P. Dunn, vice president; Mrs. William E. Neely, president; Mrs. Marvin A. Maroun, honorary president; and Mrs. Niel E. McNeill, treasurer.

Television

Today's TV Choice

7:00-7:15 a.m.—Rome Olympic Report (also 1:15 & 11:10 p.m. ch. 4), (7:10 a.m., 3:00 & 11:06 p.m. ch. 6), (7:15 & 11:00 a.m. ch. 1), (7:30 a.m. & 11:15 p.m. ch. 8), (8:50 a.m., 3:30 & 11:31 p.m. ch. 10)

9:00-9:30—Sunday Concert: Symphony No. 4 in A Maj. Op. 90 "Italian" (Mendelssohn), with NHK Sym. Orch. (ch. 6)

11:00-11:45—Bluebird Concert: Serenade in C Maj. Op. 48 (Tchaikovsky), with Japan Phil. Orch. (ch. 8)

1:15-3:00 p.m.—Kabuki "Ichijo Okura Banashi," with Kanzaburo Nakamura, Tokizo Nakamura, Kanya Morita, others, from Kabukiza (ch. 6)

1:37-3:09—U.S. Movie: "Brazil" (Republic production) (in English) (ch. 1)

9:15-9:45—U.S. Movie: "The Twilight Zone" (A World of Difference) (dubbed in Japanese) (ch. 4)

9:30-10:00—TV Reportage: "Face of Japan" (jobless miners) (ch. 1)

10:45-11:15—Japanese Entertainment: "Joruri" (puppet) "Seshu Gappo-ga Tsuji," Wakadayu Toyotake, Katsutaro Nozawa, others (ch. 1)

See calendar on sports page for televised sports events

(Ch. 1) NHK (JOAK-TV)

7:00 a.m. — News, 7:15 — Rome Olympic Report (also 11:00 a.m. & 8:00 p.m.), 7:30-8:00 —Physics of Atomic Age
8:00—News, 8:40—World Countries
9:00—Sunday Home Class, 9:40 — Marionette
12:00 p.m.—News, 12:15 — Film, 12:30—Movie, 12:57—Densuke Comedy
1:37—U.S. Movie "Brazil" (in English)
3:09—Movie Short, 3:30—Sumo (1st day)
6:00—Children's Drama, 6:25—Danger Signal
7:00—News, 7:20—Popular Songs
8:30—Detective Drama
9:15—Comic Story, 9:30—Face of Japan
10:00—News, 10:20—Overseas News, 10:45 — Japanese Entertainment (puppet) "Seshu Gappoga Tsuji"

(Ch. 3) NHK (JOAB-TV)

11:30 a.m.—Industrial Movie Class
7:00 p.m. — Sunday University (talk)
8:00—Today's Problem, 8:30—Art Theater (Japanese dance)
10:00—Physics of Atomic Age

(Ch. 4) NTV (JOAX-TV)

7:00 a.m.—Olympic Report (also 1:15 & 11:10 p.m.), 7:20—TV Religious Hour
8:00—Sunday News Show
9:00—News, 9:15—Overseas Topics, 9:45—Baseball Class
10:00—Comedy, 10:30—Drama
11:00—Movie "20th Century"
12:00 p.m.—News, 12:15—Drama, 12:45—Star Theater
2:15—Shimpa "Kappa Sensei-to Sono Deshi," from Shimbashi Embujo
4:00—Sumo (1st Day)
6:15—World News, 6:30—Mitsuko Kusabue Show
7:00—Drama (color, 7:30—Movie "Boots and Saddles"
8:00—Pro Baseball, Kokutetsu vs. Yomiuri
9:00—Today's Events, 9:10—Sports, 9:15—Movie "The Twilight Zone," 9:45—Sunday Stage (drama) "Mouth D. D"
10:30—Comedy, 10:45—Chorus
11:00—Sports Telenews (in English)

(Ch. 6) KRT (JOKR-TV)

7:10 a.m.—Rome Olympic Report (also 3:00 & 11:06 p.m.), 7:50 —Sports Flash
8:20—Overseas News
9:00—Sunday Concert, 9:45—Weekly News
10:00—Puppet, 10:30—Film
11:00—Comedy, 11:30—Popular Songs
12:00 p.m.—News, 12:15—Comedy, 12:45—Popular Songs
1:15—Kabuki "Ichijo Okura Banashi," from Kabukiza
3:30—Sumo (1st Day)
6:00—Samurai Drama "Furisode Kenpo," 6:30—Comedy
7:30—Drama, 7:30—Cartoon Movie "Popeye"
8:00—Pro Baseball, Hanshin vs. Chunichi
9:45—Toshiba Theater (drama)
10:45—News, 10:55—Sports
11:21—Overseas News, 11:31—Weekly Sports

(Ch. 8) FUJI (JOCX-TV)

7:30 a.m.—Rome Olympic Report (also 11:15 p.m.)
8:10—Sports, 8:45—Film "Akita Dog"
9:00—Movie "Maboroshi Tantei," 9:30—Movie "Kaiju Marin Kongu"
10:30—Sports Class (swimming)
11:00—Bluebird Concert, 11:45—News Highlight
12:00 p.m.—Sunday Salon, 12:15—Popular Songs, 12:45—Comedy
1:15—Stage Drama "Himo," from Shimbashi Embujo (film)
3:15—Folk Song Album, 3:30—Sumo (1st day)
6:00—Comedy, 6:30—Movie "Tokyo G-Men"
7:00—Movie "Manhunt," 7:30—Samurai Drama "Kotengu Kotaro"
8:00—Drama 8:30—Movie "Richard Diamond"
9:15—Comedy, 9:45—News, 9:55—Sports
10:00—Drama "Lightning," 10:45—Invitation to Painting
11:00—Overseas Weekly News

(Ch. 10) NET (JOEX-TV)

8:15 a.m.—TV Religious Hour, 8:50 —Rome Olympic Report (also 3:30 & 11:30 p.m.)
9:00—Movie "Paris Man"
10:00—TV Zoo, from Ueno Zoo
12:00 p.m.—News, 12:15—TV Star Contest
1:00—Comedy, 1:45—All Japan Students Swimming Championship
3:50—Movie
4:20—News, 4:35—Weekly Sports
7:00—Movie "Dennis the Menace," 7:30—Amateur Variety Contest
8:00—Pro Baseball, Kintetsu vs. Daimai
9:30—Home Topics, 9:45—News
10:00—Married Life Interview, 10:30 —Movie "Medic"
11:00—Sumo Digest, 11:50—Sports, 11:55—Overseas News

All schedules on this page are subject to change without notice.

Screen and Stage

GRANT HEIGHTS: Crack in the Mirror (Orson Welles, Juliette Greco).

SOUTH CAMP DRAKE: Babette Goes to War (Brigitte Bardot, Jacques Charrier).

TACHIKAWA WEST: Walk Like a Dragon (Jack Lord, Nobu McCarthy).

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS: The Apartment (Jack Lemmon, Shirley MacLaine).

HIBIYA THEATER: Sergeant Rutledge, 10:50, 1, 3:15, 5:30, 7:45, (10, 12:20, 2:45, 5:10, 7:35), Sundays).

IMPERIAL THEATRE: Cinerama Holiday, 1, 4 & 7 p.m. (Sundays from 10 a.m.)

MARUNOUCHI SHOCHIKU: Nara Livet (Swedish) (Sun. 10:05), 12:00, 1:55, 3:50, 5:45, 7:40).

MARUNOUCHI TOHO: Devil's Doorway (11:00, 12:30, 2:20, 4:10, 6, 7:50).

NEW TOHO: Jazz on a Summer's Day, 11, 1, 3:15, 5:30, 7:45, (Sundays, 10, 12:40, 3,5:20, 7:40).

PICCADILLY: The Story of Ruth, 11:40, 2:20, 5, 7:40 (9:25 Sundays).

SCALAZA: Pickpocket, 11:10, 1:20, 3:30, 5:40, 7:50, (Sundays from 10:20 a.m.).

SHIBUYA PANTHEON: Walt Disney's "Sleeping Beauty," 9:10, 11, 1:10, 3:20, 5:30, 7:40.

SHIBUYA TOKYU: On the Beach; Cop Hater, 9:20, 12:20, 3:40, 7:00 (Sundays from 9:00), until Sept. 16.

SHINJUKU GEKIJO: Brides of Dracula (10:00, 12:55, 4:05, 7:15).

SHINJUKU TOKYU: On the Beach; Cop Hater, 10:20, 1:30, 4:30, 7:50, until Sept. 16.

SHINJUKU MILANOZA: Walt Disney's "Sleeping Beauty," 9:10, 11, 1:10, 3:20, 5:30, 7:40.

THEATER TOKYO: Ben Hur, 1:30, 6:00.

TOKYO GEKIJO: Walt Disney's "Sleeping Beauty," 9:30, 11:20, 1:30, 3:40, 5:50, 8.

UENO TOKYU: On the Beach; Cop Hater, 10:00, 1:20, 4:45, 8:20, until Sept. 16.

YURAKUZA: The Giant of Marathon, 10:35, 12:30, 2:25, 4:20, 6:15, 8:10.

YOKOHAMA

BILL CHICKERING: Toby Tyler (Kevin Corcoran, Henry Calvin).

CAMP ZAMA: The Time Machine (Rod Taylor, Yvette Mimieux).

PICCADILLY: Sleeping Beauty, Sundays from 9:30 a.m., 10:10, 11:30, 1:35, 3:40, 5:45, 7:50.

SCALAZA: Jazz on a Summer's Day (11:10; 1:10; 3:10; 5:20; 7:30) Until Sept. 14.

TAKARAZUKA: Brides of Dracula, Rails Into Laramie (10:50; 12:10; 3:18; 6:25.) Until Sept. 14.

Kabuki Performance: MUSUME DOJOJI: Dance number by Utaemon . . . female impersonator! NATSUMATSURI: Murder scene, grisly but strangely beautiful!
English Program Available
Admission: ¥1,200, ¥700
KABUKI-ZA
Z Ave., & 10th Tel: 541-3131

Stage

GEIJUTSUZA: Drama "The Wind of Tokyo" (Zengakuren and Police), 3 acts 9 scenes, (simultaneous English translation of the dialogue via Kikutaphon), 6 p.m., Sat. 1:30 & 6 p.m., Sun. 12:30 & 5:00 p.m.), until Oct. 2.

KABUKIZA: Part I: noon "Ichijo Okura Monogatari,"; Part II: 5 p.m. "Kochiyama Soshun," etc.; with Kichiemon Nakamura Kabuki Troupe, until Sept. 25.

MEIJIZA: Kabuki, Part I: 11:00 a.m. "Tsuchigumo,"; Part II: 5:00 p.m. "Natsumatsuri Naniwa Kagami," etc.; with Kikugoro Onoe Kabuki Troupe, until Sept. 25.

NICHIGEKI THEATER: "Victor Hit Parade," until Sept. 14.

Radio

Sunday, Sept. 11

FEN TOKYO (810 Kcs.)

6:05 a.m.—Sunday Morning Serenade, 6:30—Accent on Music, 7:05—Salon Strings, 7:30—Mormon Tabernacle Choir 8:05—Western Hymn Time 8:30—Ave Maria Hour, 9:05—Entertainment USA, 9:30—Negro College Choir, 9:55—Piano Interlude, 10:05—Invitation to Learning, 10:30—Continental Varieties, 11:05—Protestant Church Service.

12:15 p.m.—Major League Baseball, 2:30—USO Strings, 3:05—Tokyo Calling.

6:15—Enjoy Japan, 6:30—Greatest Story Ever Told, 7:05—Comedy Theater, 7:30—Howard Barlow Presents, 8:05—Fibber McGee and Molly, 8:30—Music from America.

9:10—Stars and Stripes Preview, 9:15—Music from Meiji, 9:30—Suspense, 9:55—Point of Law, 10:05—Sunday Concert, 11:05—Soft Lights Sweet Music, 11:30—One Night Stand

Monday, Sept. 12

12:05 a.m.—Round About Midnight, 1:05—One O'clock Jump, 1:30—One Night Stand, 2:05—While the City Sleeps, 3:05—Music for Everyone, 4:05—Dawn Patrol, 5:05—Five by Five, 5:15—Barnyard Jamboree.

JAPANESE STATIONS

JOAK (590 Kcs.) JOAB (690 Kcs.) JOKR 950 Kcs.) JOQR (1,130 Kcs.) JOZ, JOZ2, JOZ3, (3,925, 6,053 & 9,595 Kcs.) JOLF (1,310 Kcs.) JORF (1,480 Kcs.)

A.M. PROGRAM

5:00-5:30—Alps Music Tuner, (LF) 5:30-6:00—Popular Music, (RF)

8:05-9:00—Symphony No. 4 in E Min. Op. 98 (Brahms) Columbia Sym. (AK). 8:05-8:20—Orchestra Suite No. 2 (Bach). On Wings of Songs, (Mendelssohn). (KR)

10:15-11:00 — "Manfred" Overture, Op 115, Symphony No. 3 E Maj. Op 97 "Rhenish," (Schumann). (KR)

11:00-11:30—Stereo Hall, Dixieland Parade, (AK)

P.M. PROGRAM

12:00-12:30—Les Sylphides, Paris Consv. Orch, 12:10-1:00—Popular Music, J. Jones, E. Presley and P. Anka, (RF)

1:00-3:00—Violin Sonata G. Min. "Devil's Trill," (Tartini), Serenade K. 525 (Mozart), Carnaval Op. 9, (Schumann), (BK)

2:00-3:00—Tristan and Isolde, Prelude and Liebestod, (Wagner); Vienna Phil.; Violin Sonata D Maj. Op. 77, (Brahms); Symphony No. 6 A. Maj. (Bruckner), (BK). Vocal, Toshihiko Mizuno (ten.), "Les Adieux" Piano Sonata E Maj. Op 81a (Beethoven), (BK)

9:00-10:00—Symphony No. 9 D. Man. Op 125 "Choral" (Beethoven), Czech Phil. Orch., (BK), 11:00-11:30—"Hungarian March," (Berlioz), Lamoureux Sym. Orch., "Pictures at an Exhibition," (Mussorgsky), Berlin Phil. Orch., (RE)

AFTER MIDNIGHT

12:35-1:30—Concerto No. 5 "Emperor," (Beethoven), (KR), 12:30-1:00—Popular Music.

NHK-FM

4:00-6:00—Concerto for Violin & Orchestra, (Berg); Visions Fugitives, (Prokofiev), Violin Concerto C. Maj., (Hindemith), Four Seasons, (Milhaud), 6:00-7:00—Trio (Piano), (Beethoven), (Schumann), 7:00-9:00—Light Music, 9:00-10:00—Same as for BK

TOKAI-FM

11:00-1:00—Popular Music, Holiday in France, Ricardo Santos Band; 1:00-3:00—The Barber of Seville; 4:00-6:00—Popular Music; 7:00-8:00 —Symphony No. 5, C May. Op. 67, (Beethoven); 8:00-9:00—Hi-Fi Music; 10:00-11:00—Quintet A Op. 114, "Trout," (Schubert); Night on Bald Mountain, (Mussorgsky).

Autumn Sumo Meet Opening in Tokyo

The 15-day grand autumn sumo tournament opens at the Kuramae Kokugikan today with young Kashiwado making his debut as an ozeki (champion).

Veteran yokozuna (grand champion) Wakanohana will be the favorite, but will have to be at his best to outshine the 21-year-old grappler who has made a rapid rise in big-time sumo.

Waka will be out for his 10th championship.

Also expected to make a fine showing is the popular youngster Taiho, now a sekiwake, a step below ozeki.

Giant Asashio, the other grand champion besides Waka, has not been looking too good lately.

Champions Kotogahama and Wakahaguro also are not up to form.

Annenyama who has gained the sekiwake grade for the sixth time, and komusubi Iwakaze are among the wrestlers expected to make the going plenty rough for the higher rankers.

The autumn meet is the fifth of the year.

Main Bouts Today

Kanenohana 0-0 Hanenishiki
Tochinoumi 0-0 Hagurohana
Yoshinomine 1-1 Wakanokuni
Futatsuryu 1-0 Kairyuyama
Aonosato 3-3 Naruyama
Oikawa 2-0 Udagawa
Kiyonomori 2-2 Fukudayama
Tamanoumi 13-6 Wakamaeda
Fujinishiki 3-1 Wakasugiyama
Matsunobori 9-0 Kaizan
Shionishiki 13-9 Ohikari
Wakamisugi 3-2 Fusanishiki
Kitanonada 2-1 Tamahibiki
Annenyama 12-11 Tsurugamine
Taiho 2-0 Tokitsuyama
Kitabayama 5-3 Wakanoumi
Wakahaguro 2-0 Oginohana
Wakachichibu 3-0 Kashiwado
Kotogahama 13-4 Tochihikari
Asashio 16-8 Dewanishiki
Wakanohana 6-2 Iwakaze

Taiyo, Giants Keep Up Hot Pace in C.L.

The Central-League pace-setter Taiyo Whales rallied for a six-run outburst in the fourth inning to whip the Hiroshima Carp 10-0 last night at Kawasaki Stadium and maintain their winning margin over the Yomiuri Giants at two games.

Righthander Masahiko Oishi scattered four singles and posted his ninth win.

A crowd of 33,000 at Korakuen Stadium saw Shigeo (Golden Boy) Nagashima cap the Giants' six-hit attack with his 15th round-tripper in the fifth as the Giants shaded the Kokutetsu Swallows 3-1.

The Chunichi Dragons dropped a crucial game to the Hanshin Tigers 2-4 at Koshien Stadium near Osaka and are now trailing the Whales by three games.

In the Pacific League, the loop-leader Daimai Orions bowed to the cellarite Kintetsu Buffaloes 4-7 at Osaka's Morinomiya Ball Park.

The Buffaloes banged out four doubles in a row to drive in four big runs in the first frame and added three insurance runs in the third to sew up the game behind Ronald Bottler's six-hit pitching.

At Komazawa Stadium, the fifth-place Toei Flyers collected 25 safeties to sweep a doubleheader from the third-place Hankyu Braves 2-1 and 8-3.

A game scheduled between the Nishitetsu Lions and the Nankai Hawks at Heiwadai Ball Park in Fukuoka was rained out.

CENTRAL LEAGUE

(At Koshien, 7,000)

Chunichi	000 000 200	2	8	0
Hanshin	000 310 00x	4	9	0

W—Koyama (20-17). L—Oyane (14-9)

(At Kawasaki, 7,000)

Hiroshima	000 000 000	0	4	3
Taiyo	101 600 20x	10	10	0

W—Oishi (9-8). L—Hirose (3-8).

(At Korakuen, 33,000)

Yomiuri	000 010 101	3	6	1
Kokutetsu	000 000 100	1	4	0

W—Horimoto (26-15). L—Kaneda (17-21). HR-Nagashima (Y) 15th.

PACIFIC LEAGUE

(At Morinomiya, 5,500)

Daimai	000 102 010	4	6	1
Kintetsu	403 000 00x	7	7	1

W—Bottler (3-3). L—Sakai (1-2). HRs—Yamauchi (D) 30th, Hatta (D) 3rd.

(At Komazawa, 4,000)

Hankyu	010 000 000	1	8	2
Toei	000 001 01x	2	10	1

W—Hashizume (4-7). L—Yoneda (18-11).

2nd game

Hankyu	003 000 000	3	7	3
Toei	022 211 00x	8	15	0

W—Kubota (6-8). L—Kajimoto (20-13). HRs—Yamamoto (T) 11th, 12th, Matsuoka (T) 4th.

Local Standings

CENTRAL LEAGUE

	W	L	T	Pct.	GB	GL
Taiyo	58	49	4	.546	—	19
Yomiuri	58	53	3	.522	2	16
Chunichi	59	56	0	.513	3	15
Hanshin	55	54	4	.504	4	17
Hiroshima	49	56	6	.468	8	18
Kokutetsu	50	61	3	.452	10	16

PACIFIC LEAGUE

	W	L	T	Pct.	GB	GL
Daimai	71	41	3	.634	—	18
Nankai	66	46	6	.589	5	18
Hankyu	59	50	6	.541	10½	21
Nishitetsu	58	52	6	.383	28½	15
Toei	44	71	2	.383	28½	15
Kintetsu	40	78	1	.339	34	12

Ralston Upsets Australian Mark

FOREST HILLS, N.Y (UPI)—Slender young Denny Ralston of Bakersfield, Calif., became the dark horse of the national tennis championships' Friday by advancing to the men's singles semifinals on a four-set victory over Bob Mark of Australia, 1-6, 6-3, 6-3, 6-2.

Rod Laver of Australia, No. 2, put Bob Wilson of England, No. 8, out of the tourney, 9-7, 6-1, 6-3.

Champion Neale Fraser of Australia advanced to the semifinals against Ralston with an easy victory over Chuck McKinley of the U.S., 6-2, 6-4, 6-2.

Johnson Heads Weightlift Body

ROME (UPI) — Clarence Johnson of Detroit was elected president of the International Weightlifting Federation Friday night. Vienna was chosen for the 1961 world's championships.

STANDINGS

By The Associated Press

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	81	56	.591	—
New York	79	55	.590	½
Chicago	77	59	.566	3½
Washington	70	66	.515	10½
Cleveland	67	68	.496	13
Detroit	61	75	.449	19½
Boston	60	76	.441	20½
Kansas City	48	88	.353	32½

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Pittsburgh	83	52	.615	—
St. Louis	76	57	.571	6
Milwaukee	76	59	.563	7
Los Angeles	72	62	.537	10½
San Francisco	67	68	.496	16
Cincinnati	62	76	.449	22½
Chicago	53	80	.398	29
Philadelphia	50	85	.370	33

Leading Bucs Edge Cubs; Orioles Bow

NEW YORK (AP)—The New York Yankees closed within a half-game of the American League lead with a 4-1 victory at Detroit Friday night while the Chicago White Sox spilled first place Baltimore 5-2. Pittsburgh retained a six-game bulge in the National League, beating Chicago's Cubs 4-3 on a two-run triple of sub Short-stop Dick Schofield and one-pitch relief by Elroy Face.

Second-place St. Louis kept the Bucs from widening the gap by defeating Philadelphia 4-1 in a game held to five innings by rain. Third place Milwaukee slipped seven games behind—with 19 to play—as Los Angeles rapped the Braves 5-3.

Washington defeated Cleveland and Nemesis Mudcat Grant 8-2, with Jim Lemon driving in five runs on a pair of homers and Kansas City defeating Boston 3-2 on a three-hitter by Bud Daley.

In the other N.L. action, San Francisco and Cincinnati split a two-night doubleheader. The Giants won the opener 4-2 on Willie McCovey's ninth-inning homer, and Willie Jones' single in the ninth gave the Reds the nightcap 3-2 as Bob Purkey won his 17th with a three-hitter.

Linescores

By The Associated Press

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago	010 000 002	3	7	2
Pittsburgh	020 002 00x	4	7	1

Ellsworth, Wright (7) and Thacker; Mizell, Face (9) and Smith. W—Mizell (11-7). L—Ellsworth (6-12).

Los Angeles	020 002 010	5	12	1
Milwaukee	000 200 010	3	5	2

Williams, L. Sherry (8) and Pignatano; Buhl, McMahon (9) and Crandall. W—Williams (13-8). L—Buhl (14-9). HR—Milwaukee, Aaron (36).

St. Louis	100 03	4	8	0
Philadelphia	000 01	1	4	0

(5 innings, rain)

Jackson and H. Smith; Roberts and Dalrymple. W—Jackson (16-12). L—Roberts (9-14). HR—St. Louis, Moryn (12).

San Francisco	000 001 012	4	7	1
Cincinnati	100 001 000	2	8	1

Sam Jones Antonelli (8) and Schmidt; Maloney, Genry (9) and Bailey. W—Antonelli (5-7). L—Maloney (1-5). HRs—San Francisco, Bressoud (8), McCovey (12). Cincinnati, Bailey (13).

San Francisco	000 110 000	2	3	2
Cincinnati	002 000 001	3	10	0

(2nd game)

O'Dell and Schmidt; Purkey and Bailey. W—Purkey (17-8). L—O'Dell (7-11). HR—San Francisco, Kirkland (17).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Baltimore	000 000 020	2	7	0
Chicago	210 000 11x	5	12	0

Estrada, Stock (4), Walker (6), Hoeft (7), Jones (8) and Triandos; Shaw, Baumann (8) and Lollar. W—Shaw (13-12). L—Estrada (16-9).

Washington	000 203 201	8	13	3
Cleveland	000 000 002	2	7	0

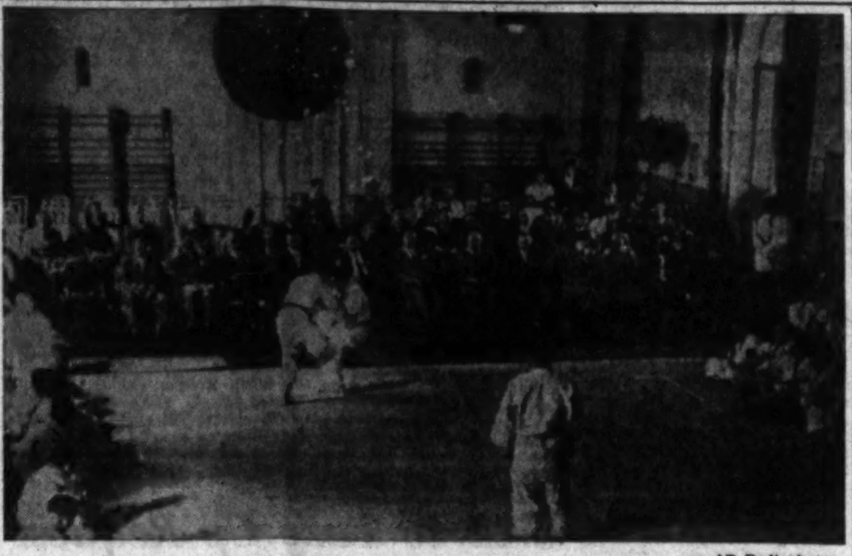
Ramos and Battey; Grant, Newcombe (7) and Romano. W—Ramos (11-15). L—Grant (9-8). HRs—Washington, Killebrew (26), Lemon 2 (37). Cleveland, Power (7).

New York	012 010 000	4	6	2
Detroit	000 000 010	1	6	0

Stafford and Berra; Bruce, Sisler (6), Aguirre (8) and Foiles. W—Stafford (3-1). L—Bruce (3-6). HRs—New York, Lopez (7), Maris (37). Detroit, Cash (17).

Boston	000 010 001	2	3	0
Kansas City	000 001 20x	3	9	3

Wilson, Nichols (6) and H. Sullivan; B. Daley and Kravitz. W—B. Daley. (14-14). L—Nichols (0-1). HRs—Kansas City, Snyder (4), Boston, Clinton (7).



AP Radiophoto

Members of the Japanese Olympic wrestling team tussle with Italian police-school students in a judo exhibition match held Saturday in Rome.

Soviet Glamor Girls Win 3 Individual Gymnastic Titles

ROME (AP)—The Soviet Union's glamor girls swamped the field in the individual championships of the Olympic women's gymnastics tournament Friday's completing the route of the world's best gymnasts which they began Tuesday.

The svelte Russians, as graceful as ballet dancers, danced off with the first three places in all four events held Friday with one exception. They lost the gold medal in the beam event to Eva Bosakova, a poised housewife from Czechoslovakia.

With that one execption, it was like festival day in Red Square with Soviet Flags fluttering up the victory poles to the Soviet anthem in monotonous repetition.

Japan's Keiko Ikeda wound up in fifth place in the two events for which she qualified—the beam and the uneven bars. But she won popularity honors over the Russians.

The Tokyo housewife had the biggest ovation from the intensely partisan Italian crowd when the athletes were introduced, and the spectators stopped proceedings for 15 minutes booing, jeering and whistling in protest over what they thought was a low score given her by a Soviet judge in the parallel bars.

Larisa Latynina, four-time gold medalist at the Melbourne Games, had plenty of competition this time—almost all from teammates.

Blonde Polina won the uneven parallel bars with a superb demonstration of grace and timing which earned the top 9.80 points, but lost out to her teammate's superior artistry in the free standing exercises.

Margarita Nikolaeva won the gold medal in the long horse, while Sofia Muratova, of a husband-and wife gymnast team such as the Takashi Ono's of Japan, won a silver and a bronze medal.

Following are final placing in the women's individual gymnastics competition Friday:

Long Horse:

1. Marcarita Nikolaeva, Russia, 19.316
2. Sofia Muratova, Russia, 19.049
3. Larisa Latynina, Russia, 19.016
4. Adolfina Tacova, Czechoslovakia, 18.783
5. Sonia Iovan, Romania, 18.766
6. Polina Astakhova, Russia, 18.716

Parallel Bars:

1. Polina Astakhova, Russia, 19.616
2. Larisa Latynina, Russia, 19.416
3. Tamara Ljukhina, Russia, 19.390
4. Sofia Muratova, Russia, 19.382
5. Keiko Ikeda, Japan, 19.333
6. Sonia Iovan, Romania, 10.-

Beam:

1. Eva Bosanova, Czechoslovakia, 19.263
2. Larisa Latynina, Russia, 19.283
3. Sofia Muratova, Russia, 19.232
4. Margarita Nikolaeva, Russia, 19.183
5. Keiko Ikeda, Japan, 19.132
6. Vera Caslavska, Czechoslovakia, 19.083

Free Standing Exercise:

1. Larisa Latynina, Russia, 19.583
2. Polina Astakhova, Russia, 19.532
3. Tamara Ljukhina, Russia, 19.449
4. Eva Bosakova, Czechoslovakia, 19.383
5. Sofia Muratova, Rusia, 19.349
6. Sonia Iovan, Romania, 19.232.

Thompson Fails to Set Land Speed Mark

BONNEVILLE SALT FLATS, Utah (AP)—Speed driver Mickey Thompson became the fastest human on wheels at 406.6 miles per hour Friday, but his auto broke a drive shaft and he failed to set a two-way land speed record on the Bonneville salt flats.

He called off further attempts to break the record of 394 miles an hour immediately and said he would take both his car and his crew back to El Monte, Calif., for a brief rest.

"But we'll be back in a week," Thompson promised.

Today's Sports With TV Programs

Pro Baseball—Central League: Yomiuri vs. Kokutetsu, 7 p.m., Korakuen Stadium (TV Ch. 4, 8-9 p.m.); Taiyo vs. Hiroshima, doubleheader, 4:30 p.m., Kawasaki Stadium; Hanshin vs. Chunichi, doubleheader, 4:30 p.m., Koshien Stadium (Ch. 6, 8-9:45 p.m.). Pacific League: Toei vs. Hankyu, doubleheader, 4:30 p.m., Komazawa Stadium; Kintetsu vs. Daimai, 4:30 p.m., Nissei Stadium (Ch. 10, 8-9:30 p.m.); Nishitetsu vs. Nankai, doubleheader, 5 p.m., Heiwadai Stadium. **Sumo**—Grand Autumn Tournament, first day, 9 a.m. (Ch. 1, 3:30-5:50 p.m., Ch. 4, 4-5:55 p.m., Ch. 6, 3:30-5:40 p.m., Ch. 8, 3:30-5:40 p.m.). **Horse Racing** — Tokyo Races, 4th day, 11:30 a.m., Fuchu; Kyoto Races, second day, 11 a.m., Yodo; Oi Races, first day, noon, Oi.

Soviet, Pole Gain Crowns In Lifting

ROME (AP)—The Soviet Union won first and second places in the Olympic middle-heavyweight weightlifting early Saturday to increase its domination of the event.

The gold medal was taken by Russia's Arkadiy Vorobiev who had a three-event (press-snatch-jerk) total of 472.5 kilograms and set a new world record. It bettered his own mark of 470 set in 1957.

His countryman, Trofim Lomakin, captured the second place silver award, with 457.7 kilos.

Louis Martin of Great Britain took the third place bronze medal in the middle-heavy division of weightlifting, with a total lift of 445 kilos.

Yank Second

ROME (Kyodo-Reuter) — Poland's Ireneusz Palinski won the Olympic weightlifting light-heavyweight gold medal here Friday.

The silver medal went to James George of the United States and the bronze to Jan Bochenek, another Pole.

Palinski, the Polish champion, won with a total lift of 442.5 kilograms (975¼ pounds).

He beat his own world record for the jerk with a heavy heave of 190 kilograms (396¾ pounds).

Italy Defeats Britain to Win Epee Gold Medal

ROME (AP)—Italy surged to its second fencing gold medal Friday, overpowering Britain in the finals of the team epee tournament, 9-5.

Britain was second to win the silver medal.

Giuseppe Delfino, who won a gold medal in the epee individual two days previously, was mainstay of the Italian team.

In the epee individual championship—as in the team meet concluded Friday—Britain had to settle for second place.

The British champ, Allan Jay, was beaten by Delfino in the individual meet.

Russia won the team epee bronze medal by beating Hungary, 9-5.

Hungary finished fourth.

Poland Enters Saber Semifinals

ROME (AP) — Poland went into the semifinals of the Olympic team sabre championship, eliminating Germany in the quarterfinals. The score was 9-2.

The victorious team will now meet the winner of the quarterfinal encounter between United States and Russia.

Semifinals and finals will be held later Saturday.

Team sabre quarterfinal results:

Hungary eliminated Romania, 9-3. Hungary will not meet the winner of a match between Italy and France in the semifinal.

Japanese Enter Motorcycle Race

MONZA, Italy (AP)—Japanese, entered this year for the first time, placed ninth and 10th in the first round of qualifying trials in the 125-c.c. class for Sunday's Grand-Prix-of-Nations motorcycle races here.

The races are the final events counting for the world drivers' and manufacturers' championships.

Russians Propose Exchange Visits by Matmen, Gymnasts

ROME (Kyodo)—Russia proposed Friday that Japan and Soviet Russia start off their sports exchange program with a swap of visits to each other's country of wrestlers and gymnasts.

The proposal was made when Japanese and Soviet sports officials held their second meeting at the Olympic Village in Rome to discuss plans for the carrying out of the exchange of coaches and athletes.

At the first meeting, held Sept. 4, the two sides agreed in principle on the exchange of coaches over a two-year period and athletes over a four-year period.

The conference Friday was held to discuss the detailed points concerning the program.

It was attend by Kamakichi Oshima and Hironoshin Furuhashi of the Japanese headquarters to develop athletes for the 1964 Tokyo Olympics and A.S. Peslyak, deputy chairman of the Soviet Olympic Committee.

At the meeting, the Soviet side proposed that the program commence with an exchange of wrestling and gymnastic teams of the two countries.

It also proposed that 10 to 15 coaches of three or four sports categories be exchanged at one time.

The Russians said they planned to have the Japanese coaches visit their country to receive briefing first before engaging in coaching activities in their respective fields.

They said Russia would also be willing to cooperate with Japan in the field of sports medicine.

Closing Day Schedule

(All Local Time)

RIDING

3 p.m. and 11 p.m., Sept. 11, grand prix jumping events.

CLOSING CEREMONY

1 a.m., Sept. 12.

USSR Clinches Top Laurels In Rome Games

ROME (UPI)—Russia clinched the unofficial Olympic team title Friday with an avalanche of points in women's gymnastics and men's wrestling but the United States topped its gold medal total of four years ago on a dramatic victory by Marine Capt. Bill McMillan in rapid fire pistol shooting.

When Arkadiy Vorobiev won the middle heavyweight weightlifting event for Russia's 38th gold medal it gave the Soviet team an insurmountable lead of 723-532½ over the second place Americans. The Russians are loaded in men's gymnastics coming up Saturday and about all the U.S. can look for is wrapping up the basketball gold medal against Brazil Saturday night.

McMillan, a 31-year-old marksman from Turtle Greek, Pa., who won the 1958 world championship in Moscow, gave the U.S. its 33rd gold medal of the Games by winning a tense shoot off with a Finn and a Russian after a three-way tie for first place. Americans won 32 gold medals in the 1956 Olympics at Melbourne.

But the Yanks lost a chance for another gold medal Friday when light-heavyweight weightlifter Jim George of Akron, Ohio, was beaten by Poland's Ireneusz Palinski and there was no stopping the poised, precise lady gymnasts from the Soviet Union who piled up 75 points in four events.

George picked up five points for his silver medals in the lift and James Clark of Bartlesville, Okla., added a surprise fourth in the clay pigeon shoot won by Ion Dumitrescu of Romania.

Palinski of Poland won the light-heavyweight gold medal with record lifts.

Ion Dumitrescu of Romania won the eight-hour nonstop clay pigeon contest in a close finish with the defending champion, Galliano Rossino of Italy.

India's 32-year-old domination of Olympic field hockey ended Friday as world champion Pakistan edged the Indians, 1-0, in the final. In the finals at Melbourne in 1956, India had beaten Pakistan by the same score, but Pakistan foreshadowed Friday's victory when it beat India in the Asian Games two years ago. Inside Left Nasser Ahmad scored the goal at 12 minutes of the first half, and Pakistan beat off fierce Indian attacks in the second half. Australia beat New Zealand, 2-1, for fifth place, giving New Zealand sixth. Spain already had had clinched third and Britain fourth, as Spain won, 2-1.

Olympic Standings

ROME (UPI)—Unofficial team standings in the 1960 Olympic Games after Friday's competition: (points awarded on the basis of 10, five, four, three, two and one respectively for the first six places):

1. Russia 723
2. United States 532½
3. Germany 298½
4. Italy 246
5. Poland 155¾
6. Hungary 154½
7. Australia 140 1/3
8. Britain 134 7/12
9. Japan 90½
10. Romania 85½
11. Turkey 85
12. Czechoslovakia 79½
13. Sweden 63 1/3
14. Denmark 45
15. France 45¾
16. Finland 41
17. Holland 39¾
18. Bulgaria 38½
19. New Zealand 32
20. Switzerland 29
21. Belgium 26
22. Iran 22
23. South Africa 21½
24. Norway 17½
25. (Tie) Austria 15, Canada 15, Pakistan 15
28. Yugoslavia 13
29. Argentina 11½
30. (Tie) Greece 10, Mexico 10, West Indies 10
33. UAR 9½
34. India 9
35. Brazil 7
36. Korea 6
37. (Tie) Taiwan 5, Singapore 5, Portugal 5, Ghana 5
41. (Tie) Iraq 4, Spain 4, Kenya 4
44. (Tie) Cuba 3, Puerto Rico 3, Rhodesia 3, Ireland 3
48. (Tie) Iceland 2, Venezuela 2
50. Bahamas 1

(Because there are only four places in some events, the point totals do not add up to 25 points for each event).

The medal standings in the 1960 Olympics at the end of Friday's competition (gold for first, silver for second and bronze for third).

	Gold	Silver	Bronze
Russia	38	28	29
United States	33	18	15
Italy	13	9	8
Germany	10	19	11
Turkey	7	2	0
Australia	6	7	6
Hungary	5	8	6
Poland	4	5	11
Romania	3	1	6
Czechoslovakia	3	1	3
Britain	2	6	12
Japan	2	6	5
Denmark	2	3	1
New Zealand	2	0	0
Bulgaria	1	3	2
Sweden	1	1	3
Austria	1	1	0
Pakistan	1	0	1
Norway	1	0	0
Greece	1	0	0
France	0	2	2
Belgium	0	2	2
Switzerland	0	2	2
Iran	0	1	3
Finland	0	1	3
Holland	0	1	2
South Africa	0	1	2
UAR	0	1	1
Argentina	0	1	1
Canada	0	1	9
Yugoslavia	0	1	9
Portugal	0	1	9
Ghana	0	1	9
Singapore	0	1	9
India	0	1	9
Taiwan	0	1	0
West Indies	0	0	2
Brazil	0	0	1
Mexico	0	0	1
Iraq	0	0	1
Spain	0	0	1

(The silver and bronze medals do not equal one for each event because there are two medals in silver and bronze awarded in some cases of ties).

Fuchu Races

Track—fast. (f) first choice (c) contender (d) dark horse (s) sleeper.

1st race: Arabs; 1,000 (7): (f) Kitanohomare 2 (c) Musashi 5 (d) Mitsuhaya 6 (s) Hole-in-one 3 (2-5) (2-6) (2-3).

2nd race: 2-y-o; 1,000 (7): (f) Midori-manna 3 (c) Chikaradake 5 (d) Miss Torei 1 (s) Tsuru-koto 6 Meiji-hime 2 (3-5) (3x1) (1-6)

3rd race: 2-y-o; 1,000 (7): (f) Himeyuri 2 (c) Daisanitsu 5 (d) Hayasusumu 3 (s) Miss Yamataka 6 (2x5) (2-3) (5-6)

4th race: Arabs; 1,600 (8): (f) Tiger-go 6 (c) Go-raiko 5 (d) Yamato-sakura 3 (s) Tamanohana 2 Peacock 4 (6x5) (6-3) (5-2)

5th race: Arabs; Hurdle; 2,100 (9): (f) Tamanoboru 4 (c) Tamatsurugi 3 (d) Suzufuji 4 (s) Miss Boston 2 Chiehiro 6 (4x3) (4-4) (4-2)

6th race: Hurdle; 2,100 (5): (f) Rising-roll 5 (c) Star Sapphire 2 (d) Hidechidori 4 Horutaka 1 (5-2) (5-4) (2-4)

7th race: Arabs; 1,600 (6): (f) Tokino Rising 4 (c) Hirotomi 6 (d) Satsuma-hikari 5 (s) Fukumasaru 1 Akehaya 3 (4x6) (6-1) (5-6)

8th race: Special; 1,800 (7) (f) Haruhomare 6 (c) Torei 2 (c) Shozan 3 (s) Kamichikara 1 Ogurahikari 5 (6-2) (6x3) (2-1)

9th race: 3-y-o & up; 1,800 (5): (f) Grand Wizer 5 (c) Kazufuji 2 (d) Nippon-fuji 4 Ichi-queen 1 (5x2) (5-4)

10th race: MUSASHINO-SPECIAL; 2,000 (5): (f) Onward-again 4 (c) Tokinoun 2 (d) Takamagahara 1 (s) Hisabishi-homare 3 Seio 5 (4-2) (4-1) (2-3)

11th race: 3-y-o & up; 1,600 (5): (f) Hekisui 1 (c) Korin 5 (d) Haruchikara 3 (s) Hakunishiki 4 (1-5) (1-3) (3-5) (3-4)

12th race: 3-y-o & up; 1,600 (11): (f) Susumu-asahi 4 (c) Tokinosugata 2 (d) Suzukazeo 6 (s) Kuninohana 1 Fukumidori 5 (4x2) (4x6) (2-6)

Yesterday's Results

1st race: Izumi w-110; p-100; Asamahime p-210; c-280 (6-1) 2nd race: Ken Cup w-100; p-100; Ribbon-turf p-190; c-220 (4-2) 3rd race: Kaneminoru w-190; p-110; Tone p-160; White-dogs p-240; c-600 (1-6) Daily Triple ¥310 (6-4-1) 4th race: Yamato w-440; p-270; Great horse p-430; Masahana p-230; c-2,430 (6-4) 5th race: Sachinowakasa w-140; p-130; Nishihata p-110; c-220 (2-1) 6th race: Hatafumi w-810; p-270; St. Maria p-190; c-2,160 (3-2) 7th race: Hanatomoe w-720; p-230; Mizuho p-300; Tamakabuto p-140; c-1,880 (6-5) 8th race: Taian w-230; p-130; Seiryu p-190; c-540 (1-3) 9th race: Kazukoshi w-1,160; p-300; St. Rose p-200; Jump p-120; c-12,440 (1-2) 10th race: Kanekohikari w-220; p-120; Second Star p-140; c-780 (1-4) 11th race: Hakurin w-330; p-140; Hakutakara p-120; c-660 (2-6).

Hungary Winner Of Bronze Medal In Games Soccer

ROME (Kyodo-Reuter)—Hungary won the bronze medal in the Olympic Games soccer tournament Friday night by beating Italy 2-1 in the match to decide third and fourth places.

The luck was all against Italy, which had the major share of the play. One rasping drive hit the post, Goalkeeper Gabor Torog made half a dozen brilliant saves, and the ball was twice kicked off the goal line by the Hungarian defenders.

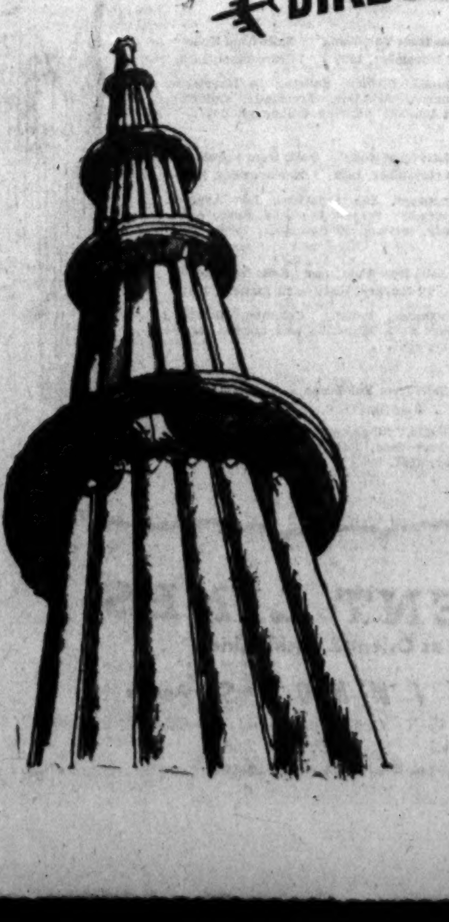
Czechs Capture 5th in Basketball

ROME (AP)—Czechoslovakia defeated Yugoslavia in an overtime Olympic basketball game early Saturday by a score of 98 to 93.

The regular game ended 87-87.

The Czech victory gave them fifth place in the tournament and automatically gave the Yugoslavs sixth.

Poland defeated Uruguay, 64, to 62, Friday night to win seventh place in the Olympic basketball championships. Uruguay automatically took eighth place.



DIRECT TO DELHI

Tokyo — Hong Kong — Bangkok — Calcutta — Delhi

DIRECT TO DELHI — Splendidly by Super Constellation.

Thriftily by Tourist Class or wantonly by First Class*...

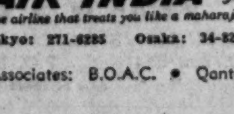
satisfyingly, with hand-maidens to wait on you...

enjoyably, with stopovers at Hong Kong, Bangkok and Calcutta —at no extra fare!

TOKYO — DELHI: Every Wednesday

easy onward connections to Europe, Moscow and the U.S.A.

* in dream-producing Slumberettes



AIR-INDIA

The airline that treats you like a maharajah

Tokyo: 271-6285 Osaka: 34-8253

Associates: B.O.A.C. • Qantas

Opening Sept. 12th !!

To keep yourself young and slender, Take more vegetable oil and seafood protein by eating

天 TEMPRA!

RESTAURANT with COZY BAR

Silk-Center, Yokohama Tel. (64) 0407, 0408

Open 11 a.m.—10 p.m.

Silk

PIZZA'S NICOLA'S PIZZA HOUSE

ITALIAN RESTAURANT

ALSO STEAK ROOM

TILL 4 AM DAILY

15TH ST. BETWN "B" & "D" AVES.

TEL: 481-4712, 7983

Beethoven Trio Recital

Wed. 21st Sept. 7.00 p.m. Toshi-Center Hall

Violin: Wolfgang Stavonhagen
Cello: Takatoshi Yoshida
Piano: Atsuko Ohori
Viola: Kisei Kitazume

Dvorak: Piano Quartet Es major op. 87
Beethoven: op. 106, from "Twenty-five Scotch Songs"
Ravel: Piano Trio A minor

Tickets now on sale ¥500, ¥350, ¥250 at all Playguides in Tokyo

Exports to Japan Up

Imports to America Maintain High Level

WASHINGTON (AP)—Imports to the U.S. from Japan stayed high during the first half of the year, the U.S. Commerce Department reports.

U.S. imports from Japan of rubber footwear, woolen textiles and steelmill products, increased during that period, according to the report, while U.S. purchase of Japanese radios dropped below the period for the previous six months.

U.S. sales in Japan, meanwhile, jumped by 48 per cent over the level for the first six months of 1959. The increases were concentrated in raw cotton and metals.

Imports to the U.S. from Japan, which jumped by 28 per cent during the last half of 1959, "maintained their high level," the department noted.

For the first half of 1960 the figures given in the department publication—Foreign Commerce Weekly—were U.S. imports from Japan: $580,000,000 the same as for the previous six-month period, and exports to Japan of $650,000,000, compared to $500,000,000 for the last half of 1950 and $440,000,000 for the first half of 1959.

Silk Shipments Rise

NEW YORK (AP)—U.S. imports of raw silk rose sharply last month to 7,426 bales, the American Silk Council reported. Of this amount, Japan accounted for 7,326 bales and Italy 100 bales.

The receipts compare with 4,520 bales in July and 4,255 bales in August last year.

Deliveries, including reexports, totaled 5,043 bales last month compared with 3,728 bales in July and 4,697 bales in August last year.

Stocks on hand at the end of last month totaled 8,863 bales compared with 6,480 at the end of July and 2,755 at the end of August last year.

Seoul Wants Japan to Lift Import Curb

SEOUL (AP)—Foreign Vice Minister Kim Yong Shik said Saturday Japan must lift all restrictions on imports of Korean goods in order to help obtain a balanced trade between the two countries.

Kim told a press conference "I hope Japan would settle this question before the scheduled preliminary negotiations in late October to create a favorable atmosphere for achieving successful results at the meeting."

He also said South Korea presented the amount of her potential exports to Japan when Foreign Minister Zentaro Kosaka visited here early this week.

The vice minister added this Korean proposal for balancing trade between Japan and Korea has been submitted to the Japanese Government through the Korean Mission in Japan.

Asked if his country would boycott the preliminary negotiations if Japan rejects the Korean proposal, Kim said "it is a separate question, but I believe Japan would do something on our proposal before we open the preliminary negotiations."

In the past, the trade volume between Japan and South Korea was more than two to one in favor of Japan.

Crude Steel Output Hits Record High

The Iron and Steel Federation announced yesterday that crude steel production for August registered a monthly high of 1,860,000 tons or one per cent more than the previous month.

The month's pig-iron output was placed at 1,000,000 tons, or the second biggest monthly figure following the previous month's record output of 1,016,000 tons.

Meanwhile, hot-processed ordinary rolled steel output amounted to 1,310,000 tons, also a new high.

Hot-processed special rolled steel production reached 94,000 tons or 1.3 per cent less.

Mining Index Climbs 3.2 Per Cent

The mining and manufacturing industries' shipment index for July stood at 209.8 against the standard of 100 set in 1955, or a 3.2 per cent increase over the previous month, the International Trade and Industry Ministry disclosed Friday.

The index, if seasonally adjusted, was an increase of 2.6 per cent over June, showing active equipment investment and other demands.

MITI also revealed that the industries' inventory index for July rose by 2.4 per cent over June to 186.5.

The seasonally adjusted index for inventory, however, showed a slight decrease of 0.4 per cent from the previous month.

JAL Passengers Smash Record

Domestic travel by Japan Air Lines hit an all-time high last month when 70,892 passengers were carried by the line—the highest number ever to use any airline in Japan in one month.

This represents a 36 per cent increase over the same month last year when 51,992 persons flew on JAL's domestic runs.

On the Tokyo-Sapporo run during the three summer months this year, JAL carried 76,539 passengers. The total was broken down as follows:

The Japan Air Lines traffic department calculated that its planes were operating at an average of 78 per cent of capacity during the three-month period.

In this period, 483 special groups of 17,379 passengers flew to and from Hokkaido showing a 30.8 per cent increase over the last year.

Correction

In the photo which appeared on Page 6 of yesterday's issue, the name of the manager of the new Hibiya branch of the Nomura Securities Co. should have read Takashi Nagano instead of Takashi Tatsuno.

India May Make Datsun Motorcars

NEW DELHI (AP)—Two Japanese autos and a German car Friday were posed alongside two models designed by the Indian Defense Ministry for possible selection for manufacture at the Indian Government factory of a low-priced family car.

They were Japan's Nissan Motor Company's Datsun cars—both 1,000 cc—and Germany's Lloyd Motoren Works' Lloyd-Alexander T. S.

A Defense Ministry spokesman said these two foreign makes were chosen because their manufacturers had agreed to collaborate with the Indian Government's plan to produce cars at 5,000 rupees, ($1,050) apiece.

The Government had rejected the German DKW, the British Miniminor, the French Renault and Dauphinuoise and the Italian Fiat-600 and one Indian-designed car as too expensive to produce in India.

Forestry Mission Departs for Nakhodka

YAWATA, Fukuoka Prefecture (Kyodo)—A five-man mission headed by Susumu Morita of the Forestry Administration Division, Forestry Agency, left here for Nakhodka yesterday morning aboard the 5,620-ton Shoryu Maru to inspect the Soviet lumber industry in the Amur River region.

During its two-week stay in the Soviet Union, the mission is scheduled to negotiate details of Japan's import of lumber from Amur River area.

The group will return to Japan early next month.

Baltic Exchange

LONDON (UPI)—Far Eastern trade was slow Friday on the Baltic Exchange and the only booking from that area was for the 11,000-ton Amstelmeer for wheat from Sydney to U.K. for October loading.

This freight was lower than the 85 shillings payable to Liberty-size tonnage but commensurate with the larger size.

Indian charterers have taken two tankers for grain.

They booked the 23,000-ton Panther from the U.S. Gulf to Bombay at $8.10 gross terms for October position and the 15,000-ton Pacific Leader from the North Pacific to Bombay for similar position at $7.15 gross terms.

U.K. charters booked the Okenias at the better rate of 53 shillings and 9 pence for wheat from the U.S. Gulf to picked ports U.K. for October and they took unnamed British tonnage from the Northern Range at 43 shillings and 6 pence for September/October for Glasgow discharge only. The Liberator was fixed from Norfolk to the Philippines for September/October position at $9.75 f.i.o. for a cargo of 9,500 tons of fertilizers. In the scrap market the Chrysanthi was fixed from the Northern Range to west Italy at $60,500 f.i.o. for September loading.

A-Electricity Likely to Be Cheap by '70

The Japan Atomic Industrial Forum predicted Friday that Japan will be generating electricity with atomic energy more economically than with coal or oil in the next decade.

JAIF gave this encouraging picture of Japan's atomic energy development for industrial purposes in its own long-range program. After further studies jointly by the Government, and the Japan Atomic Energy Commission as well as JAIF, the program is expected to be finalized and taken into consideration when AEC redrafts its long-range atomic energy development program at the yearend.

The new program features a remarkably bright outlook on Japan's peaceful nuclear energy development efforts as compared with a revised program recently published by AEC which put off the full development of atomic electric power generation 20 years ahead. The new program, for example, estimates the atomic electric generation between 1970 and 1979 at 2 million kilowatts more than AEC expected.

According to the new program, an estimated 1 million kilowatts of electricity will be generated by nuclear energy by 1960, chiefly on an experimental basis. But, by 1960, the cost of such electric generation will be cut down to between ¥2.40 and ¥2.80 per kilowatt as compared with ¥3.89 for the present thermal power generation. In the following 10 years, seven to eight million kilowatts of electricity, corresponding to one-third of all thermal power plants scheduled to be built in the period, will be produced with nuclear energy.

The cost of such a project will naturally be huge totaling ¥156 million in the first 10 years and ¥986 million to ¥1,272 million in the second 10 years.

The program also visualized the development of some commercially paying nuclear ships by 1960 and construction of up to 10 such ships by 1970.

Hongkong Quotations

HONGKONG (UPI)—Saturday's Hongkong dollar closing quotations: 5.67875 per U.S. dollar for cash; 5.6975 per T.T.; 15.92 per pound sterling; 253.375 per tael of gold; 147.25 per ¥10,000.

A group of 28 representatives of the Japan Machine Tool Manufacturers Association departed Tokyo Friday aboard an NWA DC8 jetliner for the United States. The group, headed by Kazuo Sugiyama, managing director of the association, will attend the Chicago Machine Tool Show to be held Sept. 11-15.

By-Passing Deadlock

CAB to Take Up Request By PAL for U.S. Routes

WASHINGTON (UPI)—Philippine Air Line's bid for a share of the hotly contested U.S.-Japan air traffic goes before the U.S. Civil Aeronautics Board next week. It faces stiff opposition from Pan American and Northwest Airlines.

A preliminary hearing by a CAB examiner was postponed from Sept. 7 to 13 to give Northwest an opportunity to send its most expert representative to the hearing.

PAL's move to by-pass the deadlocked negotiations on a permanent U.S.-Philippine civil air agreement and seek a simple permit directly from the CAB could lead to a compromise solution of a troublesome diplomatic issue.

But neither the U.S. airlines nor the State Department is rushing to accept the compromise, despite the implied Philippine threat to stop Pan American and Northwest flights to Manila Nov. 4 if a settlement is not reached.

PAL is asking CAB for an indefinite permit to operate a service between Manila and San Francisco via Tokyo and Honolulu. (If this were granted, the Philippines would still have the tough job of getting Japan to grant PAL trans-Pacific rights out of Tokyo).

The bid to tap both the Tokyo and Honolulu markets on a single trans-Pacific route is only one of several points of controversy in the deadlocked U.S.-Philippine negotiations on a permanent air agreement.

PAL's other controversial proposal in the air agreement talks are not included in the new application to CAB. These are a request for alternate routes to Los Angeles and via Anchorage and Seattle to New York, and a demand that combined passenger capacity offered by all U.S. trans-Pacific airlines serving Manila be restricted to no more than PAL offers.

The U.S.-Philippine negotiations were broken off last June when the United States rejected the 50-50 capacity-restriction proposal. But the U.S. lines and the State Department were also ready to oppose the extensive PAL route requests.

American officials said Friday they are not going to resume negotiations unless the Philippines modifies its demands. Philippine officials are counting on the pressure of the Nov. 3 deadline on the U.S. airlines' Manila permits to put the United States in a more compromising mood.

Wash. Fair Chief Arriving for Talks

Merville W. McInnis, president of the Washington State International Trade Fair, will arrive in Tokyo tomorrow at 9:50 p.m. by JAL to discuss plans for Japanese participation in the 1961 fair.

McInnis is scheduled to meet with Government officials, representatives of the Japan Export Trade Promotion Agency (JETRO) and with Japanese manufacturers.

Steel Mission Leaving For India Nov. 2

An 11-member Japanese iron-steel inspection mission, headed by Hisakazu Hirota, president of the Sumitomo Metal Industry Co., will leave for India Nov. 2.

The mission, consisting of technicians of various major iron-steel companies, is scheduled to inspect the Bhilai, Rourkela, Tata, Durgapur and Indian National Iron-Steel mills.

Record Crop Seen

WASHINGTON (AP)—The U.S. Agriculture Department said Friday a record harvest in Amercia now seems likely with most major crops registering gains during the past month.

Autumn Upturn Lags

Uncertain Atmosphere Envelops Wall Street

NEW YORK (AP)—An atmosphere of uncertainly settled over Wall Street this week as business and economic news continued drab and the normal autumn upturn seemed to be slow in coming.

In the four-day trading week, shortened by Monday's Labor Day holiday, volume was 10,852,200 shares compared with the previous week's total of 14,952,240 for a five-day week. The daily average was 2,713,050 shares compared with the prior week's average of 2,990,448.

Wall Street showed disappointment that no fresh inspiration was forthcoming after the Labor Day milestone. Steel production slipped to a mere 50.6 per cent of capacity. The U.S. Government revised new plant and equipment.

With the mood of the market hesitant and a gradual softening of prices under way, traders became impatient. To protect what profits remained from the August rally they began to unload.

The week's first session, Tuesday, produced a sharp decline. An even worse setback occurred on Wednesday, one of the year's sharpest.

The Dow Industrials were down 11.10 to 614.12.

The Associated Press average of 60 stocks fell 2.60 to 218.00.

The five most active issues this week on the New York Stock Exchange were:

Studebaker-Packard, off ½ at 12⅝ on 239,400 shares; Telautograph, unchanged at 16½; Ampex, off 2⅜ at 28⅛; Studebaker-Packard (when-issued), unchanged at 10⅛; and Standard Oil (New Jersey), off ¼ at 40⅞.

Japan Export Of Textiles To Canada Up

KINGSTON, Ontario, Canada (AP)—Textile imports to Canada from Japan were 93 per cent higher in 1959 than they were in 1957, a business administration expert said here.

Addressing international delegates at seventh Canadian Textile seminar, D.C. Partridge of the Department of Business Administration, Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Quebec, said that during the last decade much had been written on the subject of textile costs and foreign competition.

"We have heard that our declining profits are a result of a Japanese-union squeeze. The unions force us to pay higher wages and Japanese imports undercut us in the market," he said.

"The machine technology that once gave us a competitive advantage no longer exists. So clouded is our future, so black the outlook that many have said 'why worry about costs; sales are our problem.'"

Higher tariffs and import quotas would give temporary relief, he said. But more than government intervention was necessary.

Competition from low-wage countries was featured in an address by Raymond Charlebois of Dominion Textile Co. Ltd., Montreal.

"To check the never-ending growth of labor costs, and to remain competitive with the low-wage countries, we have to use the new ideas, theories and sciences that are at our disposal, in order to produce more for less," said Charlebois, discussing trends in cotton-processing equipment.

Export Contracts Show Increase

Export contracts validated for August totaled $355,031,000, the International Trade and Industry Ministry announced Friday.

The figure of $355,031,000 represented a 2.4 per cent gain over the previous month and a 17.5 per cent increase over the like period of the previous year, ranking second in postwar contracts validated for a month.

Items whose export gained tremendously were iron and steel, machinery (excluding shipping bottoms), chemical fiber products, cotton products, chemicals and sundry goods.

Export of vessels, however, decreased $20 million from the previous month.

Export-Import Bank To Finance Jetliners

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Export-Import Bank of Washington announced Friday it has agreed to participate in the financing of the sale of two four-engine jet airliners to El Al Israel Airlines Ltd., of Tel Aviv.

The bank, an agency of the U.S. Government, is lending $8,900,000. There was no mention of the amount remaining, which will be financed by El Al Israel and the manufacturer, the Boeing Aircraft Co.

The bank loan, which covers the major part of the total cost of the planes and necessary ground equipment, is repayable over a seven-year period.

Long-Range Plan

Kansai Electric to Develop 5 Million Kw. in 10 Years

OSAKA—The Kansai Electric Power Co. will develop 5 million kilowatts in the next 10 years, it was announced yesterday as a basic object of its long-range program. The development program is expected to be finalized at the end of this month.

Of the proposed 5 million kilowatts, some 4 million kilowatts will be supplied by thermal (oil-burning) stations that the company plans to build in the future. This indicates a drastic shift in the means of obtaining power from water to oil. Explaining the change, a company spokesman said the cost of thermal electricity was much reduced by utilizing heavy oil. Furthermore, he believed the petroleum prices would go down in the future. Thirdly, there is no longer any hydro-electric resources for economical power production in this area, he pointed out.

Some of the salient features of the 10-year plan under study are as follows:

The Kansai Electric will build in Sakai a thermal power station that will burn heavy oil exclusively. The project designed to develop from 600,000 to 1,000,000 kilowatts, will get under way in 1966 and will be completed in 1970. The site in the Sakai littoral industry belt measures some 660,000 square meters. A tie-up with an oil refinery company is being studied.

After an area in the south of the port of Osaka has been reclaimed, a thermal plant with a capacity of 600,000 kilowatts will be built there. A tie-up with the Arabian Oil Co. is being considered.

In collaboration with the Nippon Oil Co., the electric power company will construct a thermal plant with a capacity of 400,000 to 500,000 kilowatts in Nishinomiya. Negotiations for the purchase of land is under way with the local municipality.

In the Himeji district, the second Himeji thermal station of the company will be built. It will have a maximum capacity of 1,200,000 kilowatts. For the project, an area off the shoreline of Meka, Himeji, will be filled in to get a one million-square meter plot. The project will get under way sometime this year. A leading oil firm, Idemitsu Kosan Co., has proposed a tie-up with the power company. The Idemitsu plans to build there an oil refinery with a daily capacity of 80,000 barrels.

Thermometers Not Being Dumped: U.S.

The U.S. Treasury Department has officially denied that there has been any case of dumping of Japanese clinical thermometers on the U.S. market, according to the Japan Machinery Exporters Association.

The association Friday quoted a report from its office in Washington that the U.S. Government's official denial in favor of Japan was given in the treasury's official gazette issued Sept. 1.

The treasury's action stemmed from a complaint filed by U.S. thermometer manufacturers last February that the Japanese were selling medical thermometers at unfairly low prices in the U.S.

Japanese Group Reaches Hamburg

BONN (Kyodo-Reuter)—An 11-member Japanese trade mission from the Tokyo Chamber of Commerce and Industry arrived in Hamburg by plane Friday, a Japanese Embassy spokesman said.

The mission, led by Ikuno Fukuoka, is on a study tour of Europe which began on Aug. 29 with a visit to Copenhagen.

The group will stay three days in Hamburg and visit Berlin before coming to Bonn Tuesday. In Bonn the members will meet top West German industrialists and businessmen for a round-table discussion on West German-Japanese economic relations.

The mission's visit to West Germany will end in Duesseldorf on Friday 16, when it will leave for Paris to continue its tour of Europe. After France the team will visit Switzerland and Italy before returning home.

Currency Report

The Bank of Japan's note issue declined Friday by ¥800 million to ¥813,300 million. Loans outstanding diminished by ¥15,800 million to ¥450,900 million while the bank's national bond holdings rose by ¥8,300 million to ¥261,300 million.

Bank Clearings

(Sept. 10)

Bills Cleared 255,296
Value ¥88,874,000,000
Balance ....¥ 9,130,000,000

Tokyo's Airline, Airmail Schedules

(Subject to change without notice)

Sunday

Departures

		Mail Closing Time Ordinary	Registered
PAA	2350	1850	1755
Hawaii Is., Canton Is., Fiji Is., South Sea Is., U.S.A., West Indies, Central America (except Mexico, British Honduras), South America, (except Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay), Wake-Honolulu-San Francisco.			
NWA	2359	1350	1230
U.S.A., Alaska, Seattle.			
PAA	0830	2300	2300
Iran, Turkey, Cyprus, Greece.			
BOAC	1000 Mon.	2300	2300
India, Nepal, Indonesia, Malaya, West Pakistan, Afghanistan, Yemen, Persian Gulf, Portuguese, India, Iraq, London.			
NWA	0730	0850	0850
Okinawa-Taipei			
JAL	1000	1510 Sat	1310 Sat
Honolulu-San Francisco			
JAL	2359	2000	1835
Macao, China, N. Vietnam, Thailand, Malaya, N. Borneo, Sarawak, Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore.			

Arrivals

0600 PAA San Francisco-Honolulu
0530 NWA New York
2225 NWA Taipei-Okinawa
2245 CAT Hongkong-Taipei
1725 JAL Singapore-Bangkok-Hongkong
2245 PAA Hongkong
1345 BOAC London-Zurich
2240 BOAC London-Zurich-Beirut-Karachi-New Delhi-Calcutta-Bangkok-Manila
1310 AF/JAL Paris-Hamburg-Anchorage
0700 SAS Copenhagen via Anchorage

NOTICE

Kasugano Foreign Cemetery Removal

As regards the removal of the graves from the Kasugano Foreign Cemetery to the Shuhogahara Foreign Cemetery, based on the program to consolidate the local foreign cemeteries by enlarging and improving the Cemetery at Shuhogahara, the preparatory works have progressed smoothly, owing to the encouragement and guidance extended by the parties concerned. To be more concrete, the enlargement of the Shuhogahara Foreign Cemetery has been nearly completed, while relatives of the those buried at Kasugano have been located to the expected extent.

Accordingly, the work to transfer all graves from Kasugano to Shuhogahara will be started early in November, 1960.

We shall inform each of those relatives of the deceased (or the custodians of the graves) who have already sent in the "paper for entrusting the removal work," of the date of the work to remove the grave before ten days.

Kindly understand that the reburial will be conducted most respectfully, as we promised previously, with the cooperation of the International Committee of Kobe and Osaka and the religious organizations concerned and in the presence of foreign witnesses.

The City of Kobe

September 10, 1960

Polar Route à la carte?

Of course... with DC-7Cs!

Gourmet food? Naturally! KLM's the host with the most!

Back via India? If you like... no extra fare!

Service all right Royal Dutch Service... unexcelled!

Tourist class, too Absolutely! SleepAir or berths, too!

Sounds great! It is... fly KLM!

Beginning October 20 ... KLM DC-8 Intercontinental Jet Service to Europe by the exotic Southern Route

Book reservations through your Travel Agent. Or Call KLM Royal Dutch Airlines. Tokyo: 281-2751/5. Osaka: 36-3408, 8109

KLM Royal Dutch Airlines

EXPRESS PASSENGER SERVICES

Across the North Pacific between Japan and West Coast of America and Canada via Honolulu

Across the South Pacific between Australia and West Coast of America and Canada via Auckland, Suva and Honolulu

Between Japan and Australia via Hongkong and Manila

Around the World

S.S. "ORSOVA" (29,000 tons) .. Sails from Kobe 18 September, 1960 — Sails from Yokohama 21 September, 1960
For Honolulu, Vancouver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Honolulu, Suva, Auckland and Sydney, arriving 25 October, thence, on 14 November, Melbourne, Adelaide, Fremantle, Colombo, Port Said and London, arriving 13 December, 1960.

S.S. "IBERIA" (29,614 tons) ... Sails from Yokohama 12 November, 1960 — Sails from Kobe 14 November, 1960
For Hongkong, Manila, Sydney, arriving 30 November, thence, Melbourne, Adelaide, Fremantle, Colombo, Port Said and London, arriving 6 January, 1961.

S.S. "ORCADES" (28,000 tons) ... Sails from Kobe 23 November, 1960 — Sails from Yokohama 26 November, 1960
For Honolulu, Vancouver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, arriving 12 December, thence, Honolulu, Suva, Auckland and Sydney, arriving 30 December, 1960.

S.S. "CHUSAN" (24,215 tons) .... Sails from Yokohama 19 January, 1961 — Sails from Kobe 22 January, 1961
For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and London, arriving 23 February, 1961.

S.S. "ORSOVA" (29,000 tons) .... Sails from Yokohama 3 April, 1961 — Sails from Kobe 5 April, 1961
For Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Naples, Gibraltar, arriving London, 7 May, 1961.

P&O-ORIENT LINES

(Formerly known as Orient & Pacific Lines)

Agents — MACKINNONS — Agents

TOKYO: 271-0631/5 C.P.O. Box 854 — YOKOHAMA: 8-4341/5 P.O. Box 215 — KOBE: 3-6141/5 P.O. Box 246 — OSAKA: 23-5312/6

Also at Room 140, Imperial Hotel, Tokyo Tel. 591-0648

Domestic and Foreign Markets

TOKYO STOCKS

Kyodo

The stock market climbed further yesterday to set an all-time price high for the second consecutive day.

Speculative buying spread on a wide front as a result of a continued drop in the coal rate, while profits were taken on stocks showing early strength. Scarce and incentive-backed brands advanced sharply.

The Dow-Jones average rose to ¥1,191.84, showing an increase of ¥2.12 from Friday.

Some oils, bearings, electrical machineries and trades eased. Many light automobiles and machineries gained ¥5 to ¥18.

The half-day turnover was estimated at 80 million shares.

	Sept. 9	Sept. 10
SPECIFIED STOCKS		
Heiwa Real Estate	175	178
Tokyo Marine & Fire	122	120
NYK	63	65
Mitsubishi Heavy Ind.	266	264
Nisshin Spinning	169	168
Ajinomoto	528	530
Mitsukoshi	231	231
Mitsubishi Estate	339	339
MARINE PRODUCTS		
Kyokuyo Whaling	81	81
Nichiro Fisheries	96	95
Nippon Suisan	110	111
Taiyo Fishery	156	156
MINING		
Mitsubishi Metal Min.	85	85
Nippon Mining	115	115
Sumitomo Metal Min.	80	80
Mitsui Min. & Smelt.	83	86
Mitsui Mining	49	49
Mitsubishi Mining	48	49
Furukawa Mining	58	58
Hokkaido Colliery	63	62
Ube Ind.	99	96
Teikoku Oil	125	124
FOODSTUFF		
Nippon Flour Mills	138	142
Nisshin Flour Milling	168	168
Dai Nippon Sugar	401	401
Taito	—	—
Morinaga Conf.	235	230
Meiji Seika	212	220
Nippon Breweries	429	426
Asahi Breweries	442	442
Kirin Breweries	433	427
Takara Breweries	223	220
Nippon Reizo	156	154
TEXTILE		
Toyo Spinning	115	114
Kanegafuchi Spinning	88	88
Fuji Spinning	74	73
Japan Wool Textile	116	115
RAYON		
Teikoku Rayon	158	161
Toyo Rayon	304	302
Toho Rayon	84	84
Kurashiki Rayon	175	175
Nippon Rayon	117	118
Asahi Chemical	240	247
Mitsubishi Rayon	140	140
PULP		
Sanyo Pulp	65	64
Nippon Pulp	88	89
Kokusaku Pulp	64	65
Tohoku Pulp	64	66
PAPER		
Oji Paper	139	139
Honshu Paper	120	120
Jujo Paper	218	220
CHEMICAL		
Toyo Koatsu	120	123
Showa Electric Ind.	191	201
Sumitomo Chemical	300	303
New Japan Nitrogen	179	178
Mitsubishi Chemical	196	196
Nissan Chemical	91	98
Nippon Soda	122	122
Toa Gosei	131	133
Mitsui Chemical	170	172
Kyowa Fermentation	192	194
Japan Gas-Chemical	131	130
Sekisui Chemical	260	260
Sankyo	188	190
Takeda Pharm.	293	295
Chugai Pharm.	97	97
Fuji Photo Film	200	193
Konishiroku Photo	132	133
OIL		
Nippon Oil	153	150
Showa Oil	143	141
Maruzen Oil	119	110
Mitsubishi Oil	218	212
Toa Nenryo	330	323
Koa Oil	265	261
Daikyo Oil	139	136
RUBBER, CERAMICS & GLASS		
Yokohama Rubber	159	158
Asahi Glass	236	239
Nippon Sheet Glass	377	377
Nippon Cement	172	172
Iwaki Cement	407	410
Onoda Cement	107	106
Nippon Toki	520	519
Nippon Gaishi	550	550
STEEL & METAL		
Yawata Iron & Steel	105	104
Fuji Iron & Steel	92	92
Kawasaki Steel	90	90
Nippon Steel Tube	72	73
Sumitomo Metal	76	73
Kobe Steel Works	85	85
Japan Steel Works	143	142
Japan Special Steel	130	129
Nippon Yakin	92	91
Tekkosha	118	117
Kubota Iron Mach.	327	335
Nippon Light Metal	527	528
MACHINERY		
Komatsu Mfg.	258	257
Ebara Mfg.	355	361
Japan Precision	315	312
Toyo Bearing	362	358
ELECTRIC MACHINERY		
Hitachi Ltd.	286	286
Tokyo Shibaura Elec.	257	256
Mitsubishi Electric	190	190
Fuji Electric	184	182
Furukawa Electric Ind.	153	155
Sumitomo Electric Ind.	241	241
NEC	492	486
Sony	780	794
Matsushita Electric	311	313
Hayakawa Electric	215	219
Yokokawa Electric	492	488
Hokushin Electric	413	409
SHIPBUILDING		
Mitsubishi Shipbldg.	147	146
Mitsubishi N. Heavy	128	129
Mitsui Shipbuilding	106	107
Hitachi Shipbuilding	87	87
Harima Shipbuilding	62	63
Uraga Dock	55	54
Kawasaki Dockyard	71	71
Ishikawajima H'vy Ind.	111	113
AUTOMOBILE		
Nissan Motor	288	289
Isuzu Motor	183	183
Toyota Motor	410	410
Hino Diesel	147	146
Honda Motor	485	491
CAMERA		
Canon Camera	190	190
Nippon Kogaku	169	169
TRADING		
Mitsui Bussan	448	449
Mitsubishi Shoji	196	197
FINANCE		
Bank of Tokyo	71	71
Mitsubishi Bank	70	70
Fuji Bank	70	70
Taisho Marine & Fire	75	76
Sumitomo M. & F.	72	72
TRANSPORTATION & SHIP		
Tokyo Electric Express	100	100
Nippon Express	134	134
OSK	32	33
Nitto Shosen	57	57
Mitsui Steamship	48	48
Yamashita Steamship	30	29
Iino Kaiun	29	30
Mitsubishi Shipping	43	43
Daido Kaiun	31	31
Nippon Oil Tanker	32	30
JAL	571	585
Mitsui Warehouse	118	118
PUBLIC UTILITIES		
Tokyo Electric Power	515	515
Chubu Electric Power	536	540
Kansai Electric Power	591	—
Tokyo Gas	71	71

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK (AP)—The stock market advanced in moderate trading Friday, reversing four straight days of declines.

The market was slightly higher in the first hour and prices were improving in the final hour.

At the close stocks were around their highs for the day as the market registered its best rise since Aug. 23.

Most gained ranged from a few cents to around $2 a share, but some of the more speculative stocks had gains ranging to more than $6 a share.

Steels, autos, rails, drugs and most chemicals advanced. Petroleums and some of the aircraft-missile stocks declined.

Of 1,226 issues traded—a broad market—592 advanced, 400 declined, and 234 were unchanged.

Standard and Poor's 500-stock index gained 37 cents at $56.11 its best advance since Aug. 23 when it rose 56 cents. Based on this indicator, the quoted value of all stocks listed on the New York Stock exchange gained about $2,000 million.

The Associated Press average of 60 stocks rose 1.00 to 218.00.

The Dow Jones 30 industrials were up 2.70 to 614.12.

Volume rose to 2,750,000 shares compared with 2,670,000 shares traded Thursday.

Wide gainers included Texas Instruments, up $6.25, Polaroid, $5 and Montecatini, up $5.12, the latter in continued response to favorable reports from Europe concerning the big Italian firm.

Minute Maid, in a second day reaction to news of a proposed merger with Coca Cola, dropped ¾ to 27¼ on 54,000 shares, making it the most active stock. Studebaker-Packard was second, up ¼ at 12⅝ on 51,200 shares. Ampex was third, up ½ at 28⅛ on 43,900 shares.

Next came Telautograph, off ¼ at 16½, and Anderson-Pichard Oil, off ⅛ at 44¾.

Coca Cola continued to respond bullishly to the Minute Maid merger talks and rose 1½. Comptometer was sold heavily, falling 2⅜ to 19⅜ following news that three of its officers had sold a total of 32,269 shares recently in transactions that may possibly be violations of the Securities Law.

Lehn & Fink rose 4½. International Business Machines met investment demand and rose 7. Brunswick was up 1¾.

Dow Jones stock averages: 30 industrials: open 612.46, high 617.41, low 609.87, close 614.12, up 2.70; 20 railroads: 134.12, 135.46, 133.76, 134.76, up 0.81; 15 utilities: 96.20, 96.73, 95.86, 96.45, up 0.29; 65 stocks: 204.36, 205.97, 203.59, 204.99, up 0.90.

Standard and Poor's 500-stock index: 425 industrials: open 59.00, high 59.67, low 58.82, close 59.37, plus 0.44; 25 railroads: 29.35, 29.70, 29.29, 29.55, plus 0.32; 50 utilities: 49.56, 48.82, 49.30, 49.57, minus 0.05; 500 stocks: 55.80, 56.40, 55.62, 56.11, plus 0.337.

	Sept. 8	Sept. 9
Allied Chemical	54½	55⅛
Allis Chalmers	26½	26⅝
Aluminium Ltd.	30½	35½
Aluminum Co.	69⅝	69⅛
Amerada Petroleum	60½	60
American Airlines	19⅛	19⅛
American Can	38¼	38¼
American Cyanamid	50⅛	49⅞
Amer. Smelt & Ref.	54¾	54½
American Sugar	27⅞	28
American Tel.	94¼	95½
American Tobacco	61½	61⅞
Anaconda Co.	49¼	49⅝
Armco Steel	62	62⅝
Armour & Co.	32½	33
Assoc. Dry Goods	68½	68½
Atlantic Refining	36¼	36⅛
Bendix Aviation	65½	66⅝
Bethlehem Steel	42⅞	43⅛
Boeing Airplane	31⅜	30¾
Borden Co.	50	49¾
Borg-Warner	35¼	35⅝
Bridgeport Brass	25⅞	25½
Burroughs Corp.	34⅝	34¼
Canadian P. Ry.	23⅝	23⅝
Case J.I. Co.	10½	10⅝
Celanese Corp. Am.	25⅝	25¼
Cerro de Pasco	33	31⅝
Chrysler Corp.	43¼	43¾
Cities Service	44	43⅞
Coca-Cola	65⅛	66
Colgate Palmolive	32½	32½
C'wealth Edison	66½	66⅝
Consolidated Edison	64⅝	64
Continental Oil	52½	53
Corn Products	64⅞	65⅛
Crane Co.	42	42
Crown Zellerbach	48¾	48⅞
Curtiss-Wright	18⅛	18¾
Dis. Corp. Seagrams	30⅝	31⅝
Douglas Aircraft	30	30
Dow Chemical	81⅜	81⅝
Du Pont	190	191½
Eastern Air Lines	25	25½
Eastman Kodak	121¾	122½
Food Mach. & Chem.	53⅜	53¼
Ford Motor Co.	62¾	64½
General Dynamics	41⅜	40⅞
General Electric	80¾	81
General Mills	30	30¾
General Motors	48⅛	44¼
General Tel.	29¾	29½
Georgia Pacific Corp	52	52⅛
Getty Oil	13⅝	13⅝
Gillette Co.	81¼	82⅛
Goodrich B.F. Co.	57¾	57¾
Goodyear Tire	35⅞	36½
Grace, W.R. & Co.	36⅝	37
Gulf Oil	27⅞	27¾
Ingersoll Rand	69¼	69½
IBM	533½	540½
Int'l Harvester	42⅝	42⅝
Int'l Nickel	53⅝	54⅛
Int'l Paper	94⅞	94¾
Int'l Tel. & Tel.	40⅞	40½
Jones & Laughlin	62½	62¾
Kaiser Aluminum	37	37½
Kennecott Copper	77¾	78¾
Libby Owens	52⅝	53½
Liggett & Myers	84	84⅛
Lockheed Aircraft	24⅝	24¾
Lone Star Cement	21¾	21⅝
Lorillard P. Co.	40⅛	40½
Martin Co.	53½	53⅞
Merck Co.	84¼	84¾
M-G-M	38½	39¼
Minn. Honeywell	153¾	154¼
Minnesota Mining	68⅝	71
Monsanto Chemical	38⅛	38⅝
Montgomery Ward	30¾	30⅞
Moore-McCormack	11⅝	11¾
Motorola Inc.	79¼	81½
National Biscuit	68¾	67⅞
Nat'l Cash Reg.	57½	58
Nat'l Dairy Prod.	60¾	61¾
Nat'l Distillers	27⅞	27¾
Nat'l Gypsum	53⅝	54¾
Nat'l Lead	82½	82⅝
New York Central	19⅜	19½
NWA	17⅝	17⅝
Ohio Oil	33¾	33½
Olin Mathieson	40¼	40¼
Pacific Gas & Elect.	70	71¼
PAA	20⅝	20⅝
Paramount Pic.	60½	62⅛
Penn. Railroad	12⅝	12¾
Pepsi-Cola	41¾	42¾
Pfizer, Charles	30¾	30½
Phelps Dodge	49⅛	48¾
Philip Morris	72⅛	73⅝
Phillips Petroleum	45⅝	45⅝
Pure Oil	30⅝	30½
Quaker Oats	51½	51¼
RCA	59⅛	59¼
Raytheon	38⅝	38⅞
Republic Steel	59⅞	60⅜
Reynolds Metals	45½	44⅝
Reynolds Tob.	78¼	78⅝
Royal Dutch Pet.	33½	33⅛
St. Regis Paper	35⅝	35⅞
Sears Roebuck	54¾	55⅛
Shell Oil	32¾	33⅛
Shell Transport	18	17¾
Sinclair Oil	36½	36¼
Socony Mobil Oil	37¼	37⅝
S.A. Gold & Plat	6⅛	6⅜
S. Calif. Edison	66⅝	66¾
Southern Co.	48½	48⅝
Sperry Rand	21⅞	21⅞
Standard Brands	47¼	47¼
Standard Oil Calif.	42⅝	41⅝
Stand. Oil Ind.	38	37¾
Stand. Oil N.J.	40½	40⅞
Stand. Oil Ohio	48	48¾
Sterling Drug.	61	62
Studebaker-Packard.	12⅜	12⅝
Texaco Inc.	74½	75¼
Thompson Ramow	57¾	58¾
Tidewater Oil	17⅞	18⅛
20th Century-Fox	42⅝	43
TWA	12	12⅝
Union Carbide	113⅝	114¼
Union Oil Calif.	42½	42¼
Union Pacific	25⅞	26
Union Aircraft Corp	43	41¾
United Air Lines	31⅝	33⅛
United Fruit	20⅛	20⅛
U.S. Industries	9⅞	9¾
U.S. Lines	29¼	29
U.S. Rubber	47⅝	47⅝
U.S. Smelt. & Refin.	29¾	30½
U.S. Steel	77¾	78¾
Warner Bros.	48¾	51⅜
Western Union Tel.	44¼	46⅛
Westinghouse Elec.	51½	52½
Yale & Towne	29¾	29¼
Youngstown Sheet	95⅜	95½
Zenith Radio	123¾	124½
Total Stock Sales	2,670,000	2,750,000

AMUSEMENT		
Shochiku	56	55
Toho	—	—
Daiei	55	56
Toei	122	122
AVERAGES		
Old Dow-Jones	1189.72	1191.84
New Dow-Jones	223.65	224.05
Single	173.52	173.83

(Stock prices by courtesy of the Nomura Securities Company)

BANK STOCKS

Bank of America 46⅛ Bid, 48¾ Ask; Chase Manhattan 58⅞ Bid, 61¾ Ask; First Nat Boston 71¼ Bid, 74¾ Ask; First Nat City 75⅛ Bid 78¼ Ask; Morgan Guaranty 98 Bid, 101 Ask.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON (AP)—Trading on the London Stock Exchange was quiet and irregular Friday. Despite a small number of selling transactions the over-all tone remained cheerful.

Gold shares held firm with small trading but other sections of the mining market declined. Oil shares were irregular and indecisive, as were dollar stocks.

Government securities were firm and quiet with no great change in price.

Friday's Financial Times index was 337.5, down 1-1.

Commodities

DOMESTIC

By Kyodo News Service

Sept. 10

	Opening	Closing
OSAKA SANPIN		
Cotton Yarn: (10 sen per lb)		
Sept.	1811	1801
Feb.	1709	1700
TOKYO TEXTILE		
Cotton Yarn: (10 sen per lb)		
Sept.	1815	1812
Feb.	1704	1699
Rayon Yarn: (10 sen per 500 grams)		
Sept.	1724	1724
Feb.	1733	1733
OSAKA CHEMICAL FIBER YARN		
Rayon Yarn: (10 sen per 500 grams)		
Sept.	1735	1735
Feb.	1732	1732
Staple Fiber Yarn: (10 sen per lb)		
Sept.	1262	1251
Feb.	1185	1185
FUKUI RAYON YARN (10 sen per 500 grams)		
Sept.	1171	1171
Seb.	1735	1735
YOKOHAMA RAW SILK (Yen per kilogram)		
Sept.	3681	3679
Feb.	3699	3700
KOBE RAW SILK (Yen per kilogram)		
Sept.	3699	3715
Feb.	3702	3702
TOKYO RUBBER (10 sen per lb)		
Sept.	1159	1159
Feb.	1141	1140
KOBE RUBBER (10 sen per lb)		
Sept.	1150	1150
Feb.	1152	1156
TOKYO SUGAR (10 sen per 500 grams)		
Sept.	*	*
Feb.	*	*
NAGOYA WORSTED YARN (Yen per kilogram)		
Sept.	1230	1231
Feb.	1219	1215
TOYOHASHI COCOON (Yen per kilogram)		
Sept.	1436	1425
Feb.	1435	1417

*—Unavailable (1lb=454 grams)

FOREIGN

By Kyodo News Service

	Sept. 8	Sept. 9
NEW YORK COTTON (Cents per lb.)		
Spot	N 32.45	N 32.45
Oct.	B 31.16	B 31.20
Dec.	B 31.28	B 31.30
Mar.	B 31.82	B 31.82
NEW ORLEANS COTTON (Cents per lb.)		
Spot	30.00	30.00
Oct.	B 31.13	B 31.19
Dec.	B 31.30	B 31.29
Mar.	B 31.78	B 31.78
NEW YORK SUGAR (Cents per lb.)		
Spot	3.25	3.25
Sept.	B 3.13	N 3.13
CHICAGO WHEAT (Cents per bushel)		
Spot	—	190⅝
Sept.	186⅛	186⅝
Dec.	192½	193
Mar.	197⅛	198⅛
LONDON RUBBER (Pence per lb.)		
Spot	B 28⅞	B 29¼
Oct.-Nov.	B 28⅝	B 28⅞

	Sept. 9	Sept. 10
SINGAPORE RUBBER (Straits cents per lb.)		
Aug. RSS No. 1	B 100¼	*
Aug. RSS No. 3	B 98½	*
SINGAPORE TIN (Straits dollars per picul)		
Spot	399	400

*—Session closed.
B—Bid
N—Nominal

Tokyo Grain Exchange

By Meiji Bussan K.K.

Sept. 10

	Open	High	Low	Close
Red Beans				
Sept.	5500	5500	5400	5400
Oct.	5210	5210	5160	5160
Nov.	5280	5280	5210	5210
White Beans				
Sept.	3070	3070	3060	3060
Oct.	3160	3160	3140	3150
Nov.	3400	3400	3370	3370
Soybeans				
Sept.	3050	3050	3050	3050
Oct.	3110	3110	3110	3110
Nov.	3190	3190	3180	3180

YOUR MOST POTENT SALES WEAPON!

CLASSIFIED ADS

Minimum (20 words) . . ¥600
Each Additional Word . . ¥ 25
Box Service ¥100
(All classifications payable with order)

Insertions accepted by telephoning 591-1891 (direct to Classified Ad Sect.), 591-5311/9 (switchboard) between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. Yokohama Office: Tel: 2-8488 Osaka Office: Tel: 26-3591/2 for The Japan Times Box Users only.

Box holders' identities in strict confidence. Replies to boxes will not be returned to senders. The Japan Times reserves the right to edit all copies.

EMPLOYMENT

Situation Wanted

JAPAN or Okinawa ambitious European engineer, 27, urgently desires permanent position foreign company. Please reply to "Anything." Box 779, Japan Times, Osaka.

JAPANESE evening student wants to work as Driver and Houseboy in foreign family or office, live in preferable. Age 21. Box 166, Japan Times, Tokyo.

Help Wanted

RESEARCH CHEMIST required by Japan subsidiary of American Company. Tokyo area. Must be fully bilingual, capable of writing clear and intelligent reports in both English and Japanese. Position involves development of new products, and aggressive fertile imagination is prime requisite. Excellent starting salary with attractive future prospects. Send resume to Box 554, Japan Times, Tokyo.

PURCHASING agent experienced in accounting. Must be qualified to write business letters in English without supervision. Unless experienced and with good references and fluent in written and spoken English and Japanese please do not apply. Excellent salary and long term position for right man. Mail complete resume with references and recent photo in first letter. No other applications considered. Box 540, Japan Times, Tokyo.

WANTED immediately secretary bilingual, with dictaphone experience, female, capable of heavy work load. Permanent position good salary only conscientious person need apply. Reply with photo and personal history to Box 158, Japan Times, Tokyo.

CLERK-Typist, female, must speak excellent English and type 50 WPM. Send personal history to Box 632, Japan Times, Yokohama.

FOREIGN concern in Yokohama requires bright young man for office post good English essential typing an advantage. Full details to Box 634, Japan Times, Yokohama.

SALES MANAGER wanted by American sponsored food firm. This man must have good working knowledge of Japanese food distribution system and the ability to work with others. Understanding of sales promotion essential. Assignment required fluent English conversation and some writing ability. Please write Box 566, Japan Times, Tokyo with full particulars and salary requirements.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE, male or female, wanted by Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Travel Dept., Ground-floor, Sanshin Bldg., Hibiya, Tokyo. 591-5892.

ENGLISH speaking Japanese bookkeeper to administer military welfare fund, account. Telephone Fuchu 2961 and ask for Yokota Air Base 77226 or 77431 Lt. Pierce.

INTELLIGENT, diligent and able young persons, male or female, wanted by Fujita Travel Service. Call 571-7111-5 Ext. 53, 38 for appointment.

JAPANESE female secretary under 30 years old wanted by American firm in Yokohama. Good knowledge English shorthand essential. Good working conditions and pay. Box 722, Japan Times, Yokohama.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR speaking English and Spanish. Tel: 481-8531/3 before 2 p.m.

COOK MAID for American family, some English, recent references. 461-8342.

REPUTABLE U.S. firm in Osaka requires two chemical salesmen for plastics and synthetic rubbers. University graduate with some sales experience preferable. Reply Box 780, Japan Times, Osaka.

YOUNG aggressive men for buying Japanese electronic products for large U.S. firm. Requires good command of English with electronic engineering background. Please send descriptive personal history to Box 165, Japan Times, Tokyo, stating preferred time for interview.

Employment—Help Wanted

BUYER—U.S. Citizen. Experienced in purchasing women's wear for large retail store. Qualified individuals send personal history to Box 636 Japan Times, Yokohama.

MISSIONARY family needs household helper now live in or out, experience and references necessary. Mutsuura Yokohama 7-8347.

ACCORDION teacher weekly one hour lesson Sagamihara Dependent Housing Area. Basic English required. Telephone Sagamihara 2501 for interview.

EXPERIENCED accountant required by well established American company. Spoken knowledge of English required. Ability to supervise section including 3 employees. Good salary. Please apply Box 500, Japan Times, Tokyo.

EXPERIENCED HOUSE BOY-DRIVER, SOME ENGLISH NECESSARY, LIVE IN. CALL 231-0503.

INSTRUCTORS for English conversation school. American, English, and Japanese with full command of English. Instructor for typewriting experience required. Apply with personal history, stating salary desired to Box 501, Japan Times, Tokyo.

SINGLE REFLEX
SUN ZOOM LENS
Free Catalog on request
SUN TRADING CO., LTD.
No. 2-4, Tsukiji, Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Tel: (541) 6328, 7638

INTERPRETER-TYPIST, male, familiar U.S. Military. Civil Engineer, paving experience. DRIVER, fluent English. Reply Box 556, Japan Times, Tokyo.

MESSENGER typist required for Pakistan Embassy. Fair knowledge of English and typing essential. Please contact Pakistan Embassy 451-8386/7.

AUTOMOBILES

For Sale

JAGUAR 3.4 sedan (1959) black. Completely equipped; Low mileage. Available 1 Jan. 61. Call: Mr. Mandell 263-3686 (Washington Heights).

JAGUAR—Mark Nine and super deluxe models four-door sedans are perfect in performance and the ultimate in the automotive world, that gives a smooth, soaring ride with effortless, unheard power with safety. It is certainly a luxurious sedan with 4 wheels disc and other items as standard features. For ordering call sole distributors, Shintoyo Enterprises, Ltd., at phone 408-4728, 4904, 5993 or write to Central P.O. Box 1304, Tokyo, Japan.

SUNBEAM WINS ANOTHER CLASS. Peter Harper of Stevenage drove his works-entered Sunbeam Rapier into first place in class in the Farningham Trophy race for production saloon cars at Brands Hatch on August 27th. This was the second success in Consecutive races for Sunbeams, who won their class in the British Grand Prix meeting at Silverstone in July. In addition to these racing successes, Sunbeams have taken class wins in the Monte Carlo, Acropolis and Alpine International rallies already this year. Call Phillips 761-9931.

AIRCONDITIONED HILLMANS and Sunbeam Rapiers available quickest delivery. Ring Phillips 761-9931.

He that deviseth to do evil shall be called a mischievous person.

—Prov. 24:8

Automobiles—For Sale

1947 DE SOTO black four-door sedan in running condition, good for cheap transportation, priced cheaply. Tel: 281-0418.

THREE 1957 FORD four-door sedans and one 1955 International Carryal available for inspection 09:00—16:00 September 12 through September 14, 1960, American Embassy Motor-Pool, No. 27, Reinanzaka, Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo. Sealed bids will be received at Room 302, Annex No. 1, American Embassy until 14:00 hours, September 15, 1960.

Wanted to Buy

ANY make year model used car top price, cash payment. Call now HIBIYA MOTORS. 591-5471. Nearby Imperial Hotel.

HOUSING

For Rent

GOTO APARTMENT — Air conditioned, unfurnished, bath, hot running water. TV antenna, private telephone, parking area. Roppongi Crossing 481-8505/9.

DAIKAN-YAMA TOKYU APARTMENT. Cozy one room apt. available now. For further information, please call 461-5291/5.

COMFORTABLE & Quiet atmosphere, ¥1,000/up; W-Bath ¥1,500/up monthly for long term guests. Nanyo Hotel, near Radio Tokyo TV Tower. Akasaka Shinmachi: Tel: 481-2582/3.

APARTMENT completely furnished beautiful one or two rooms, shower, telephone, in Nagasakimachi, Toshima-ku. Call 951-4383 owner, in Japanese.

ROOMS: 8 & 6-mats size, approved, with kitchen, boiler, shower, flush-toilet, 3 minutes to Senzoku station. (Mekama Line), good surroundings ¥18,000. Please call in Japanese 782-3743.

MISCELLANEOUS

For Sale

BEDS—Largest Bed Maker in Japan Special Sizes Made to Order Oriental Bed Co., No. 31 2-chome, Shirogane-Daimachi, Shiba Tokyo. Tel: 441-0322, 7923/4 (C-Ave. front of Kamiosaki Streetcar-stop).

AIR CONDITIONERS, refrigerators, gas ranges, deep-freezers, space heaters, washers, etc. Priced reasonably. We welcome dealers. MARUTOMI & Co., 251-0905, 8861.

MAYTAG washing machine excellent condition 1958 DeLuxe model heavy duty wringer, pump $80. 50/60 cycle current. Call Tokyo 9496-8753.

23 FT. sloop and motor, excellent condition, full set of sails, many extras. Tel: Yokosuka Navy 39243, weekend Isshiki 132.

Miscellaneous—For Sale

PIANO European make. Good condition. Phone 771-0629.

Wanted to Buy

REFRIGERATOR, OIL HEATER, refrigerator, oil heater, air conditioner, deep freezer, washer, etc. Best price. And REPAIRING. Anytime quickly. 761-8146/7.

OIL HEATER, COLOR-TV, AIR CONDITIONER, REFRIGERATOR, TOP PRICE. CALL 281-4694/5, 281-6800.

REFRIGERATOR, air Conditioner, REFRIGERATOR, air Conditioner, DEEP FREEZER, Gas Range, TV, DEEP FREEZER, SPACE HEATER, MARUTOMI 251-3915, 0905.

BROWNING, AUTOMATIC, SHOTGUN, 22 RIFLE, ANY KIND. TOP PRICE. P.S.S. 331-7555, Night: 331-7301.

NO COVER
CLUB 88
A MUST IN TOKYO
5 P.M. to 5 A.M.
FINE FOOD FROM THE CHARCOAL GALLEY
BEST IN ENTERTAINMENT
AIR-CONDITIONED
15th NEAR ROPPONGI, AZABU, TOKYO
TEL. 481-4911

AIR CONDITIONER shotgun, golf club, oil heater, television, typewriter, refrigerator, gas range, washing machine, camera, tape recorder. 831-7697, 7983.

AIR-CONDITIONER. Space-Heater. REFRIGERATOR. DEEP-FREEZER. GAS-RANGE. COLOR-TV. Etc. Call-us-first, we'll visit anywhere in Japan and spot cash payment Phone: 341-2214, 341-5562.

General

FURNITURE & HI-FI Cabinet: Made to Order Oriental and Occidental style, classic and modern design. Outstanding craftsmanship with 30 years experience. Prompt service. Call 311-5796 (Night 398-6358), Koei-sha Co.

Instruction

EASY METHOD in learning Gregg Shorthand for beginners and advanced (Simplified and Anniversary System). Please apply to SHIBUYA STENO-TYPIST SCHOOL. No. 9 Mitake-cho, Shibuya or phone 401-6068.

JAPANESE conversation lesson, university graduate, experienced instructor. ¥400 per hour; group ¥250. Details: Mrs. Reiko Ichikawa, 16 banchi, 2-chome, Nagasaki, Toshima-ku.

PRIVATE dancing lessons by licensed instructor. From Tango to Mambo. Call for appointment. Tel: 391-4446.

THE YOKOHAMA Y.M.C.A. offers Japanese Courses for its fall semester beginning September 19. Beginners, 7:30—9:00 p.m. Monday & Wednesday. Tel: Yokohama 8-9758.

Invitation to Bid

TRUST Territory of the Pacific Islands desires to have constructed small steel, twin screw combination freight and passenger vessel for the Inter-Island Trade within the islands of the Territory. Invitation to Bid and Specifications available upon request. Address Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands P.O. Box 542, Agana, Guam or Room 6516, Department of the Interior, Washington 25, D.C.

Medical

KING'S CLINIC Theodor King M.D., Physician & Surgeon, laboratory tests, X-Ray Yazaki Bldg., Roppongi, Azabu, Tokyo 481-7587 10:00-13:00 17:00-1800.

Medical

DENTIST DR. KIMURA, 7th floor Takashimaya Dept. Store Nihonbashi (Ginza Street 10 a.m.—6 p.m. Call 271-0000 for appointment English spoken. Monday closed.

PLASTIC & COSMETIC SURGERY Jujin-Hospital, near Shimbashi Station, Ginza side (next to Sanwa Bank). Tel: 571-2111/8. Hours: 9:00 a.m.—5:30 p.m.

BUTLER DENTAL CLINIC Hours 9 a.m.—5 p.m. Saturday: 9 a.m.—12 noon Room 749, Marunouchi Building, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo. Tel. 201-3792.

COSMETIC & PLASTIC Surgery N.E.T. consultation. Dr. Furukawa Chiyoda Clinic. 1st Basement of Nikkatsu Hotel, Hibiya, Tokyo Tel. 271-9872.

CHRONIC Gonorrhea Specialist V.D. & URINARY diseases, Dr. S. Onoe, Tel: 381-2994, No. 661, Araicho, 2-minutes from Nakano Station (Northside).

DENTIST T. NAKAHARA D.D.S. (Tulane) main floor New Kaijo Bldg. Room 1102, No. 6 1-chome Marunouchi, Phone: 231-2403.

DR. TEZUKA-BERGER (female) German pediatrician and general practitioner, Azabu Ryudo-cho 61 (rear Hardy Barracks). Tel: 408-6355. Hours 11-12, 4-6.

Pets

WIRE HAIRED Fox-Terrier puppies highest pedigreed two months old three colored female at reasonable price. Call 414-5033.

Restaurant

VOLGA: Russian dishes prepared by Russians, Russian atmosphere everything Russian. High class Restaurant, 5th Street across Nikko Hotel. All night 571-1279.

Sight-Seeing Tours

TOKYO Sight-seeing — Maximum enjoyment. Minimum expense Pigeon Bus Deluxe Motor-coaches carefully planned routes (Morning, Afternoon, Night, One-day tours) English-speaking Hostess. Tel: 231-0566/8.

SUEHIRO
Fabulous Steaks Sukiyaki
Main Tokyo Restaurant
Ginza 6-chome Behind Matsuzakaya Dept. Store
Tel: (571) 9271/5
Quiet and Comfortable Japanese Matted Room, etc.
Omori: On the Bay—1-chome Omori (Omori-Shinchi) Ota-ku Tel: (761) 6766/8
Yokohama Branch: Basha Michi Near Takarazuka Theater. Tel: (8) 6054

SILK GALLERY
On Sale are SILK FABRICS from all parts of the country. Traditional & Contemporary Patterns & Shades.
Within the compounds of the KORIN MANSION
芝高輪 光輪閣
Tel: 441-0113 Shiba, Takanawa
OPEN DAILY
Closed on 25th

SAN BANCHO HOTEL
Swim and Sun bathe in our delightful swimming pool.
Completely Air Conditioned
Special rates for permanent guests: monthly rate ¥38,900 up. All rooms with bath, in the best residential KOJIMACHI district, overlooking the Imperial Palace Garden, near the British Embassy.
KOJIMACHI TOKYO Tel: 301-3333/8

ADVERTISERS GUIDE

CHINESE FOOD
China House 591-4301/4
Guest House 408-5763/4
Kongo Hanten 301-3251/5
Sukiya-En 571-0031, 0921
Ting's Jorakuen 408-5181/4
Taiko 571-2108
Tokyo Daifanten 369-0121/7
Peking Rest. 431-7631
Forbidden City .. 401-2969, 6556

FRENCH FOOD
Crescent 431-1222
Grill Wagon d'or 401-4181/5
Hananoki 571-0073
Prunier (Ginza) 571-6779
Prunier (Hibiya) 201-2060/2
Prunier (Kyobashi) .. 561-4566/7

GERMAN FOOD
Alt-Heidelberg 401-2754
A. Lohmeyer 571-1142

HUNGARIAN FOOD
Irene's Hungaria 561-1010

ITALIAN FOOD
Pizza House Nicola .. 481-4712
Marco Polo, Yokohama 8-7648
Corner House 401-6560

JAPANESE FOOD
Grill Suehiro 571-9271
Hanacho Tempura .. 571-6271/2
Hilltop Tempura Lodge 291-3227
Hototokisu 381-0191/3
Inagiku Rest. 661-8855
Matsukaze 591-1724
Matsuki 481-0065, 5802
Ten-ichi 571-1272, 1568
Zakuro 481-2478

MEXICAN FOOD
Papagayo 501-5306/7

TROPICAL FOOD
Indonesia Raya 431-8592

MONGOLIAN FOOD
Genghis Khan 311-0863/4

RUSSIAN FOOD
Cossack 408-3675
Manos 461-0654
Volga 571-0036

WESTERN FOOD
Club 88 481-4911
Frank's Steak House .. 351-7071
George's Rest. 431-1584
Grill Suehiro (Omori Branch) .. 761-6766/8
Hamburger Inn 481-6696
Nicola's Steak Room .. 481-4712

LITTLE EVE By Jolita

LITTLE SPORT By Rouson

PRISCILLA'S POP By Al Vermeer

The Japan Times

ESTABLISHED 1897

Incorporating the Japan Mail, the Japan Chronicle, and the Japan Advertiser. Owned and published daily by The Japan Times Ltd.

SHINTARO FUKUSHIMA, President and Publisher
KAZUSHIGE HIRASAWA, Editor
MASARU OGAWA, Managing Editor
ROKURO MASUDA, Business Manager

HEAD OFFICE: 1-chome, Uchisaiwai-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Central P.O. Box 144, 352, 358 .... Tel: 591-5311/9
OSAKA OFFICE: .... Yodoyabashi Bldg., 34, 1-chome Nakanoshima, Kita-ku, Osaka .... Tel: 26-3591/2
YOKOHAMA OFFICE: Kaiyo Kaikan Bldg., 1, 1-chome, Kaigan-dori, Naka-ku, Yokohama .... Tel: 2-8488

MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION RATE:
Delivery ¥360: Mail ¥390 (Japan) ¥640 (Foreign—ordinary mail) Airmail Edition, Daily—Zone 1 (Asia) $6.50. Zone 2 (N. America) $7.10, Zone 3 (Europe) $10.90, Okinawa $5.80

Japan-Korea Relations

Foreign Minister Zentaro Kosaka's goodwill visit to Seoul, though a brief one, has proved successful. It seems clear, however, that much more effort on both sides will be required to smooth out the knotty relations between the two countries.

It has been agreed that the Japan-ROK over-all talks would be resumed late in October. The hopes expressed for success whenever the oft-stalled talks have been resumed have proved futile in past negotiations. But these past records need not discourage us, when both countries are determined to establish the relations of friendship as called for in the joint communique issued on the occasion of Mr. Kosaka's visit to Seoul.

We consider the establishment of Dr. John M. Chang's Government to be highly significant in this connection. We hope that Dr. Chang will swiftly conclude the reorganization of his Cabinet and put it on an even firmer basis than at present.

Just prior to Mr. Kosaka's arrival at the Kimpo Airport, Korean Foreign Minister Chung Il Hyung announced that his Government would release all of the 42 Japanese fishermen from detention in Pusan for alleged poaching. This step, to be taken on the occasion of the Korean national celebrations on October 1, will certainly remove one source of irritation to the Japanese nation.

The fishermen's detention is an outcome of the vexatious dispute on the Rhee Line fishing limits proclaimed unilaterally by ex-President of the Republic of Korea, Dr. Syngman Rhee. The freeing of the detained fishermen does not solve the dispute itself, but it certainly makes us hope that the October parley will be started in an atmosphere much more friendly than before.

We agree with most diplomatic observers that the settlement of the fishery issue will be the crucial part of the parley. The issue must be solved in full consideration of the Korean national interests and the conservation needs. But it is our firm belief that the freedom of the high seas must always be upheld in negotiations with any country of the world.

The Koreans used to make much of the fact that Japan held their country once under colonial rule. The Japanese should perhaps be more sympathetic to this kind of Korean plea. But we believe that the principle of equality must always guide the relations between the two countries.

In this regard, it is not unreasonable to expect that the Republic of Korea will allow a Japanese diplomatic mission in Seoul in the near future as that country maintains a mission in Tokyo. The opening of two-way contact will further contribute to Japan-Korea friendship.

Stimulus for Japanese Scholars

A group of representative Japanese scholars and American Japanologists recently held a conference at Hakone on the general theme of "Japan's Modernization."

According to available information, the participants did not settle once and for all any profound academic issue. But they all agreed on one thing—the Japanese and American scholars learned much about what the others knew and, what is more important, where they disagreed.

One difference which was expected to be brought out was that the Japanese social scientists tend to mix value and factual judgments in their so-called academic pursuits. This is not to imply that the same tendency is totally absent in American scholars and those of other countries.

Nevertheless, there is ample evidence that it is particularly strong here. A typical sociologist, for instance, equates his discipline with a means for creating a "better society," whose criteria are, of course, his own. Likewise, a political scientist is likely to lecture on how politics should be rather than engaging in a detached analysis of it. Hence, their impetuous, and certainly unscholarly, participation in political agitations, as witnessed during the recent past.

There is nothing undesirable about value judgment per se, as long as it is dealt with separately from factual judgment. The reason is that an evaluative investigation is apt to prejudice the investigator against facts whose unbiased examination itself should be the sound basis for an intelligent evaluation.

The conference is said to be the first in a series to come. It is hoped that it will serve as a wholesome stimulus for Japanese scholars to develop greater objectivity, an essential prerequisite of scholarship.

Topic of the Times

Inter-Parliamentary Union Conference in Tokyo

By SHINTARO FUKUSHIMA

Tokyo will roll out the red carpet for some 700 delegates to the 49th annual conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) when they meet from Sep. 29 till Oct. 7.

The main entrance of the Diet Building, where the conference will be held, will be gay with flags representing 58 member nations. Cloisonne badges will be issued to all parliamentarians, specially designed with the familiar Diet building silhouetted against Mt. Fuji. The building itself will be renovated to the tune of ¥100 million, of which ¥15 million has been allocated to install the latest electronic earphones and monitoring systems in the conference rooms. Some 960 wireless earphones will transmit debates in Japanese, Russian, Spanish, French and English. The Emperor himself will deliver a message at the opening ceremonies.

In spite of these elaborate and costly preparations, the average Japanese knows little of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, why it is meeting in Japan, and what it purports to accomplish.

From 58 Countries

Briefly, the IPU represents national parliamentary groups from 58 countries, including eight Communist countries. Great Britain is sending 20 delegates including such outstanding parliamentarians as John Tilney and A. Creech-Jones, both members of Parliament. The United States delegation includes Senators A.S. Monroney and J.W. Fulbright and Congressman Daniel Inoue of Hawaii. The Russian delegation of 14 is headed by I. Paretsis, vice chairman of the Supreme Soviet Presidium from Lithuania.

IPU is a semiofficial, nongovernmental organization with no legislative or executive powers. Its object is to promote personal contacts between members of parliaments and to unite them in common action which will strengthen and develop democratic institutions. IPU is also the world's oldest organization dedicated to international peace and understanding. Its aims are reflected in the Tokyo agenda, which includes such items as the present problems of disarmament, methods of improving the international distribution system for primary products and the relation of their prices to those of manufactured goods, and the future of parliamentary democracy in Asia.

At Scene of Mobbing

The IPU enjoys United Nations consultative status with both ECOSOC and UNESCO, the highest recognition which can be given a nongovernmental organization. It was established long before the United Nations came into existence, having held its first convention in Paris in 1889. Japan was invited to join the IPU in 1906 and ever since that date she has sought to host an IPU conference. This year, ironically, the conference will finally take place in Tokyo, four short months after a series of riots which have shaken international faith in the future of Japan's parliamentary democracy.

When parliamentarians convene at the scene of those most unparliamentarian, rule-of-mob demonstrations, they may well ponder the question which thoughtful Japanese have been asking: Will fanatics be permitted to continue their acts of violence against parliamentarianism to the degree that the rule of law in Japan will give way to the rule of mob?

There is room for discussion of this problem under Item 6 on the agenda entitled: "The Future of Parliamentarianism in Asia." This subject has not been previously studied by the committee, and no draft resolution has been submitted to the conference. Debate on the item will be led by two Asians —Nguyen Phuong Thiep, secretary general of the Vietnamese National Assembly, and Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru of India.

Chronic Weaknesses

Japan's 42-man delegation, led by Speaker of the House Ichiro Kiyose, might seriously consider this country's rebuttal to charges that our rule of law may well have been weakened by the extremist demonstrations as Chief Justice Kotaro Tanaka has already warned.

What are these chronic weaknesses in Japan's parliamentary democracy which allow a substitution of violence for rule of law? Seasoned parliamentarians will see in the past demonstrations a militant pro-Communist minority in Japan, influenced by the USSR and Communist China, refusing to accept a majority vote of the parliament of elected representatives of the Japanese people, and challenging the future of parliamentary democracy in Japan.

In the past 15 years, Japan has emerged into a bright new era of an unrestricted press, free trade unions, new education and university systems, and limited police powers.

Lack Understanding

Many of our leaders have not learned how to cope with this situation, particularly since the press, schools and unions have been especially vulnerable to Communist penetration and no resistance to this outside threat has been offered by Government authorities. In addition, most Japanese do not understand that in a democracy, the minority bows to the majority. And, most important, there has been a noticeable absence of a responsible opposition party. Indeed, we have not seen the emergence of any single majority party, but rather, a loosely organized series of coalition cabinets in which leaders jockey to advanced their personal ambitions.

Disquieting Thought

The present situation in Japan may evoke the disquieting thought among many visiting members of the IPU: Is it reasonable to expect political democracy to take root in Asian countries which have not passed through the historical experiences of the established democracies of Europe and America?

Certainly, before the June demonstrations, Japan was the bright star of Asia, a democratic showcase which emerged almost too rapidly after the last world war.

It is clear that regardless of whether there is a two party or multi-party system, or a system in which there is one preponderant ruling party and numerous weak opposition parties, the really vital problem is whether in Japan the authority of the state, suitably limited by civil rights, receives the respect of its citizens and merits that respect, whether indeed the population has been transformed from subjects into citizens, and whether that all-important civil sense has been developed which unites a population into a democratic nation.

The WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND

By JACK ANDERSON

While Drew Pearson is taking a brief vacation, his column is written by his associate, Jack Anderson.—Editor

NANA

WASHINGTON—For the first time since the war of 1812, the United States is vulnerable to invasion. This is the sober conclusion of Pentagon planners whose job it is to anticipate enemy moves.

Traditionally the Russians have used heavy bombardment to soften an enemy, then the human wave to capture and loot. There is now evidence that the Red army regards intercontinental missiles as a global extension of artillery to pave the way for airborne infantry.

From jigsaw pieces of intelligence, our strategists have formed an idea of how an invasion might come:

1. The first blow would have to be a haymaker—a sudden storm of ICBM's from Russia and smaller rockets from submarines. These would be directed primarily against our retaliatory forces to cancel out a counterblow against the Soviet homeland.

Marked for simultaneous destruction would be our bomber bases, missile sites, nuclear stockpiles, command centers. Most strategists believe the big cities would largely be left alone as spoil for the invaders. What gain would there be if our factories were blasted to bits and our skilled workers killed off? Pillage and enslavement have always been the Communist way of war.

Swarms From the Skies

2. While the nation was still numb from the pounding, paratroopers would swarm down from the skies. They would seize airfields, radio and television stations, telephone switchboards, highway and railroad centers, military posts.

The Russians, remember, were the first to develop paratroop operations. As far back as 1932, Soviet citizens took up parachuting as a "military sport." The Russians were also the first to explore the short, polar air routes between Russia and America. In 1937, a Soviet polar flight reached Portland; another made it to San Jacinto, Calif; a third vanished in the Arctic.

3. With the downpour of paratroopers would also come commandos from below the seas. During World War II, the Russians went in for submarine-carried commandos. They probably would be smuggled ashore to cut roads, blow up installation, sow confusion and fear.

Our planners doubt that home-grown Reds would play much part in the invasion. Because a leak would alert the U.S. defense force, the Russians probably wouldn't risk notifying their agents in advance.

4. The second airborne wave would arrive in giant transports which would land on captured fields. Since early 1956, the Russians have been building up their transport fleet.

Air Marshal Pavel Feodorvitch Zhigarev, the Red Air Force chief, was put in charge. He organized the civilian aeroflot along military lines, installed bomber crews in passenger planes, adopted mobile ground equipment that could be easily airlifted to a future battle front.

Cities as Hostages

5. Once the invasion got a foothold, the next airborne wave would bring in riot police trained to round up and control the civilian population. Instead of taking individual hostages as the Nazis did, the Russians could be expected to blow up entire cities in order to force obedience.

It is also possible that chemical weapons might be used to cow the people. Not only have the Communists vast experience in brainwashing and terrorizing whole populations, but nerve gases have been developed that have turned cats into cowards against mice.

Our planners agree that the Russian general staff must have war plans for every eventuality, including a complete blueprint for invading the United States. But this does not mean an invasion is imminent.

Even if the cold war should unexpectedly burst into blazing fury, many military men believe the Red Army would be preoccupied keeping Europe and Asia under control.

But the fact, now privately acknowledged in the Pentagon, that an invasion is possible is one reason this column has been crusading for a stronger America.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith

"I got so excited at all the bargains at the rummage sale, I didn't realize I'd bought my own dress back until I got home!"

Too Much Talk

By ROY ESSOYAN

HONGKONG (AP)—The Chinese Communists have finally come around to admitting they talk too much.

Peiping's official People's Daily announced last week that in future party officials and ordinary working people will have to spend a lot more time in productive labor and a lot less time attending meetings, lectures and debates.

If the pronouncement is enforced, it will mark a big switch in party policy. It also reflects the gravity of the current lag in Chinese Communist production.

Forced attendance at—and participation in—seemingly endless meetings and lectures has become part of the Chinese way of life since the Communists conquered the China mainland 11 years ago.

Peasants, laborers, intellectuals and party and government officials are required to attend nightly meetings, even after working days that sometimes range from 12 to 16 hours.

It's part of the "brain-washing" process by which the Communists din the party's message into the ears and minds of their over-worked people, and extract that extra ounce of labor from them.

But the process apparently has been cutting into the production effort itself.

"Long, empty meetings which do not solve any real problem are only a waste of time and energy," People's Daily said in its turnabout pronouncement. "In fact," it said, "many meetings only serve to drag out the problem and delay its solution. Some result in no conclusion at all."

The paper told its readers meetings are "only a means to and end, not the end itself."

"Practical work is much more important," it said.

The former Chinese Communist attitude toward meetings was illustrated in a story in an earlier edition of the People's Daily.

Three workers and a party official in Honan were swept away from their homes during a recent flood. They finally managed to reach dry land. There, in their dripping clothes, they called a meeting and passed a motion "to join forces in defense of their motherland and resolutely fight floods and other natural calamities."

10 Years Ago Today

(From the files of The Japan Times)
Sept. 11, 1950

WASHINGTON — President Truman called on United States citizens to pay higher taxes and work harder and longer hours in order to provide the home front economic strength to support the United Nations' fighting men in their defense against Communist aggression and to "build the strength needed to establish peace in the world"

B26 bombers hit enemy troop concentrations, killing a large number of soldiers, east of Chinju and damaged a railroad bridge and a railroad in Seoul leading to Wonju despite spotty weather, a Korean release announced

Ikeda Diplomacy

By KUMAO NISHIMURA
Former Ambassador to France

The Ikeda Administration's new foreign policy is basically the same as that followed by the former Kishi regime for the past few years.

A draft of the new foreign policy was drawn up by the Foreign Affairs Research Council of the Liberal-Democratic Party Aug. 16. It was finalized by the party's Executive Board as the Government's new foreign policy on Sept. 5.

The new policy calls for positive cooperation with the U.N., rules out neutrality, requires close teamwork with the United States and other free nations, encourages efforts to help develop less industrialized countries, especially those of Southeast Asia, pledges assistance for overseas economic development projects on an equal basis and asks for disarmament and the prohibition of nuclear weapons.

It is a mistake to expect a remarkable difference between the former foreign policy and the new one since the latest Cabinet change resulted from a shift of power only within the conservative party. Because of such a continuity and consistency of foreign policy, we can find Government reliable and extend our support to it.

Today's world situation is basically static with the Big Powers locked in equal fight. The stage will not change easily even if there is a change in the lineup of players.

The people, it seems, expect a revision of Japan's "America-first" policy and an easing of its policy on the Communist bloc because the new foreign policy draft rules out neutrality and calls for maintenance of friendly relations with Russia and Communist China under the basic principles of noninterference in domestic administration and respect of each other's political and social systems.

Such a policy is not new. It was always followed by the Kishi regime. It was only that the people or the Soviet Union or Communist China did not understand it because of their antipathy toward Kishi himself.

The new foreign policy draft is very reasonable. It first makes clear that the aim of Japan's diplomacy is to maintain and increase Japan's peace and security as well as prosperity under the spirit of the U.N. Charter and contribute to the peace and prosperity of the world through cooperation with various countries. We believe that none will raise objection to this goal.

To achieve this goal, according to the new foreign policy, Japan will seek to maintain its relations with other countries under the aforesaid five principles.

Japan plans to cooperate with the Free World instead of Communist China because Japan's diplomatic aim of contributing to the establishment of peace and security of Japan and of the world will be better achieved than through cooperation with mainland China.

Therefore, whenever a free country should resort to action going counter to the principles of the U.N. Charter, Japan must not only avoid supporting that country, it must even oppose or prevent it from taking such an action. Japan, on the other hand, must never hesitate to extend support to any country of the Communist sphere, if it takes action in line with the U.N. Charter.

Japan's action to oppose the United States' military expedition to Lebanon was in accordance with such a principle, but to our regret, it gave the impression that Japan supports any moves of the United States and Britain and oppose those of the Soviet Union.

Japan must carry on its diplomacy under the principle that Japan will seek to maintain its relations with other countries within the framework of the U.N. Charter. If the people really get the meaning of this basic policy, they will understand why neutrality must be ruled out and the fact that Japan is not turning its face only toward the United States.

As for relations with Communist China, the new policy draft calls for the Government to take appropriate steps while watching that country's attitude toward Japan as well as the international situation. For the present, it envisages increased efforts for cultural and economic interchanges on a private level.

Thus, the new policy is a reconfirmation of the so-called piecemeal policy pursued by the Kishi Government.

As stated in the preamble of the Japan-Soviet Joint Declaration of October 1956, Japan's diplomacy toward the Soviet Union and Red China should be oriented toward developing or creating "relations of cooperation and understanding consonant with the interests of the peace and security in the Far East."

In other words, Japan's relations with the free countries are founded on the principle of "cooperation" (preamble of the Japanese Peace Treaty), while those with the Soviet Union and Communist China are based on the principle of "neighborly friendship" (Item No. 1 in the Joint Declaration).

The new policy draft, in Part 3, provides for measures to be taken on key problems that remain unsettled throughout the world.

The question arises, however, as to whether it is necessary to decide on such diplomatic measures beforehand and, if so, whether they should be given publicity both at home and abroad as the policy of a new Cabinet.

Isn't it enough to set forth the goals of diplomacy and principles by which to achieve them?

In diplomatic negotiations, one country must deal with another and unforeseen cases often develop. The situation is constantly changing.

Japan is neither a "grand champion" nor a high-rank holder in the ring of world diplomacy. I do not think it necessary to tell the spectators what trick it will use when it enters the ring.

Diplomacy is to find the right measure to suit the occasion.

Press Comments Summarized

A-Arms Policy

Dr. Henry A. Kissinger's significant press conference Friday pointed up the need of an independent policy for Japan concerning her nuclear armament. Dr. Kissinger, professor at Harvard University and a policy adviser to the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, expressed his private opinion that in a general war, U.S. bases in Japan are not necessarily indispensable for America in view of the formidable development of the modern weapons. The professor, however, at the same time asserted that Japan should defend herself in a localized war by means of nuclear weapons. Curiously enough, Dr. Kissinger's opinion sounds somewhat more "leftist" than that of Japanese Government leaders as far as the problem of U.S. bases in Japan is concerned. It is high time that Japan evolved her own independent stand on the issue, taking into account the changing world situation. Establishment of this independent self-defense policy must be accompanied by this nation's efforts to relax some of the tension between herself and her neighboring countries. Such endeavors might in some way run counter to U.S. defense and foreign policies, but it should be recognized that such an orientation is designed to meet the common wishes of the two nations to preserve peace in Asia. —Asahi Shimbun

Tax Cut Plans

Prime Minister Hayato Ikeda, now on a stumping tour of Kansai, has made clear his Government's plans to cut taxes during the current fiscal year. The year's tax revenues are expected to increase by ¥175,000 million. Therefore, it is unreasonable to postpone tax cuts until the next fiscal year. Prime Minister Ikeda should have clarified the policy of tax cuts for this year along with the ruling party's announcement of its new platform. The present tax system is based on Dr. Shoup's recommendations and has been in force since 1950, with subsequent major revisions. In an effort to lighten the tax burden of the people, the Government should restudy and revise the tax system. — Sankei Shimbun

New U.N. Members

Fourteen African nations and Cyprus will be admitted by the United Nations at its General Assembly session in New York beginning Sept. 20. This will bring the number of member nations up to 97. Because of this the U.N. may undergo a substantial change. Due to its numerical strength, the Afro-Asian group in the U.N. will have a greater weight in the body's decisions on major problems taken up. This bloc's responsibility will thus be increased. It is hoped that the newly independent African nations will make efforts to become "mature" nations politically and otherwise. — Mainichi Shimbun

Tanro and Sohyo

The Japan Coal Mine Workers Union (Tanro) and the General Council of Japan Trade Unions (Sohyo) have decided to end the Miike colliery dispute. The problem facing them now is how to rebuild themselves after being threatened with disintegration due to the protracted Miike dispute. The two labor bodies realize that weak points in their organizational structures as enterprisewide unions came to the fore during the dispute. What they contend is reasonable. The question is whether they clearly understand why the nation's workers were willing to organize themselves into enterprisewide unions instead of industrywide unions.— Nihon Keizai Shimbun

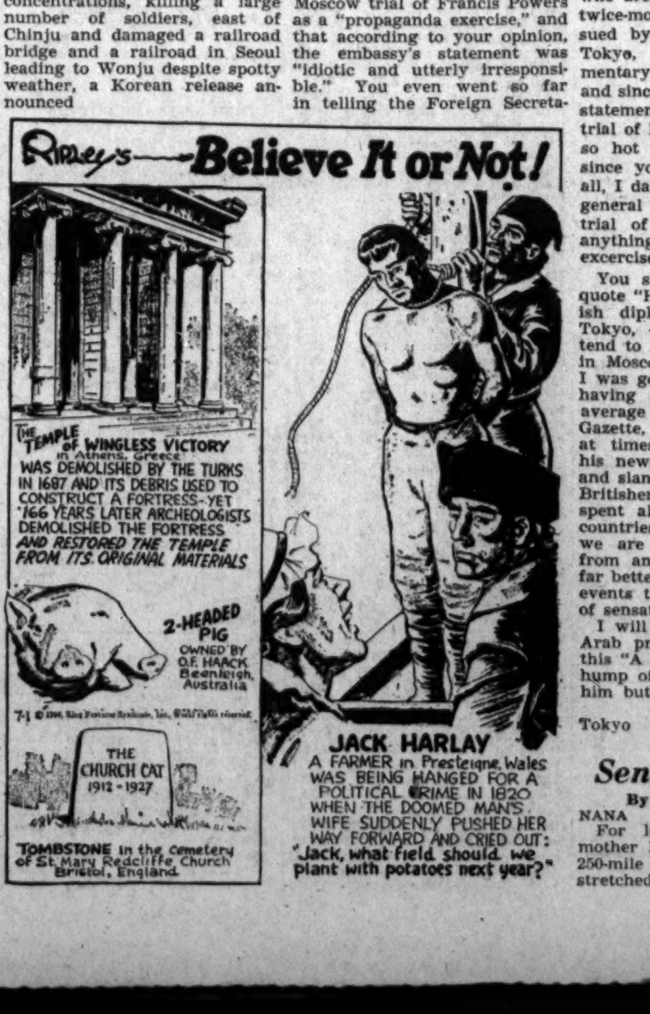
Ikeda Policy

The new policies of the Ikeda Administration have been decided and a nationwide stumping tour has been initiated by Prime Minister Hayato Ikeda and other members of the ruling Liberal-Democratic Party from Thursday. Ikeda seems fully confident of his economic policy which calls for an annual economic growth rate of 9 per cent and doubling of the national income within 10 years. When the Ikeda Cabinet was inaugurated, Ikeda took a very condescending attitude, popularly called "low posture", which favorably impressed the public. But with the announcement of the Government's new policies, particularly its economic policies, Ikeda seems to have reverted to a high-handed attitude. The very nature of economic problems makes such an attitude inevitable, it seems. No Prime Minister can carry out such an ambitious plan without courage and daring. Therefore, it is our belief that Ikeda's current attitude on economic policies is appropriate. —Chugoku Shimbun (Hiroshima)

The Ikeda Cabinet has now launched full-scale election campaigns. Prime Minister Hayato Ikeda's press conference Wednesday indicated he is confident of the political effects his new policies will have on the people of this country. His confidence has apparently been inspired by the fact that in the new policy much emphasis is placed on the financial and economic spheres of which Ikeda is an expert. When a party politician squares off for elections, it is natural that he tries to win general support by bringing out his favorite subjects. However, much remains to be desired if he is reluctant to give his opinion on a wide range of problems of which the nation wants to be informed of. Ikeda said Japan will endeavor to gain other nations' trust so that it would not be thought of as a fool. This broad statement fails to dissipate the public criticisms and anxieties which have been raised since the ramming through in the Diet of the new Japan-U.S. Security Treaty. This belief is justified by the extremely few words given the security treaty and the relations with the Soviet Union and Communist China in the new policy.— Hokkaido Shimbun (Sapporo)

Canned Food Fraud

Canners are being criticized for the deplorable practice of selling canned food different from that indicated on the label. The nation's consumption of canned food is steadily increasing. In 1954, the nation's consumption of canned food amounted to 9,270,000 cases (a case containing four dozen) and it increased to 32,790,000 cases in 1959. Undoubtedly, the practice, even if permitted by law, is a fraud. In order to put an end to it, distributors should be required to assume responsibility for the food they handle. At the same time, the Government should be more attentive concerning foodstuffs. — Yomiuri Shimbun



Readers in Council

Open Letter to Daily Mirror, London

Sir:

Your editorial criticizing the statement issued by the British Embassy, Tokyo, describing the Moscow trial of Francis Powers as a "propaganda exercise," and that according to your opinion, the embassy's statement was "idiotic and utterly irresponsible." You even went so far in telling the Foreign Secretary Lord Home, "to kick the blunderers smartly in their striped pants."

I, like thousands of others who are regular readers of the twice-monthly commentary issued by the British Embassy, Tokyo, consider this commentary to be based on facts, and since the timely and factual statement about the Moscow trial of Francis Powers got you so hot under the collar, and since you pretend to know it all, I dare you to challenge the general belief, that the Moscow trial of Francis Powers, was anything but a "propaganda excercise a la Communiste."

You stated in your editorial quote "How the hell can a British diplomat at his desk in Tokyo, 4,000 miles away, pretend to know what is going on in Moscow." Well, Mr. Editor, I was going to credit you with having more brains than the average editor of the Village Gazette, whose very existence at times, depends on feeding his newspaper with half-truths and slanderous statements. We Britishers who have practically spent all our lives in foreign countries, no matter whether we are 4,000 or 12,000 miles from any scene of action, are far better informed about world events than you or your flock of sensational news gatherers.

I will remind you of an old Arab proverb which goes like this "A camel can only see the hump of the camel in front of him but never sees his own."

S. S. ELLIS
Tokyo

Senator Soaper

By BILL VAUGHAN

NANA

For leisurely motoring, let mother hold the map, and the 250-mile trip can easily be stretched to 375.